Most - Often - Needed 1955

Volume 15

RADIO DIAGRAMS

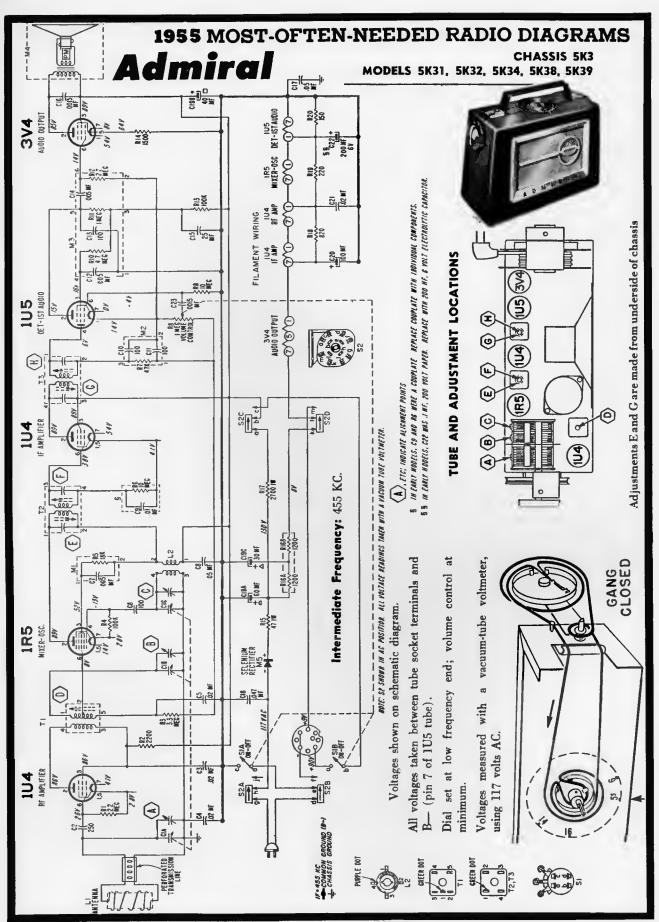
and Servicing Information

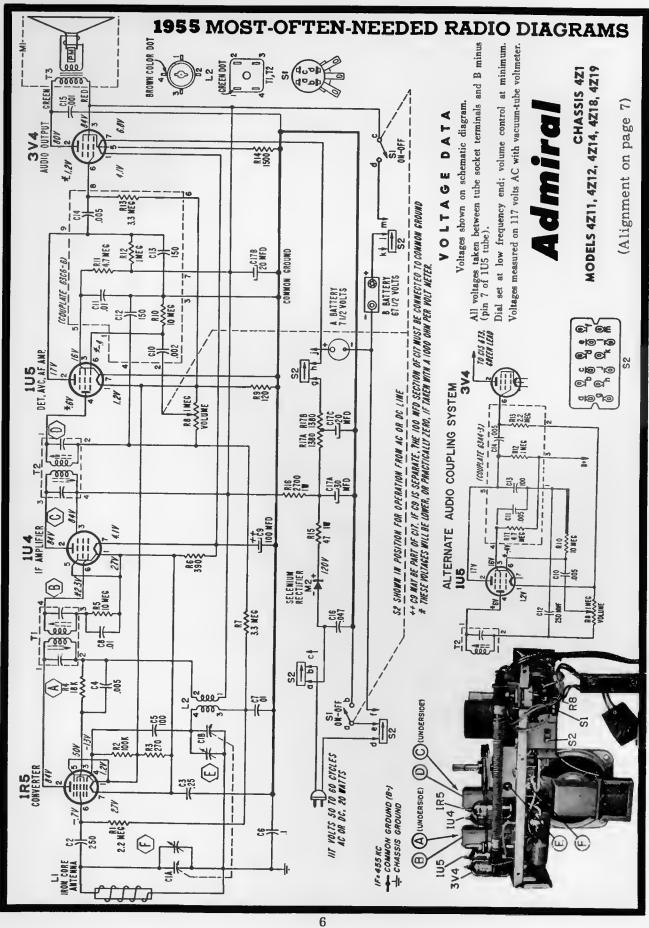


Supreme Publications

| | Bendix | Emerson (Cont.) | Majestic Radio |
|--|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| and example of the second of t | 5BF 17 | 822B 25 | 4L1 43 |
| | 5BH 18 | 825B 29 | 5Ml 43 |
| | 5BM 18 | 826B 29 | |
| Admiral Corp. | R5BF 17 | 830B 30 | Mercury |
| 3G18 7 | R5BLA 18 | 120189B 24 | FDL-18805-B,- |
| 421 6-7 | R5BLB 18 | 120222B 24 | -C,-D 18 |
| 4Zll 6 | R5BM 18 | 120228B 25 | |
| 4 Z 1 2 6 | FDH-18805-B1 17 | 120229B 25 | Montgomery-Ward |
| 4214 6 | FDL-18805-B,- | 120230B 25 | GSL-1614A 44 |
| 4218 6 | -C,-D, 18 | 120231B 27 | GSL-1615A 44 |
| 4219 6 | 1 | 120232B 25 | GSL-1616A 44 |
| 5K3 5 | | 120240B 28 | GSL-1617A 44 |
| 5K31 5 5K32 5 5K34 5 | Cadillac | 120243B 29 | |
| 5K32 5 | 7265825 106 | 120252B 30 | <u>Motorola, Inc.</u> |
| | 7265845 106 | | 5MF 51-52 |
| 5K38 5 | | Ford Motor Car | 5MF8 53 |
| 5K39 5 | Capehart- | 5BF 17 | 34F1 48 |
| 5R3 8-10 | Farnsworth | 5MF 51 | 34Fl C 48 |
| 5R32 8 | 1P55 20 | 5MF8 53 | 54HF1 47 |
| 5R33 8 5R35 8 | 2T55 21 3T55 21 | R5BF 17 | 54HF1B 47 |
| = - | | FDH-18805-A2 53 | 54X1 45 |
| 5R35 to 5R38 8 | | FDH-18805-B1 17 | 54X2 45 |
| 5S3 8-10 | | FDH-18805-B2 51 | 54X3 45 |
| 5832 8 | | | 55Al 49 |
| 5S33 8 | 16PH55B,-F 22 | General-Electric | 55A2 49 |
| 5S34 8 | 16PH55M 22 | 446 31 | 55A3 49 |
| 5 S 35 8 | CR-93 19 | 447 31 | 55Cl 50 |
| 5 \$38 8 | CR-148 20 | 448 31 | 5502 50 |
| 5T3 8-10 | CR-150 21 | 455 32 | 5503 50 |
| 5 T31 8 | CR-154 21 | 577 33 | 5504 50 |
| 5T32 8 | CA-156 22 CA-161 22 | 578 33 | 64X1 46 64X2 46 |
| 5 T33 8 5 T34 8 | CA-161 22 | 580 34 | 64X2 46 395 54-55 |
| 5 T34 8 8 | Chevrolet | 581 34 | 395-12 54 |
| 361 7 | 987087 100 | 582 34 | HS-422 49 |
| 201 | 987088 102 | 590 35 | HS-432 45 |
| Arvin Industries | 307080 102 | 635 36 | HS-440 46 |
| RE-278-1 11 | CBS-Columbia | 636 36 | HS-443 47 |
| RE-369 12 | 5T3 23 | 637 36 | HS-444 48 |
| RE-372 15 | 5155 23 | 645 37 | HS-456 50 |
| RE-374 16 | 5156 23 | 646 37 | HS-467 48 |
| RE-375 13 | | 647 37 648 37 | 613 56 |
| RE-377 14 | Delco, see | 648 37 660 38 | 614 56 |
| RE-378 16 | United Motors | 661 38 | 833 57-58 |
| RE-381 15 | | 1 201 | 834 57-58 |
| 840T 11 | DeWald Radio | Hallicrafters | 836 57-58 |
| 842T 11 | J-540 23 | 5R24 41 | 900 59-60 |
| 848T 12 | J-541 23 | 5R40 42 | 901 59-60 |
| 848T 12 | | 5R41 42 | FDH-18805-A2 53 |
| 850T 13 | Emerson Radio | 5R42 42 | FDH-18805-B2 51 |
| 851T 14 | 808B 24 | 5R60 40 | |
| 852P 15 | 810B 24 | 5R61 40 | Olympic Radio |
| 853T 13 | 811B 25 | B-55 39 | 401 61 |
| 854P 15 | 812B 25 | TW-55 39 | 441 62 |
| 855T 14 | 813B 25 | | 442 63 |
| 857T 16 | 814B 27 | Lincoln | HF-500 64 |
| 858T 16 | 819B 28 | FDL-18805-B,- | 571 64 |
| 859T 16 | 820B 28 | -C,-D 18 | 573 64 |
| | | | |

| D= -13 : | n - 3 3 | DOA / Cond | -4 | l 03 | ~ | Mostinghous | |
|----------------|------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|----------|--|-------|
| Packard- | | RCA (Conf | | Sylvania, | | Westinghous | |
| 541 | 65 | 5BX41 | 80 | 614 | 98 | H-490P4 | 115 |
| 543 | 65 | 50581 | 81 | 918 | 95 | H-491P4 | 115 |
| | | 50591 | 82 | 5484 | 96-97 | H-492P4 | 115 |
| Philco Co | orp. | 50592 | 82 | | | H-493P4 | 115 |
| C-579 | 66. | 6BX 5 | 88 | Trav-ler R | adio | H-494P4 | 112 |
| C-580 | 66 | 6BX 6 | 88 | 55-37 | 99 | H-495P4 | 112 |
| C - 583 | 67 | 6RF9 | 83-85 | 55-38 | 99 | H-496P4 | 112 |
| C-584 | 67 | 6XF9 | 86-87 | 55-39 | 99 | H-499T5A | 118 |
| C-661 | 6 8 | RS-145A | 73 | 521R90 | 99 | H-500T5A | 118 |
| C-662 | 68 | RC-1121B | 86-87 | 521R91 | 99 | H-504P4 | 117 |
| C-663 | 69 | RC-1129A | 83-85 | 5510 | 99 | H-505P4 | 117 |
| C-667 | 70 | RC-1130 | 74 | | | H-506P4 | 117 |
| C-716 | 66 | RC-1134 | 79 | Truetone, | 888 | H-507P4 | 117 |
| C-718 | 66 | RC-1141 | 78 | Western | | H-508P4 | 115 |
| C-720 | 66 | RC-1141A | 78 | WOD 002 11 | 11,400 | V-2184-4 | 111 |
| C-721 | 67 | RC-1142 | 75 | United Mot | .029 | V-2185-2 | 112 |
| C-722 | 67 | RC-1144 | 76 | 984961 | 104 | V-2189-4 | 113 |
| C-723 | 67 | RC-1145 | 76 -7 7 | 987087 | 100 | V-2229-1 | 114 |
| C-724 | _ | RC-1146 | 76 | | | | |
| • | 67 | | | 987088 | 102 | V-2229-2,-3 | |
| C-1334 | 71 | RC-1147 | 80 | 7265825 | 106 | V-2234-1 | 115 |
| C-1340 | 71 | RC-1148 | 82 | 7265845 | 106 | V-2236-1,-2 | |
| C-1341 | 71 | RC-1148A | 81 | | | V-2237-1 | 117 |
| C-1342 | 71 | RC-1149 | 88 | Western Au | | V-2238-1 | 118 |
| C-1343 | 71 | _ | | D-2562A | 108 | | |
| C-1347 | 71 | Sears, Ro | | D-2563A | 108 | Zenith Radi | |
| C-1348 | 72 | 5036 | 8.9 | D-3503A | 109 | 4T-42 | 128 |
| C-1755 | 71 | 5042 | 89 | D-3504A | 109 | 5M-02Zl | 119 |
| | \ | 5045 | 90 | D-4425B | 110 | 5R-01 | 120 |
| Pontiac | | 5046 | 90 | D-4426B | 110 | 5R-03 | 122 |
| 984961 | 104 | 528.32400 | 89 | | | 5R-05 | 121 |
| | | 528.32500 | 89 | | | 5R-07 | 122 |
| RCA-Victo | or | 528.34900 | 90 | Westinghou | ise El. | 5R-10 | 123 |
| 3-HS-61 | | | | H-443T5 | 113 | 5R-20 | 124 |
| 3-US-5 | 74 | Sentinel | Radio | H-444T5,-A | | 6R-03 | 125 |
| 3-US-5A | 74 | 1U-353 | 91 | H-445T5,-A | | | 3-127 |
| 40531 | 76 | 353 | 91 | H-446T5,-A | | HFR-20E | 124 |
| 40532 | 76 | IU-357 | 92 | H-447T4 | 111 | HFR-21R | 124 |
| 40533 | 76 | IU-358 | 92 | H-448T4 | 111 | T-402F,-V,- | |
| 40534 | 76 | 10-000 | 02 | H-449T4 | ili | 1-1001, 1, | 128 |
| 40535 | 76 | Stromberg | ? | H-457T6 | 114 | R-509F,-R | 121 |
| 40541 | 76-77 | Carlson | | H-458T6 | 114 | R-509V,-W,- | |
| 4C542 | 76-77 | EP-2 | 94 | H-459T6 | 114 | 11-0001,-11,- | |
| 40542 | | | 93 | | | ר מיז (מיז (מיז (מיז (מיז (מיז (מיז (מיז | 121 |
| | 76-77 | C-3 | | H-460T6 | 114 | R-510Z1 | 119 |
| 40544 | 76-77 | T-4 | 93 | H-465R6 | 114 | R-511F,-R | 120 |
| 4C545 | 76-77 | C - 5 | 93 | H-466R6 | 114 | R-511V,-W | 120 |
| 40547 | 76-77 | | was 4. | H-467R6 | 114 | R-512F,-R | 123 |
| 40671 | 75 | <u>Sylvania</u> | | H-468R6 | 114 | R-512V,-W | 123 |
| 40672 | 75 | 1-602-4 | 96-97 | H-475T5 | 116 | R-519R,-W | 122 |
| 4X551 | 76 | 1-602-5 | 96-97 | H-476T5 | 116 | R-521F,-G | 122 |
| 4X552 | 76 | 1-602-6 | 96-97 | H-477T5 | 116 | R-521R,W,Y | 122 |
| 4X553 | 76 | 1-602-7 | 96-97 | H-478T5 | 116 | T-522F,-G | 122 |
| 4X554 | 76 | 1-605-1 | 98 | H-486T5 | 116 | T-522R,V,W | 122 |
| 4X555 | 76 | 51 8 | 96-97 | H-487T5 | 116 | R-623,-F | 125 |
| 4X661 | 7 8 | 54 8 | 95-97 | H-488T5 | 116 | R-623R,W,Y | 125 |
| 4Y511 | 79 | 598 | 96-97 | H-489T5 | 116 | T-825F,G,R | 126 |
| | | | | _ | | , , | _~0 |





Admiral

(Continued from page 6)

CHASSIS 4Z1 MODELS 4Z11, 4Z12, 4Z14, 4Z18, 4Z19

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Battery power is preferable for alignment; use FRESH batteries. If this set is to be aligned while operating on an AC power line, an isolation transformer should be used. If an isolation transformer is not available, connect a .1 mfd. capacitor in series with the signal generator low side to B minus (pin 7 of 1U5 tube.)
- The chassis cover must be removed to align adjustments A and C.
- Set Volume control full on.
- Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
- Use lowest setting of signal generator capable of producing adequate indication on lowest scale of output meter.
- Use a non-metallic alignment tool for IF transformers.
- Repeat adjustments to insure good results.

| Step | Dummy Antenna in Series with Signal Generator | Connection of Signal Generator (High Side) | Signal Generator Frequency | Receiver Gang Setting | Adjustment Description | Adjustment Designation | Type ef Adjustment |
|------|--|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | .1 mfd. capacitor | Stator of antenna tuning capacitor | 455 KC | Gang fully open | 2nd IF 1st IF | A, B* C, D* | Maximum output |
| 2 | .1 mfd. capacitor | Stator of antenna tuning capacitor | 1620 KC | Gang fully open | Oscillator (on gang) | E | Maximum output |
| | Inst | all the metal chassis cov | er removed du | ring IF Alig | nment. | | |
| 3 | Loop of several turns of wire, or place genera- tor lead close to re- ceiver for adequate sig- nal pickup. | No actual connection (signal by radiation) | 1400 KC | Tune in generator signal | Antenna (on gang) | F | Maximum output |

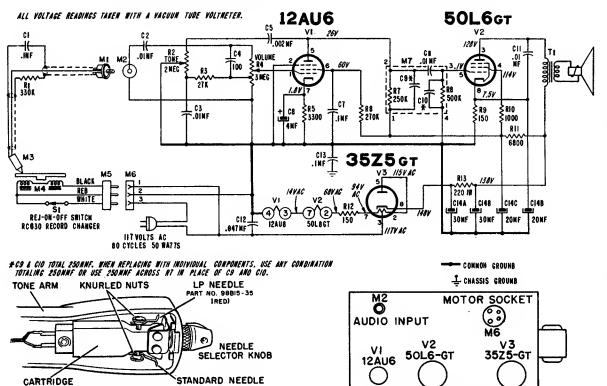
^{*}Adjustments B and D are made from underside of chassis. To avoid splitting the slotted head of powdered iron tuning slug in IF transformers, use an alignment tool with a blade 3/32" wide.

Admiral

Bottom View of Cartridge and Needles.

Chassis 361 Model 3G18

Side View of Chassis.



Admiral

5R3 Chassis Models 5R32 · 5R33 · 5R35 · 5R36 · 5R37 · 5R38

5S3 Radio Chassis Models 5S32 · 5S33 · 5S34 · 5S35 · 5S38

5T3 Radio Chassis Models 5T31 · 5T32 · 5T33 · 5T34 · 5T38

This material applies to all models listed above. The circuit on page 9 is exact for Chassis 5R3 and 5T3. Chassis 5S3 circuit is exactly the same except for clock and associated switch. Alignment information and additional service data on page 10.

GENERAL

This receiver employs the latest radio circuitry and a "printed" circuit wiring technique. The "printed" circuit wiring used in this receiver replaces the hookup wire used in earlier receivers; see figure I. The "printed" circuit wiring is permanently bonded to the underside of the plastic chassis base. This results in uniformity of chassis wiring, fewer wiring troubles and simplified circuit tracing and trouble shooting. All circuit components are of standard size and design and are mounted on the top side of the chassis; see figure 2. Audio circuit components are contained in a couplate.

Trouble shooting and parts replacement will, in general, be the same as for receivers wired with hookup wire. However, when servicing, it is important to read the service information given in this manual with respect to the technique of servicing printed circuit receivers.

SERVICING THE SET

Servicing "printed" circuit sets is, in general, much the same as servicing ordinary receivers. However, certain tools and techniques are well suited for this type of work. The following items are especially useful:

- 1. Good pair of long-nose pliers.
- 2. Sharp wire cutters.
- 3. Small stiff glue brush (for solder removal).
- 4. Pencil type soldering iron with a small tip (35 watts or less).

WARNING: Excessive heat may damage the "printed" circuit during component replacement if a soldering pencil, iron or gun of higher wattage rating is used.

5. 60-40 low temperature rosin core solder (should be used for all soldering).

- 6. Tinned jumper wires.
- 7. Metal pick (soldering aid).

COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

All components used in this receiver are of standard size and design and are mounted on the top side of the chassis; see figure 2.

Resistors and capacitors should be replaced by clipping out the defective part and neatly soldering the new part to the connecting leads remaining from the original part.

If a unit, such as the oscillator coil or IF transformer is to be removed, heat the mounting lugs with a pencil type soldering iron and straighten them with a long nose pliers or metal pick. Continue heating the lugs and brush away the molten solder with a small stiff glue brush. Remove the defective unit by lifting it off the chassis. Before inserting the new unit, be certain that the lug holes are open and free from solder. Forcing a lug against a solder filled lug hole may break the bond between the chassis base and the "printed" wiring. It is, therefore, necessary to exercise care when replacing units.

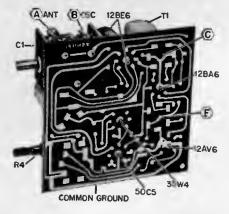
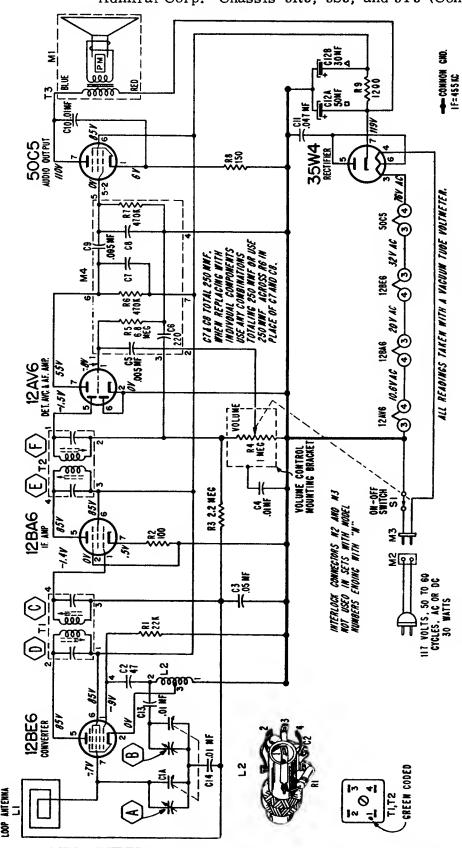


Figure 1. Bottom View of Chassis.

Admiral Corp. Chassis 5R3, 5S3, and 5T3 (Continued)



VOLTAGE DATA

Voltages shown on schematic diagram.

- All readings made between tube socket terminals and common ground; see figure 1.
- Dial turned to low frequency end; volume control at minimum.
- Measured on 117 Volts AC line.
- All voltages measured with vacuum-tube voltmeter.

When taking voltage readings or making resistance measurements, use test leads with needle point prods to avoid possibility of short circuit between sections of the printed circuit wiring.

test equipment or to printed circuit wiring, do not place the chassis directly on a metal service bench, tools or

other metal objects.

The chassis of this receiver is connected directly to one side of the power line. To avoid possibility of damage to

VOLTAGE PRECAUTION

Admiral Chassis 5R3, 5S3, and 5T3 (Continued)

Service Data and Alignment Information

Frequency Range: Standard broadcast band, 535 to 1620 KC.

Intermediate Frequency: 455 KC.

Power Supply: Power line of 117 volts, 50 to 60 cycles AC or DC.

Power Consumption: 30 watts.

Antenna: Built-in loop antenna.

Speaker: 6" PM. with Alnico V magnet. Voice coil impedance, 3.2 ohms.

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Use an isolation transformer if available; otherwise, connect a .1 mfd. capacitor in series with low side of signal generator and connect to chassis.
 - Caution: Do not connect a ground wire directly to chassis.
- Set volume control full on.
- e Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
- e Use lowest setting of signal generator capable of producing adequate indication on lowest scale of output meter.
- € Use a non-metallic alignment tool with a hlade 3/32" wide for aligning IF transformers.
- @ Repeat adjustments to insure good results.

| STEP | CONNECTION OF SIGNAL GENERATOR | SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY | RECEIVER GANG SETTING | ADJUSTMENT |
|------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Through a .1 mf capacitor to pin 7 of the 12BE6 (Converter) tuhe | 455 KC | Gang fully open | *"E", "F", *"C" and "D" for maximum output |
| 2 | Same as "STEP 1" | 1620 KC | Gang fully open | "B" for maximum output |
| 3 | Radiated Signal. Loop of several turns of wire, or place generator lead close to receiver loop for adequate sig- nal pickup. | 1400 KC | Tune m generator signal | "A" for maximum output |

^{*}Adjustments "C" and "E" made from underside of chassis; see figure 1.

An open or damaged section of "printed" circuit wiring can be replaced by soldering a short jumper wire across the points to be connected. Pigtail trimmings from capacitors and resistors are ideal for this purpose.

To avoid need for complete tube socket replacement, defective tube socket pin clips may be replaced individually. Tube socket pin clips are available under part number 87A35-2.

Note: If sockets must be replaced, the tubular shield (center connection) at the bottom of each tube socket must be securely soldered to the "printed" circuit wiring, otherwise hum or oscillation will result.

TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

To remove the chassis from the cabinet, proceed as follows:

Remove the line cord plug from the AC outlet, the knobs from the front of the cabinet, and the three hex head screws and the two snap buttons in the corners of the cabinet back. Remove the screw under the Tuning knob,

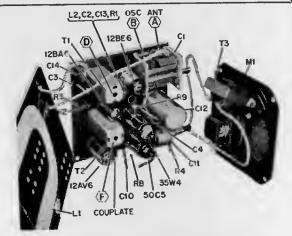
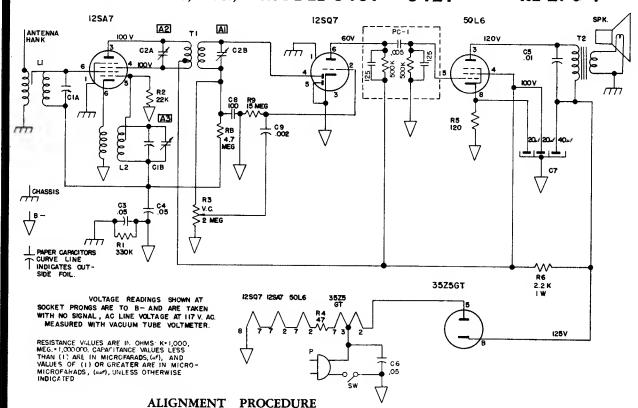


Figure 2. Top View of Chassis. Location of components and alignment points shown.

the screw that holds the Volume control bracket to the cabinet and the screw that holds the line cord retainer or interlock to the cabinet. Slide the chassis out of its mounting rack after disconnecting the output transformer leads.

Arvin industries, inc., MODEL 8407 - 8427

RE 278-1

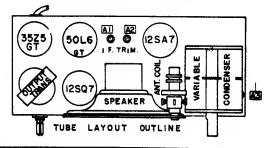


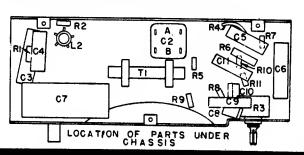
| Position of Variable | Frequency of Generator | Dummy Antenna | Generator Output Connection | Trimmers Adj. in order shown for Maximum Output | Function of Trimmer |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Open | 455 K c. | . 05 μք | Pin 8 12SA7 | A1, A2 | I. F. |
| 1400 Kc. | 1400 Kc. | 50 μμf | Antenna Lug with Hank re- | ** A3 | Oscillator |

** Since the antenna section of the variable capacitor has no trimmer, the rotor of the variable should be rocked back and forth on both sides of 1400 Kc while adjusting the oscillator trimmer for maximum output.

Check sensitivity at 600 Kc. If weak, adjust antenna section plates for maximum output at 600 Kc. Tracking of the capacitor at points other than 1400 Kc is accomplished by bending the outside plates on the variable capacitor rotor, which are cut for this purpose.

The alignment procedure should be repeated stage by stage in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.





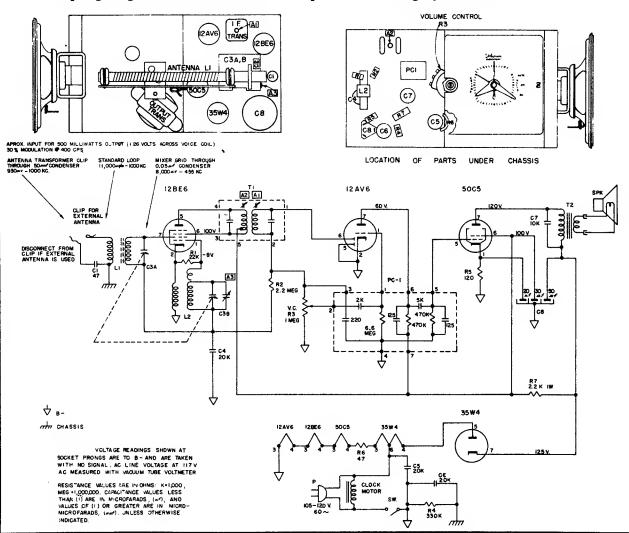
Arvin industries, inc., MODEL 848T - 849T RE 369

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

| Output meter connection | Speaker voice coil |
|---|--------------------|
| Output meter reading to indicate .5 watt output | 1.26 Volts |
| Connection of generator ground lead | Floating ground |
| Position of volume control | Fully clockwise |

| Position of Variable | Frequency of Generator | Dummy Antenna | Generator Output Connection | Trimmer Adjustment for Maximum Output | Function of Trimmer |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| Open 1400 Kc | 455 Kc 1400 Kc | . 05 μf 50 μμf | Pin 7 12BE6 Antenna Clip (Blue wire disconnected) | Al, A2 A3 Rock Variable while making this adj. to track antenna | I.F. Oscillator |
| 600 K c | 600 K c | 50 μμf | Antenna Clip (Blue wire disconnected) | Antenna Sections plates | Check point |

Keep signal generator at a low value to prevent detuning by AVC action.



ARVIN Industries

MODEL 850T -853T

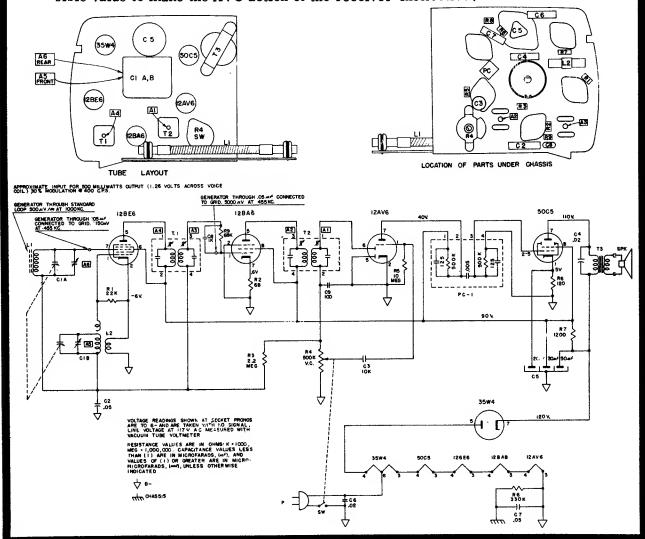
RE 375

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

| Position of Variable | Frequency of Generator | Dummy Antenna | Generator Output Connection | Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output | Function of Trimmer |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Open Open 1400 600 | 455 1650 1400 600 | . 05µf | Pin 7 12BE6 * Test Loop * Test Loop * Test Loop | A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 Check Point | I.F. Oscillator Antenna |

* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.

The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.



ARVIN Industries

MODEL 851T - 855T

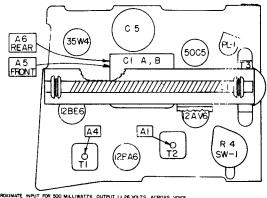
RE 377

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

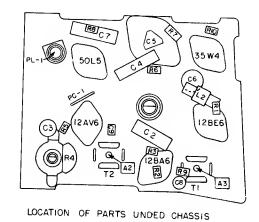
| Output meter connection Across speaker voice coil |
|---|
| Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts (standard output)1.26 volts |
| Connection of generator ground lead Floating ground |
| Generator modulation 30% 400 cycles |
| Position of volume control Fully clockwise |

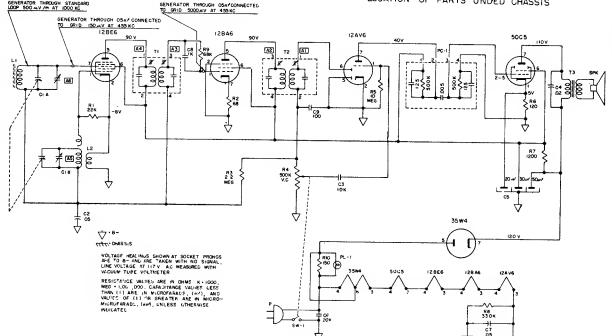
| Position of Variable | Frequency of Generator | Dummy Antenna | Generator Output Connection | Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output | Functions of Trimmer |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|
| Open Open 1400 600 | 455 1650 1400 600 | .05 µf | Pin 7 12BE6 * Test Loop * Test Loop * Test Loop | A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 Check Point | I.F. Oscillator Antenna |

* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.



APPROXIMATE INPUT FOR 500 MILLIWATTS OUTPUT (1.26 VOLTS ACROSS VOICE COIL) 30 % MODULATION # 400 CPS





ARVIN Industries

MODEL 852P - 854P

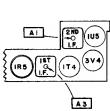
RE 381 RE 372

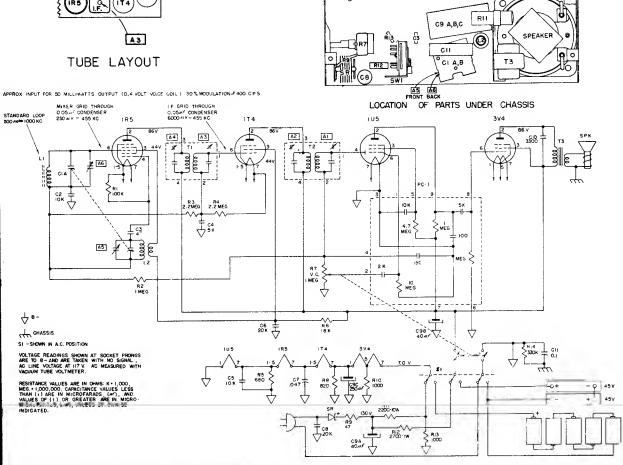
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

| Output meter reading to indicate .05 watt across voice coil 0.4V |
|--|
| Generator ground lead connected floating ground |
| Generator modulation 30% 400 cycles |
| Position of Volume Control fully on |

| Position of Variable | Generator Frequency | Dummy Antenna | Generator Connections | Adjust Trimmers (In order shown) | Function of Trimmer |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Open Open 1400 Kc 600 Kc | 455 Kc 1650 Kc 1400 Kc 600 Kc | . 05 µ̂f | Mixer Grid * Test Loop * Test Loop * Test Loop | A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 Check Point | I.F. Oscillator Antenna |

* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.





ARVIN Industries

MODEL 858T - 859T

RE374

Model 857T, Chassis RE 378, is electrically similar to sets described on this page. If differs in physical respects and has a phono jack.

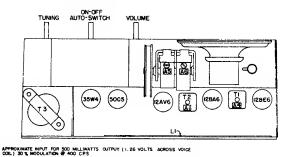
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

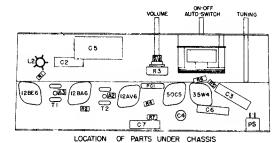
Output meter connection
Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts (standard output)
Connection of generator ground lead
Generator modulation
Position of volume control

Across speaker voice coil
I. 26 volts
Floating ground
30% 400 cycles
Fully clockwise

| Position of Variable | Frequency of Generator | Dummy Antenna | Generator Output Connection | Trimmers Adjusted in order Shown for Maximum Output | Function of Trimmer |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Open Open 1400 600 | 455 1650 1400 600 | . 05 μf | Pin 7 12BE6 * Test Loop * Test Loop * Test Loop | A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 on Check Point | I.F. Oscillator Antenna |

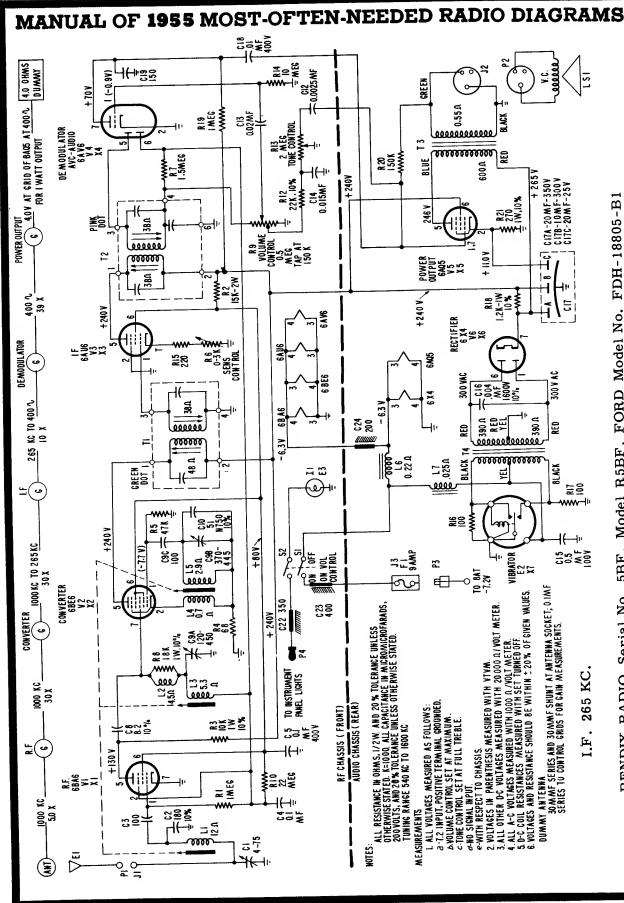
* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.





SENERATOR THROUGH STANDARD STANDARD SOURCETED TO SENERATOR THROUGH OSAF CONNECTED TO SEND SOURCE AT 455 KG.

TO SEND SOURCE AT 45



FORD Model No. FDH-18805-B.

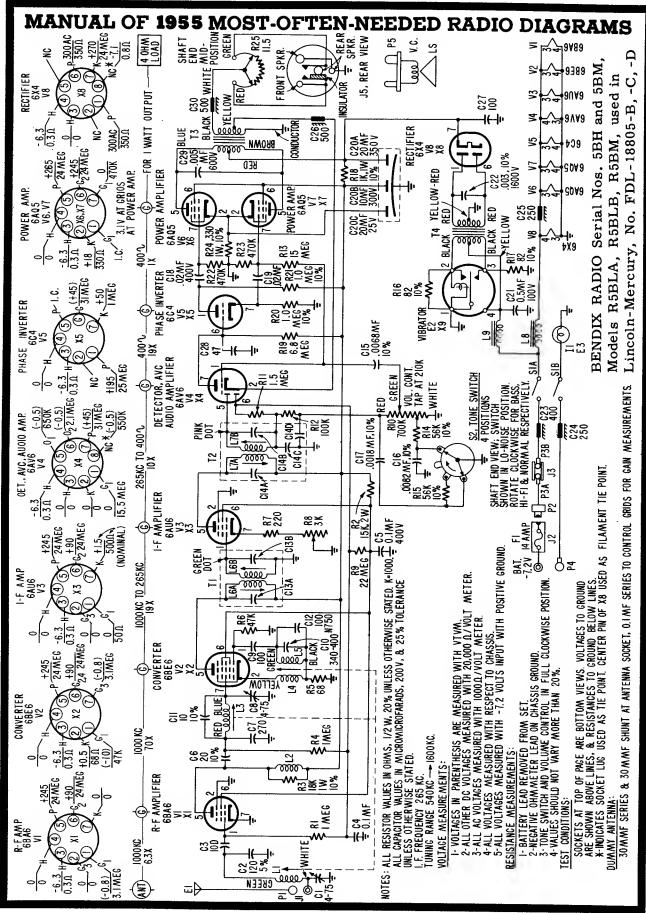
Model R5BF,

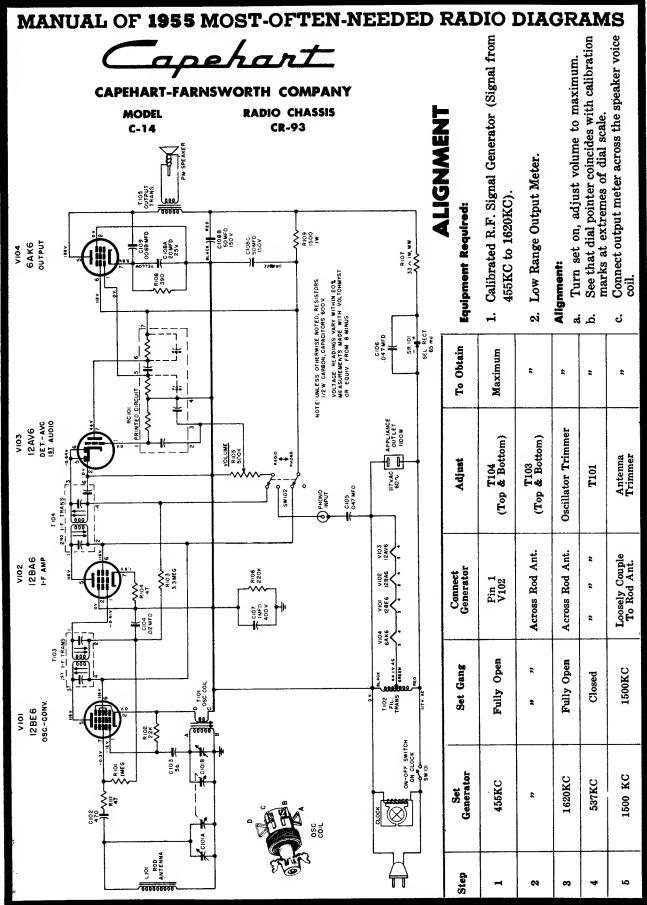
5BF,

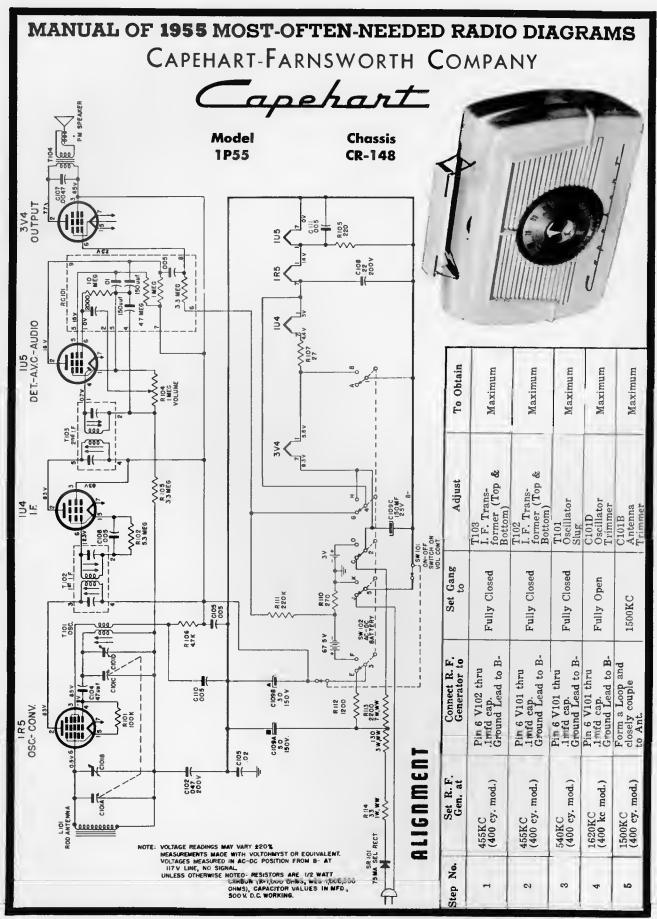
Serial No.

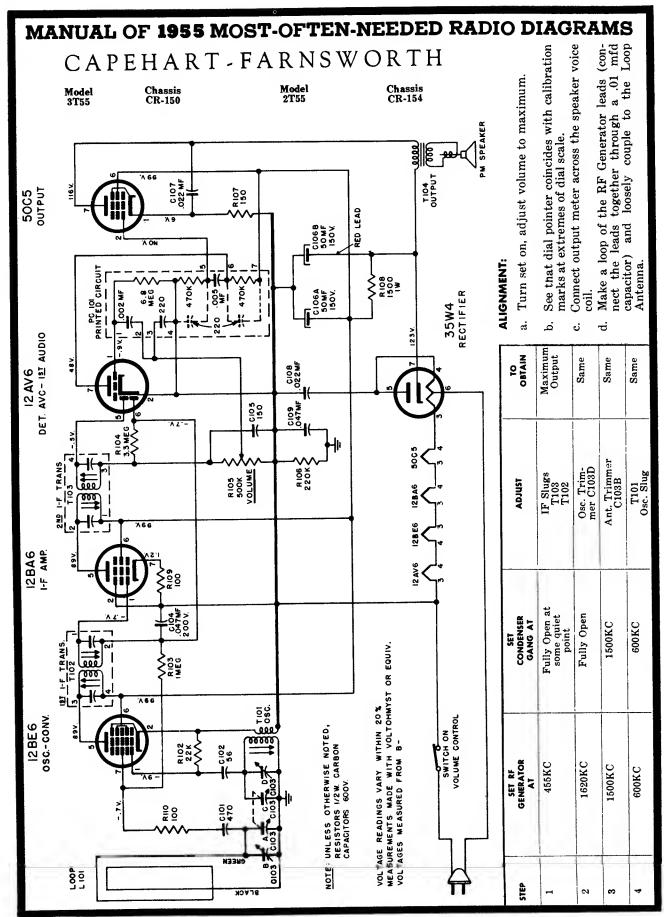
BENDIX RADIO

17



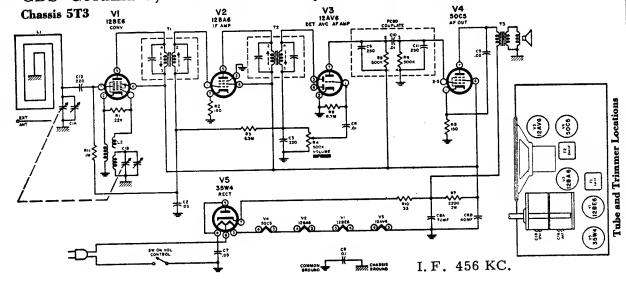






MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS **AMPLIFIER CHASSIS** CA-156 4PH55M 4PH55B V102 A V IOI A VIOLB V103 1/2 12 AX7 1/2 12 AX7 1/2 12 AX7 6**V**6 GT 16PH55M PHASE INVERTER CIDS 16PH55B R 120 ≤ C109 16PH55F R II 8 470 K Cilla R125 T 102 OUTPUT TRARS R107 R 112 靊 CIISE 25MF0 25V C107 022 200V ᆂᅃ R 126 470K R103 € C112 RISO \$ ₹ 129 3.9K T- 19850 6V6GT RIIS S POWER AMP + SUF 5Y3GT TIOI POWER TRANS. NOTE: RECTIFIER VOLTAGES MAY VARY 120%, ALL WEASUREMENTS MADE WITH VOLTOHMYST OR EQUIVALERT FROM CHASSIS GROUPO. RLESS OTHERWISE ROTEO' RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT CARBOR PAPER CAPAGITORS 800 V. SW OR RECORD CHARGER V 102 12 AX 7 1 1 **Amplifier Chassis** Model **6TP45M CA-161** 12AX7 35L6GT RII8 7.5K TONE CONTROL 2" PM SPEAKER .022 C 106 C109 4.0MFD 50V. RII9 6" PM SPEAKER C101 0022 VOLUME r**©** R102 3.3 MEG. C107 R 107 RIO8 220K R104 270K IOOK R 115 2 8" PM SPEAKER R106 > ₩Y C102 CIO5 0.1 200V. UNLESS OTNERWISE NOTED: RESISTORS ARE 1/2 WATT CARBON. PAPER CAPACITORS 600 V. 35Z5GT **35L6GT** R110 100a 2W V 101 V 105 V 104 VIC CIO5A 150 V Close CIO58 140 150 V. RII6 58 ~-2W PHONO MOTOR NOTE: VOLTAGES MAY VARY : 20%. ALL MEASUREMENTS, MADE WITH VOLTONMYST OR EQUIVALENT FROM 8-.

CBS-Columbia, MODELS: 5155-Ebony; 5156-Ivory; 5156-Maroon; 5156-Sand



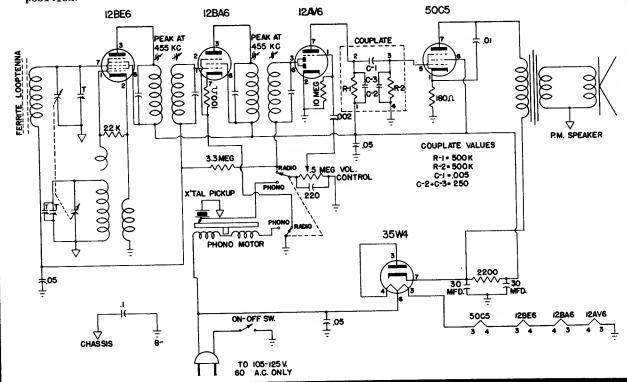
DeWALD Radio-Phonograph Models J-540 and J-541

(The circuit below is exact for J-540. Model J-541 is the same except for a jack in the voice coil circuit.)

TO PLAY PHONOGRAPH; -Turn volume control-power switch "ON". Move Radio-Phonograph switch lever to Phonograph position. Allow approximately one minute for the tubes to heat up. Select desired speed by moving speed lever over number marked on cabinet. Pull needle guard off, but do not discard. Replace needle guard when phonograph is not in use.

Set motor lever to proper speed of record.

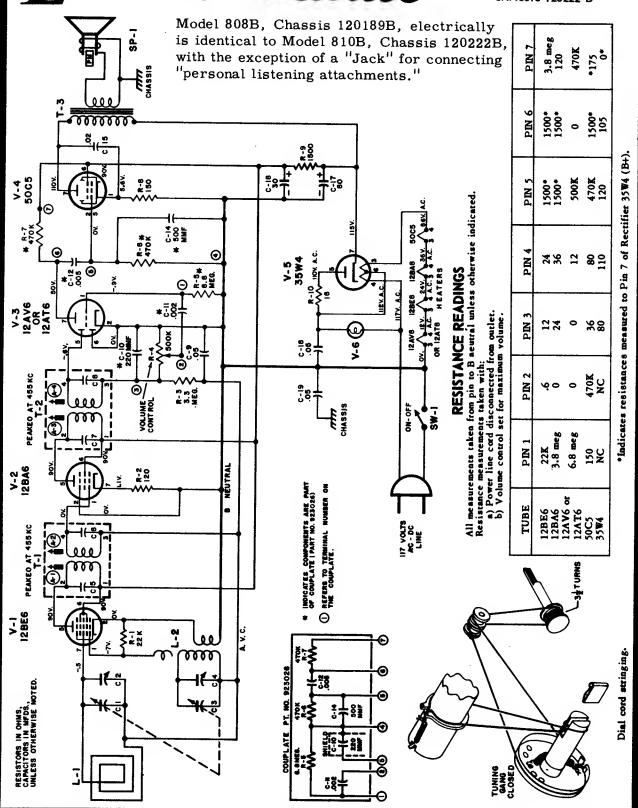
When phonograph or radio is turned off, it is advisable to place this lever in the off position.



Emerson Radio

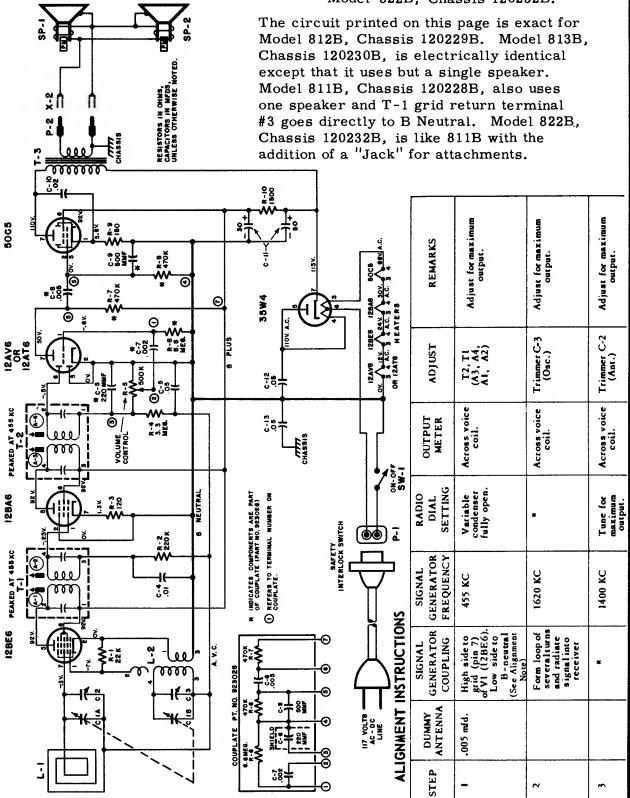
MODEL 810B

CHASSIS 120222-B



Emerson

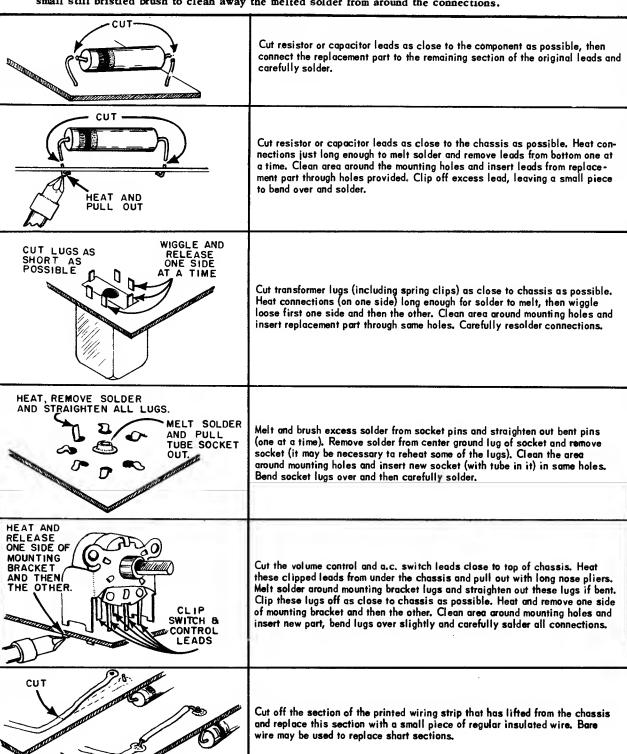
Model 811B, Chassis 120228B, Model 812B, Chassis 120229B, Model 813B, Chassis 120230B, Model 822B, Chassis 120232B.



MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS EMERSON RADIO

Information on Printed Circuit Repairs

The equipment needed for servicing printed circuit chassis are the usual standard shop tools, plus a low wattage soldering iron (approximately 25 watts) with a fine tip, low temperature rosin core solder and a small stiff bristled brush to clean away the melted solder from around the connections.



Emerson

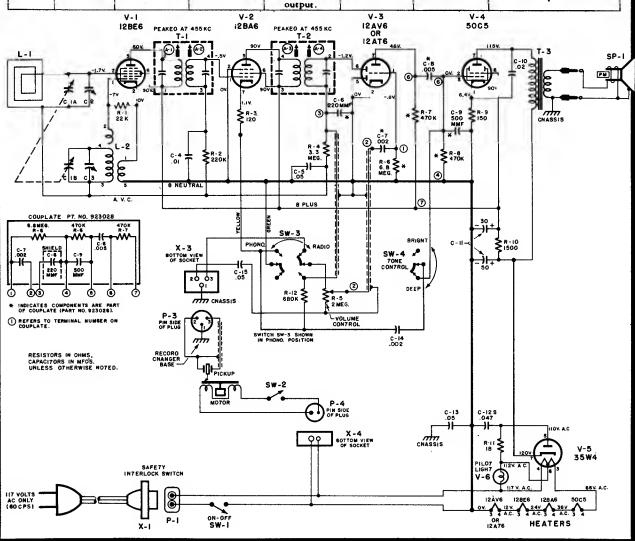
CHASSIS - 120231-B

MODEL - 814B

ALTERNATE CIRCUIT USED ON SOME 120231-B CHASSIS.

ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

| STEP | DUMMY ANTENNA | SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING | SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY | RADIO DIAL SETTING | OUTPUT METER | ADJUST | REMARKS |
|------|------------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| I . | .005 mafd. | High side to grid (pin 7) of VI (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral | 455 KC | Variable condenser fully open. | Across voice coil. | T2,T1 (A3, A4, A1, A2) | Adjust for maximum output. |
| 2 | | Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver | 1620 KC | • | Across voice coil. | Trimmer C-3 (Osc.) | Adjust for maximum output. |
| 3 | | | 1400 KC | Tune for maximum output. | Across voice coil. | Trimmer C-2 (Ant.) | Adjust for maximum output. |

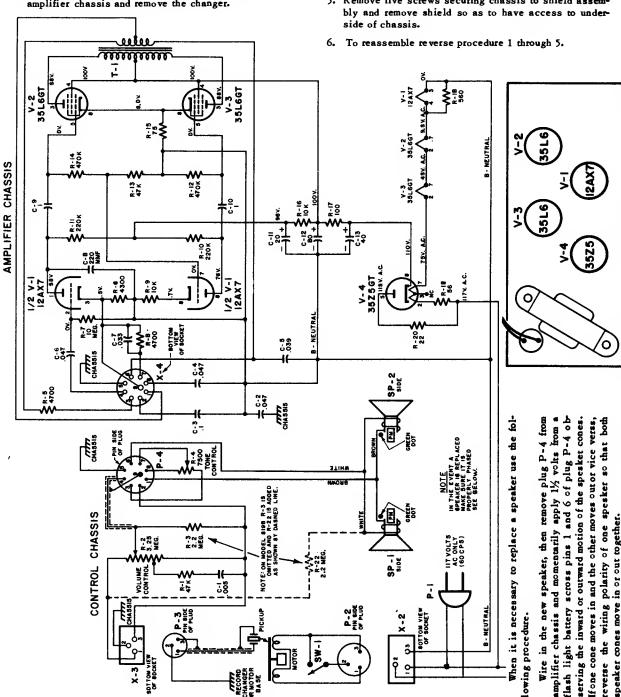


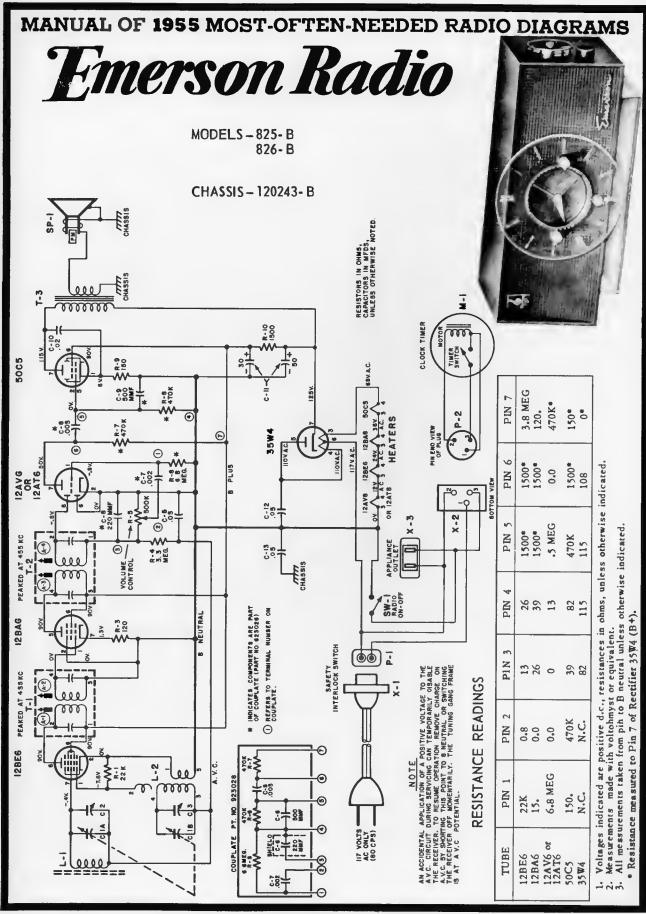
MODELS - 819B, 820B

CHASSIS - 120240-B

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Remove four screws securing changer mounting board to cabinet. Lift mounting board with changer and disconnect plug P-3 from the control chassis.
- 2. Remove five screws securing inside perforated panel to cabinet and lift out panel. Disconnect plug P-2 from amplifier chassis and remove the changer.
- 3. Remove perforated back cover and remove screw securing chassis and shield assembly to rear of cabinet.
- 4. Remove two nuts and washers from threaded studs securing chassis and shield assembly to bottom of cabinet. Lift this assembly to clear stude, tilt forward and slide out
- 5. Remove five screws securing chassis to shield assem-

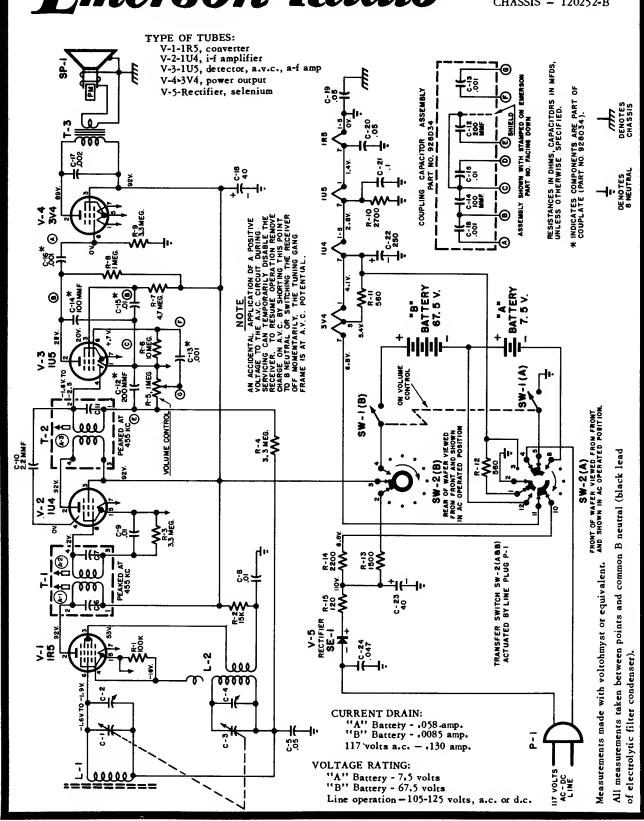




Emerson Radio

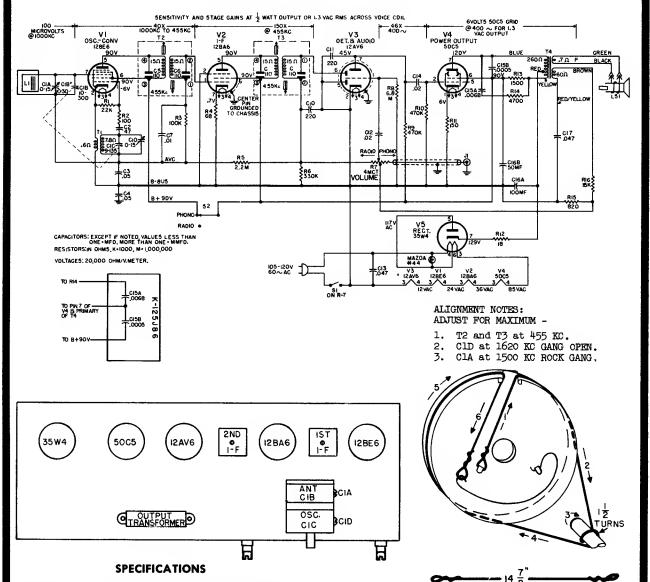
MODEL - 830B

CHASSIS - 120252-B



GENERAL ELECTRIC

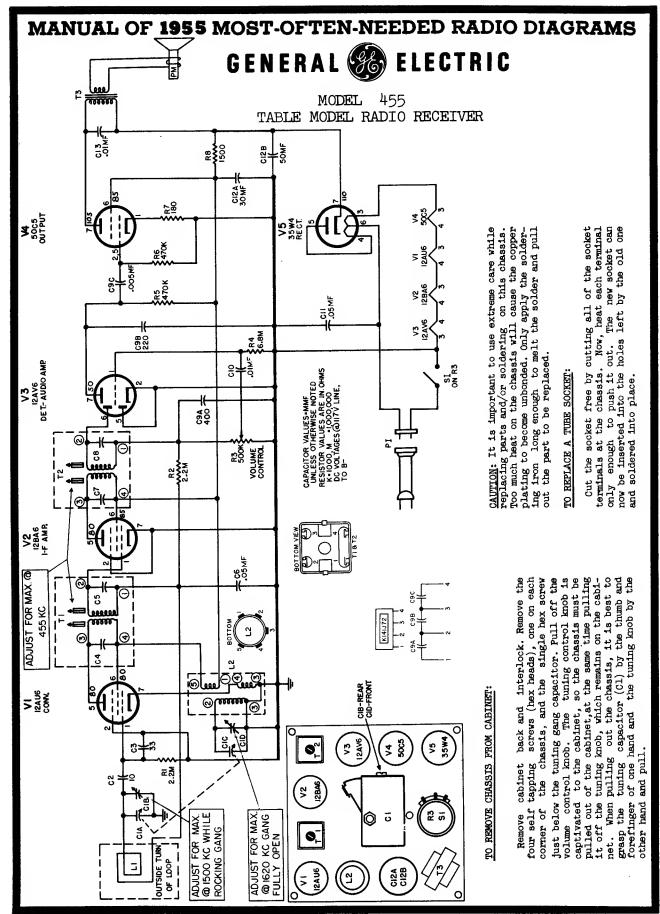
MODELS 446, 447 AND 448

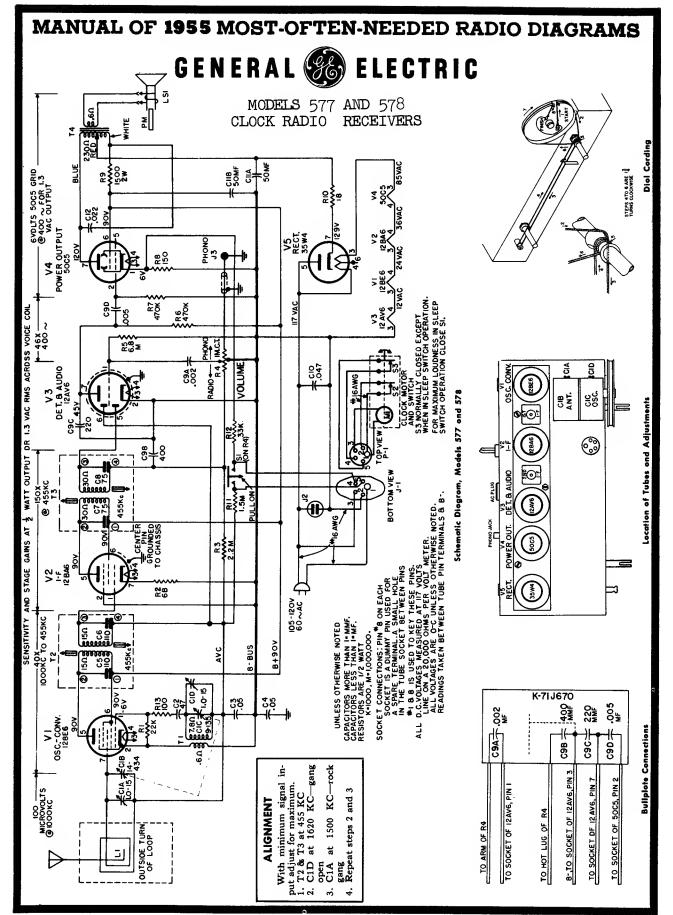


| CABINETS: | 446—Mahogany, 447—Ivory, 448—Red | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| DIMENSIONS: | 127/8 x 6 x 6 inches | | |
| ELECTRICAL RATING: | 105-120 volts 50-60 cycles | | |
| OUTPUT: | Undistorted 1 watt Maximum 1.75 watts | | |
| PHONO: | Input jack provided | | |
| LOUDSPEAKER: | 5¼ in., PM; Voice Coil Impedance 3.2 ohms @ 400 cycles | | |
| TUBE COMPLEMENT: | V1 Oscillator Converter 12BE6 V2 I-F Amplifier 12BA6 V3 Detector-Audio 12AV6 V4 Audio Power Amplifier 50C5 V5 Rectifier 35W4 I1 Dial light G-E Mazda No. 44 | | |

The "radio silencer" switch is used only on the rare occasions when located in an unusually strong signal area, where some background from radio signal reception may be audible when playing records. Normally this interference may be removed by simply detuning the radio away from the interfering frequency.

The newest type off-on switch is used on these models. It is combined with the phonograph and radio volume control and allows the receiver to be turned off or on at any desired volume setting.



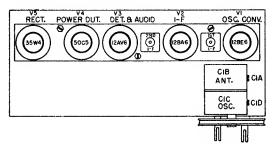


GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS 580, 581 AND 582 CLOCK RADIO RECEIVERS

ALIGNMENT CHART

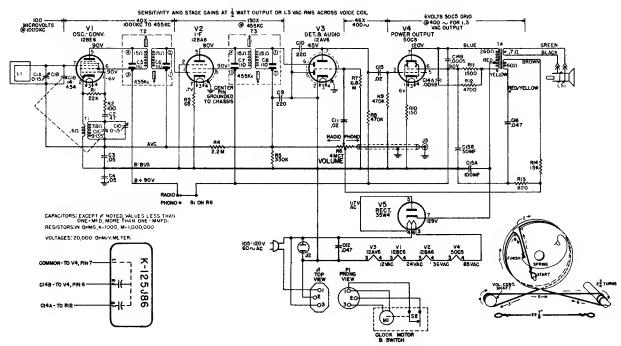
| STEP | CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO | TEST OSC. SEITING | TUNING GANG SETTING | ADJUST FOR MAX.OUTPUT | | |
|--|--|----------------------|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| | I-F ALIGNMENT | | | | | |
| 1 | V2,12BA6 grid (Pin 1) in series with .05 mfd. | hee wa | | Cores of second I-F trans. T3 | | |
| 2 | V1,12BE6 grid (Pin 7) in series with | 455 KC | | Cores of first I-F trans. T2 Recheck | | |
| | .05 mfd. | | | adjustment of T2 and T3. | | |
| R-F ALIGNMENT | | | | | | |
| 4 | Industively | 1620 KC | 0pen | CID | | |
| 5 | Inductively coupled to radio loop | 1500 KC | For maxi- mum output | ClA* | | |
| *Rock tuning for maximum, while adjusting ClA. | | | | | | |

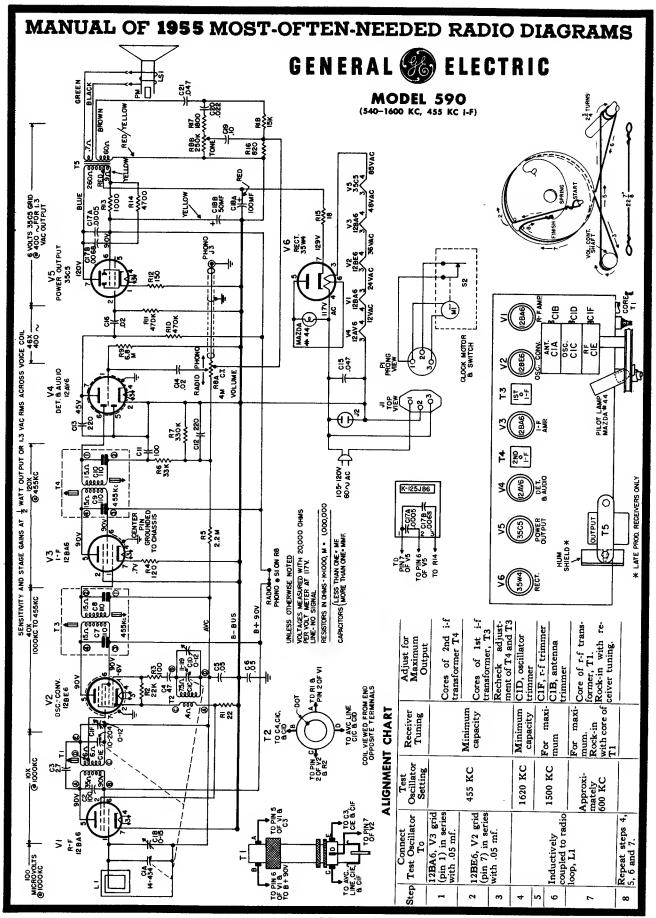


| CAT.NO. | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Ĺ | CAPACITORS | | | | |
| *RCC-126 *RCC-129 *RCE-166 RCT-079 | C16 C11,C13 C15A,B C1A,B, | .047mf., 200 V.,paper,85°C .02mf.,+40%-10%,400V,paper 100-50 mf.,150V.,electro. Tuning, two-gang | | | |
| *RCN-053 *RCW-3075 *RCW-3104 *RCW-3137 *UCC-045 | C12 C2 C14A,B, C9,C10 | .047mf.,600 V.,paper molded 47mmf.,ceramic .0068mf.,.0005mf.,ceramic 220mmf., 20%, 400 V., cer. .05mf.,+40%-10%,400V.,paper | | | |
| RESISTORS | | | | | |
| RRC-278 | R6 | Volume control, 4 meg., CT., with switch, Sl | | | |

| | | T |
|----------|------|--|
| RRC-278 | R6 | Volume control, 4 meg., CT., with switch, Sl |
| *URD-021 | R3 | 68 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-025 | R2 | 100 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-029 | R10 | 150 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-047 | R13 | 820 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-065 | R12 | 4700 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-077 | R14 | 15,000 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-081 | R1 | 22,000 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-089 | R8,9 | 470,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon |
| *URD-109 | R5 | 330,000 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-129 | R4 | 2.2 megohm, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URD-141 | R7 | 6.8 megohm, 1/2 w. carbon |
| *URF-053 | Rll | 1500 ohms, 2 w. carbon |
| 1 | | |

*RLC-122 T1 COIL -Oscillator *RTL-143 T2,3 T4 TRANSFORMER -1st or 2nd I-F TRANSFORMER -Audio output



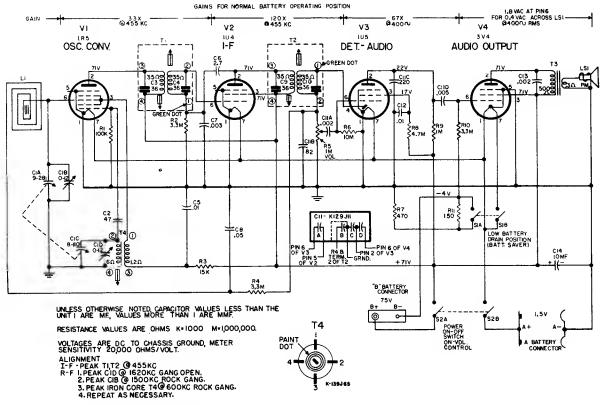


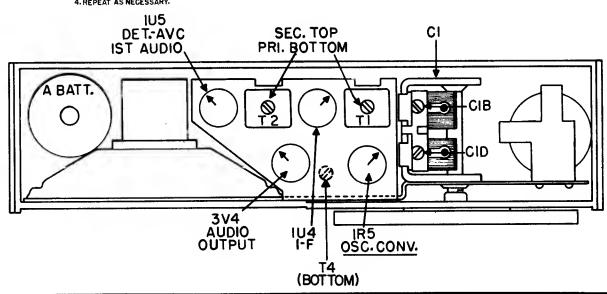
GENERAL ELECTRIC

MODELS 635, 636 AND 637

| CABINET: | Model 635-Green; Model 636-Red; |
|---|---|
| (Plastic) | Model 637-Gray; |
| ELECTRICAL RATING: (Batteries only) | "A" Batteries-2 Eveready #964 or Burgess #21R, or equivalent "B" Battery-1 Eveready #437 or Burgess #XX-50, or equivalent. |

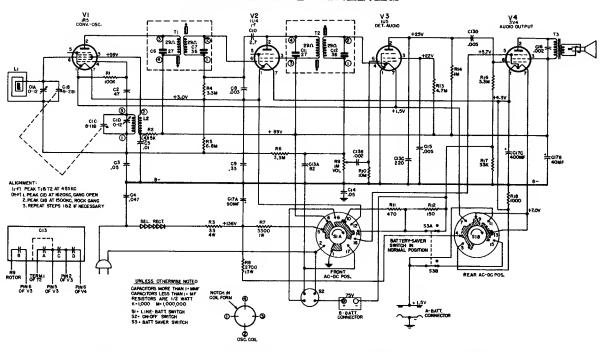
| LOUDSPEAKER: | Size 4 inches Type Alnico PM Voice Coil Impedance @ 400 cycles 3.2 ohms |
|--------------|---|
| OPERATING | Tuning Range 540-1600 KC |
| FREQUENCIES: | I-F Amplifier 455 KC |

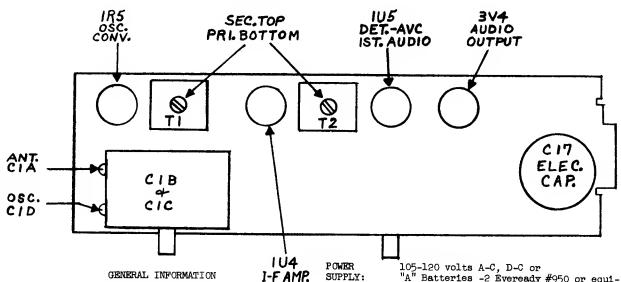




GENERAL (ELECTRIC

MODELS 645, 646, 647 and 648 PORTABLE RADIO RECEIVERS





The Models 645, 646, 647 and 648 are four-tube superhetrodyne three-way portable radio receivers. These receivers operate on AC, DC or batteries and incorporate a battery "saver" switch, and the use of a ferrite iron-core antenna.

COILS AND TRANSFORMERS

N-RLC-134 L2 N-RLL-061 L1 RTL-152 T1.2 N-RTO-171 T3

COIL -Oscillator ANTENNA ASSEMBLY TRANSFORMER -I-F TRANSFORMER -Output 105-120 volts A-C, D-C or "A" Batteries -2 Eveready #950 or equi-

"B" Battery -1 Eveready #467 or equivalent.

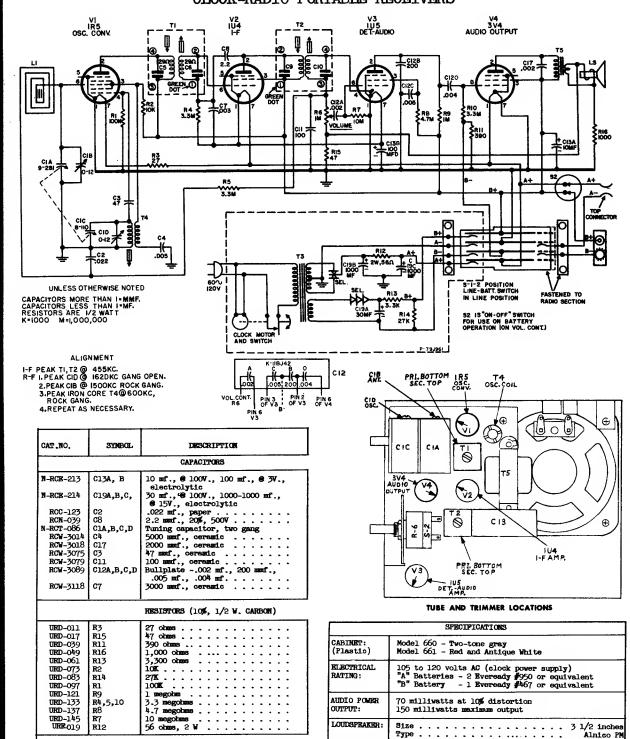
AUDIO POWER 80 milliwatts OUTPUT:

LOUDSPEAKER: Size 4 inches Type . . Alnico PM Voice Coil Impedance @ 400 cycles 3.2 ohms

OPERATING

GENERAL 🍪 ELECTRIC

MODELS 660 AND 661 CLOCK-RADIO PORTABLE RECEIVERS



OPERATING

FREQUENCIES:

POTENTI CONSTIGR

Volume control & switch, 1 megohm

N-RRC-322

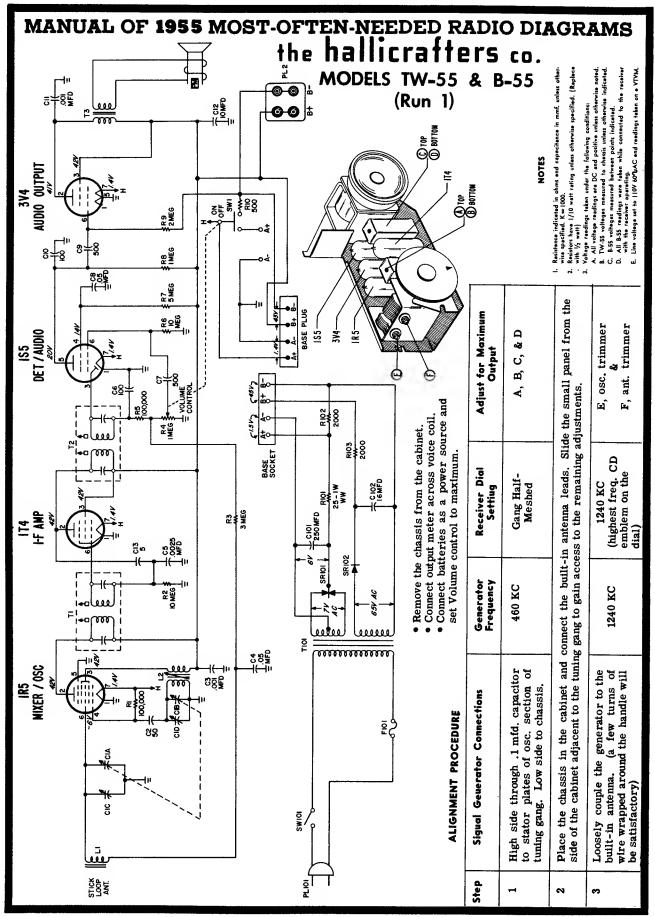
R6,82

VoiceCoil Impedance @ 400 cycles . . .

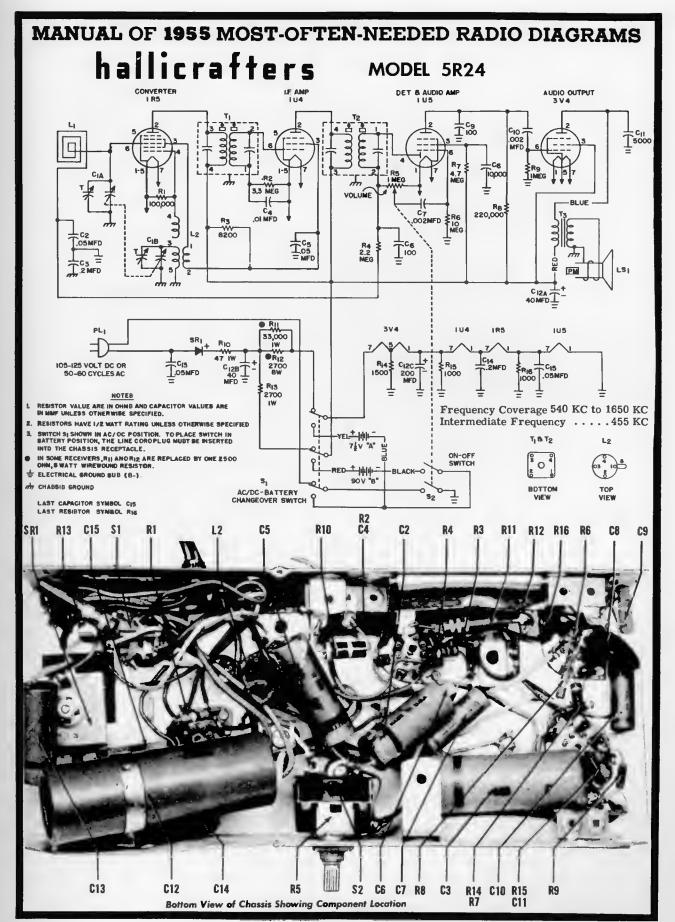
3.2 obm

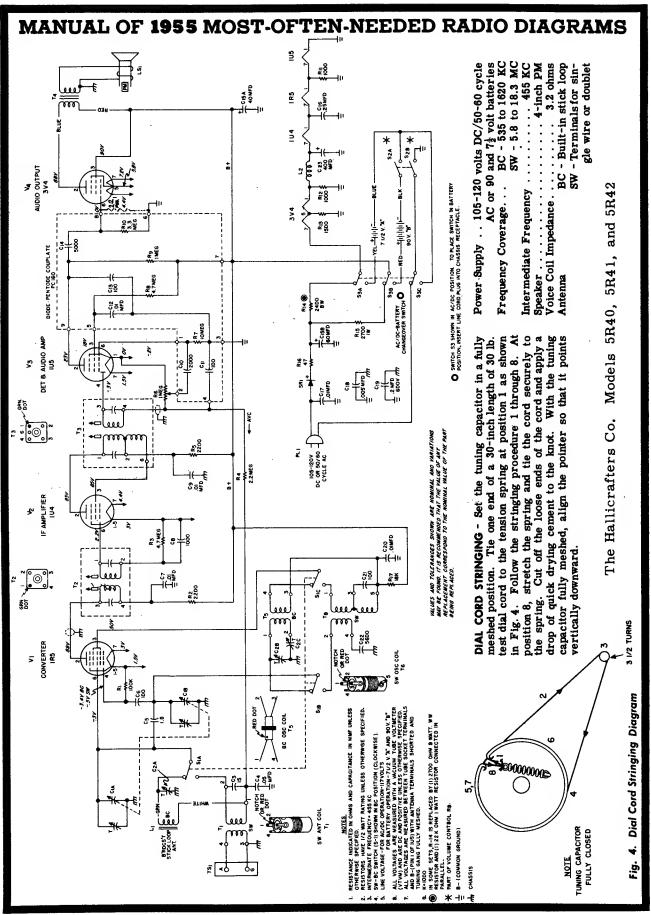
455

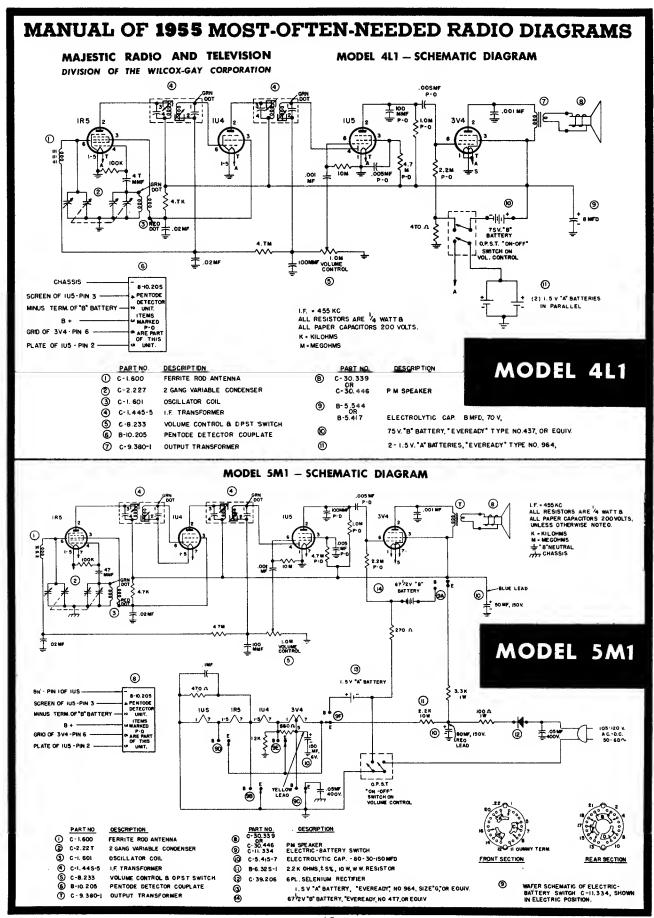
540-1600

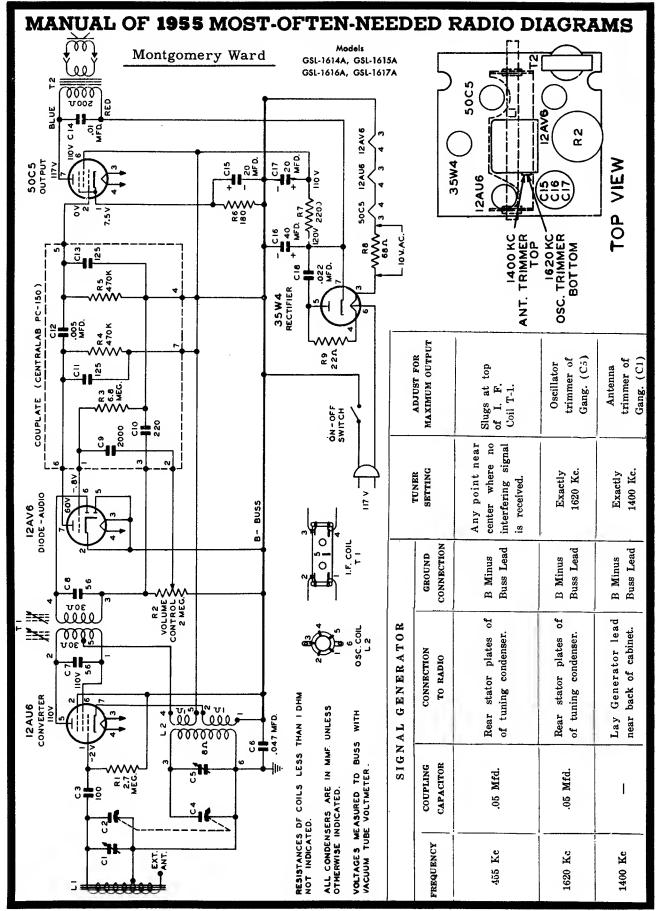


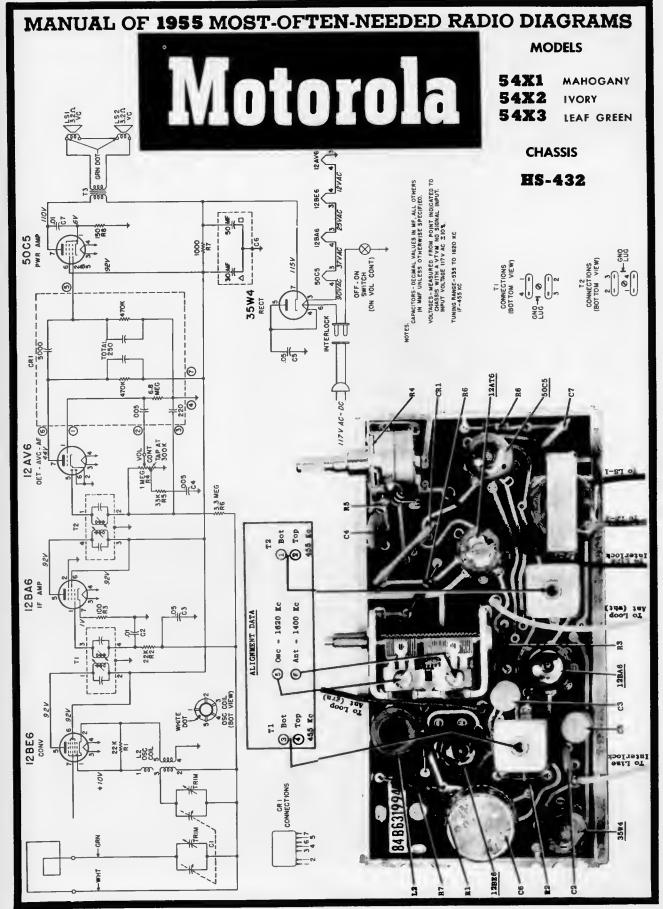
MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS **MANUAL OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS **MANUAL RECOINGS ARE TAKEN UNDER CONDITIONS **I LINE VOLTAGE READINGS ARE TAKEN UNDER CONDITIONS **I LINE VOLTAGE READIN ₩¥ 8.9 MEG 12BE6 E (Oscillator trimmer) F (Antenna Trimmer) Knife outside plates of C1B if required. 記十器 RECTIFIER DET & AUDIO AMP 35W4 5005 A and B (2nd I-F) C and D (1st I-F) 12AV6 Adjust SOOK VOLUME 8<u>₹</u>2 \$ 04. 04. Gang fully open Receiver Dial Setting 600 KC 1400 KC CHASSIS IF AMP 12BA6 84 3.3 MEG Repeat steps 2 & 3 Generator Frequency 800 KC 455 KC 1400 KC To avoid AVC action use lowest output setting of generator that gives a satisfactory reading on Generator must have modulated output and cover CAPACITOR VALUES IN MFD UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. 80-60'A.C. OF READON. coil. citor to pin 7 of V1. Low side to B-. Connect output meter across voice High side through :01 mfd. capa-ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE ALL RESISTOR ARE 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. CONVERTER 12BE6 Use a non-metallic alignment tool. Radiate signal generator into loop antenna. Set volume control at maximum. 455 KC, 600 KC and 1400 KC. ₹ă Signal Generator Connections Same as step 2. -| (− CIA meter. OEXT ANT - g Step _ 2 m où m

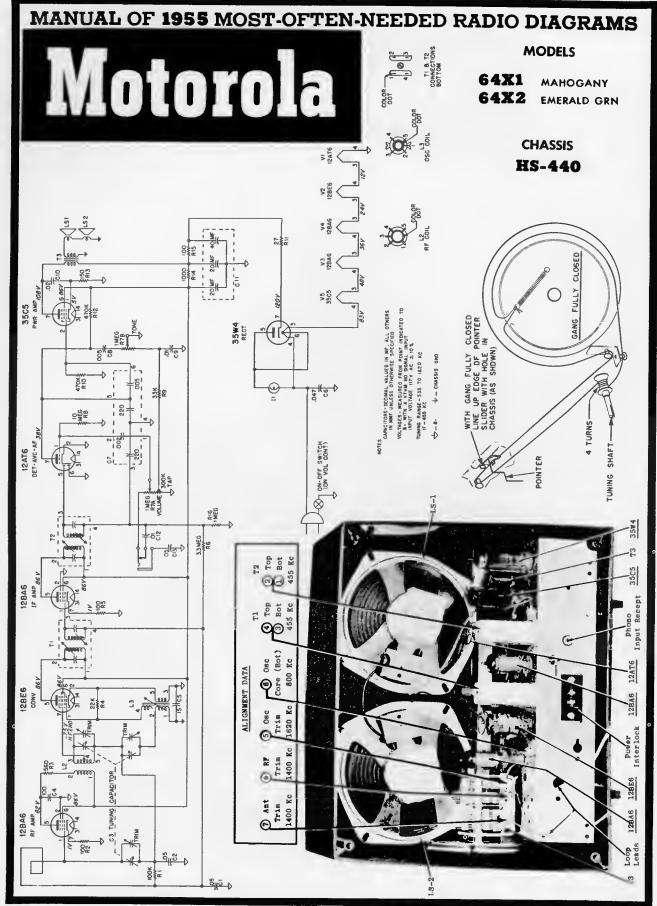








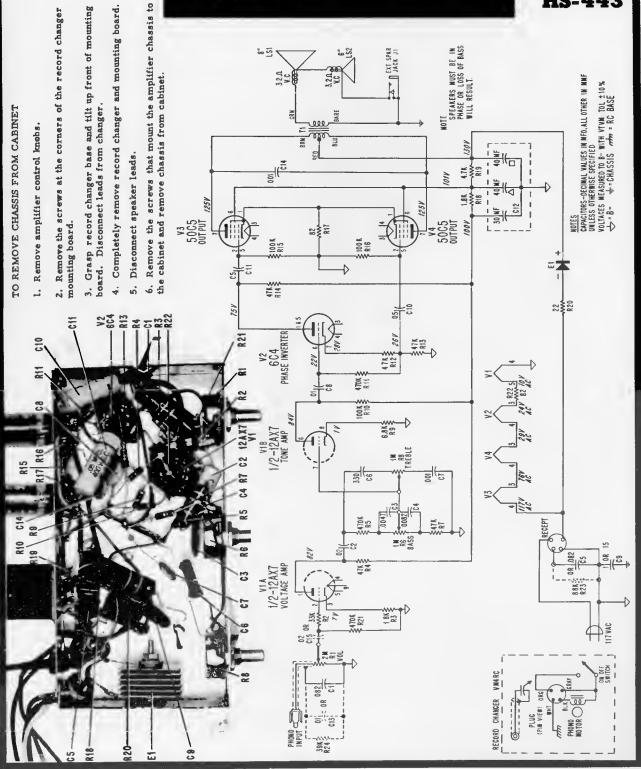




Motorola

MODELS 54HF1

CHASSIS HS-443

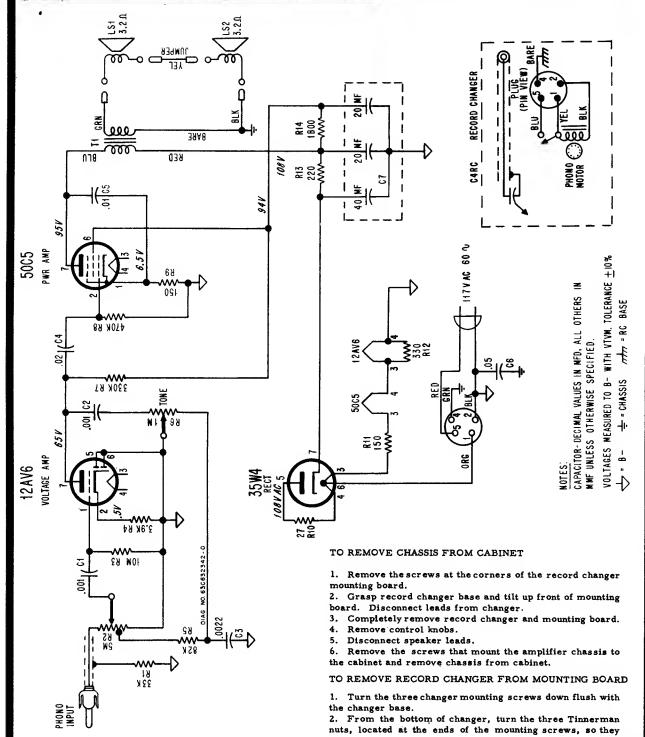


Motorola

Model 34F1, Chassis HS-444

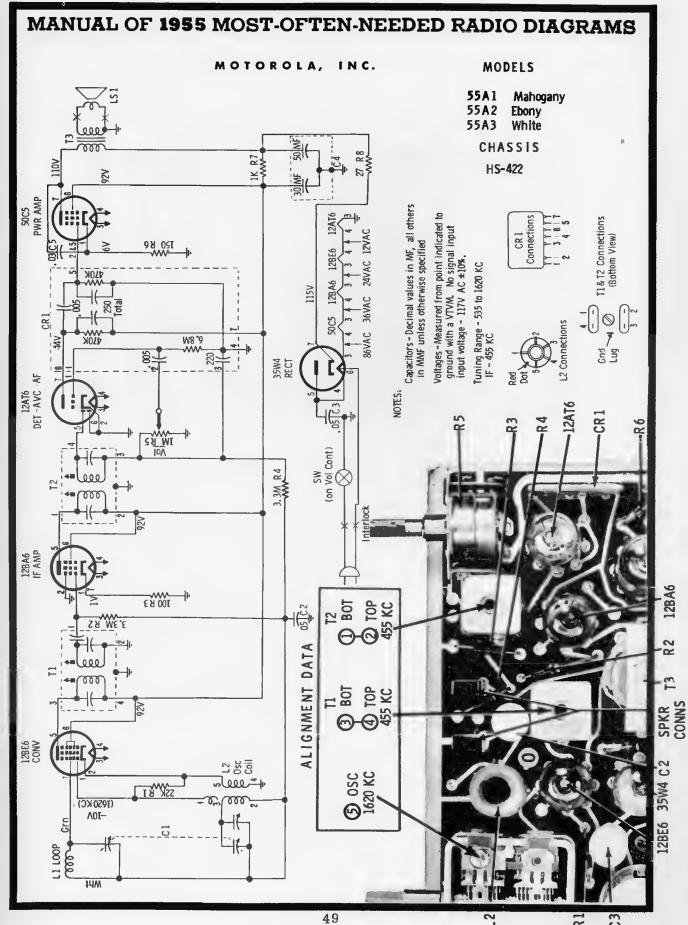
and

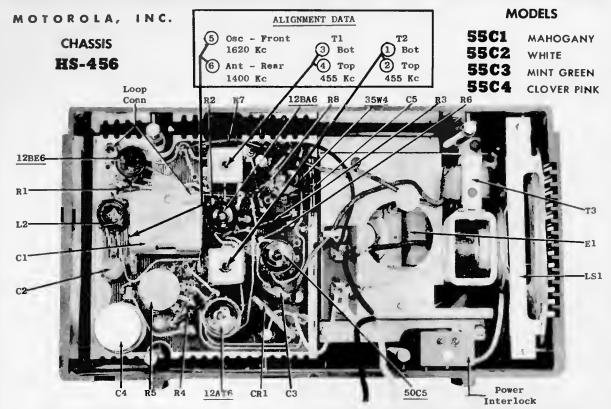
Model 34F1C, Chassis HS-467



are parallel with the screws.

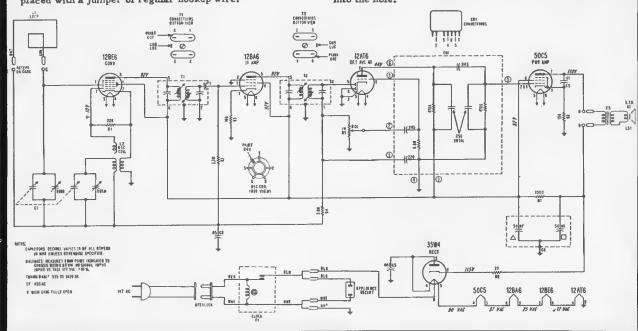
3. Grasp record changer by the base and lift up.

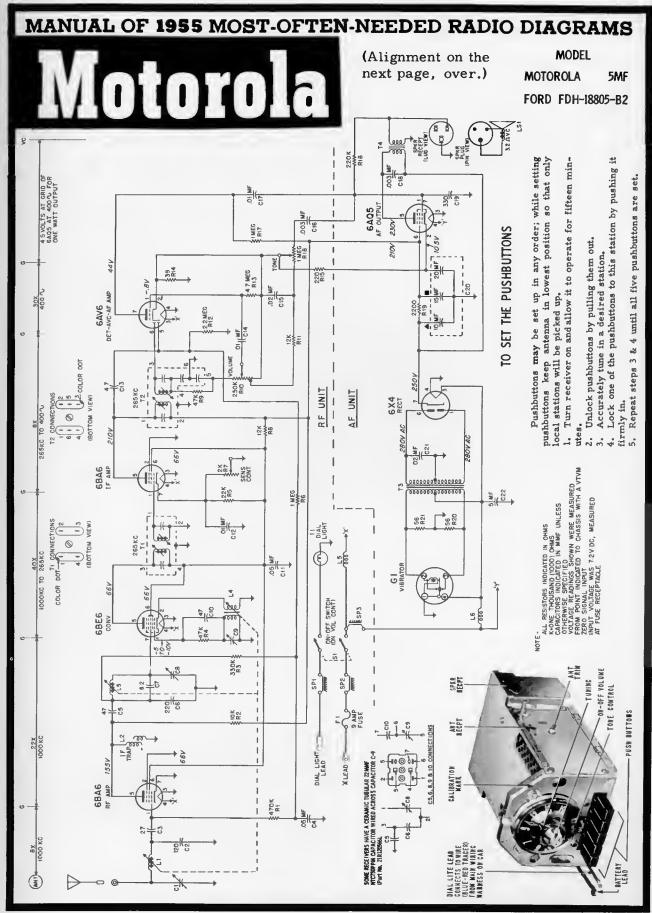




COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

- 1. To prevent tube breakage, remove them before replacing components.
- 2. WHEN REMOVING DEFECTIVE COMPONENTS USE ONLY A SMALL SOLDERING IRON (60 WATTS OR LESS) TO AVOID DAMAGE TO THE WIRING. DO NOT USE A SOLDERING GUN. WARNING: THE LEADS ARE VERY THIN, AND EXCESSIVE HEAT WILL BURN THEM OR LOOSEN THEM FROM THE BASE MATERIAL.
- 3. Plated connections or leads, if damaged, may be replaced with a jumper of regular hookup wire.
- 4. It is recommended that multiple lug components be removed by immersing all the lugs simultaneously into a controlled temperature soldering pot, Motorola Part Number 66T632703. The component may then be lifted off the chassis easily. If a soldering pot is not available, heat each lug individually with a small soldering iron and shake or brush off as much molten solder as possible. Then, by alternately heating and loosening each lug, the entire component will be freed.
- 5. An individual tube clip may be removed by squeezing it it with pliers and then unsoldering it. The new clip snaps into the hole.





MOTOROLA Alignment for Ford Models 5MF and 5MF8 (Continued)

ALIGNMENT

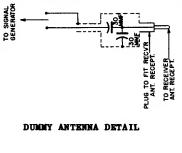
Connect output meter across speaker voice coil. Set tone control to high & volume to maximum. Attenuate generator to maintain 1, 79 volts (I watt) on output meter to prevent overloading receiver. *Field alignment of tuner is not recommended unless it has been tampered with or has had components replaced.

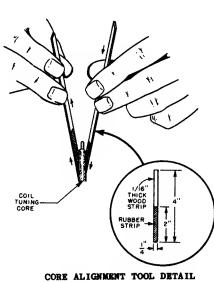
| | | | | | , | |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| STEP | DUMMY ANTENNA | GENERATOR CONNECTION | GENERATOR FREQUENCY | TUNER SET TO | ADJUST. (in order shown) | REMARKS |
| IF AL | IGNMENT . I mf | Pin 7 -6BE6 | 265 Kc | Hi end stop | I, 2, 3 & 4 | Peak for maximum. |
| *RF AL | LIGNMENT - 1 | Note: For step 2 bac | k tuner cores I-3/ | '8" out of coils to e | liminate their effect | on trimmer adjustments. |
| 2. | See Fig. | Ant.recept | 1605 Kc | Hi end stop | 5,6&7 | Peak for maximum. |
| 3. | See Fig. | Ant recept | 1200 Kc | 9/32" from hi end stop | 8, 9 & 10 | Peak for maximum using core alignment tools shown in Figure. |
| 4. | See Fig. | Ant recept | 1605 Kc | Hi end stop | 5,6&7 | Peak for maximum. |
| 5. | Repeat steps | 3 & 4 until no furthe | i increase; then ce | ment cores in plac | ė. | |
| SENST | TIVITY CONT | ROL | | | | |
| 6. | See Fig. | Ant recept | 600 Kc & 5 microvolts output | Tune for max | Sensitivity control | Adj for 1.79 volt output (1 watt) |
| ANTE | NNA TRIMME | R ADJ | | | | |
| 7. | - | - | | Weak station around 1400 Kc | 7 | With receiver in car peak ant trim for max volume. Ant should be fully ex- tended. |
| | | YATER EID | | | | |

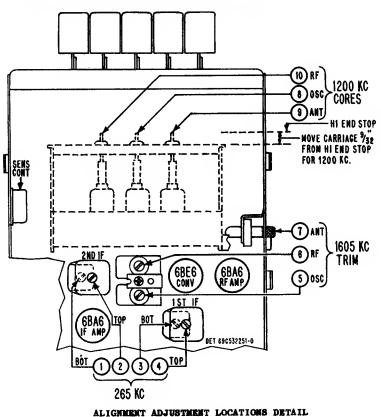
TO CALIBRATE POINTER

A. Remove dial scale and tune receiver to I400 Kc signal.

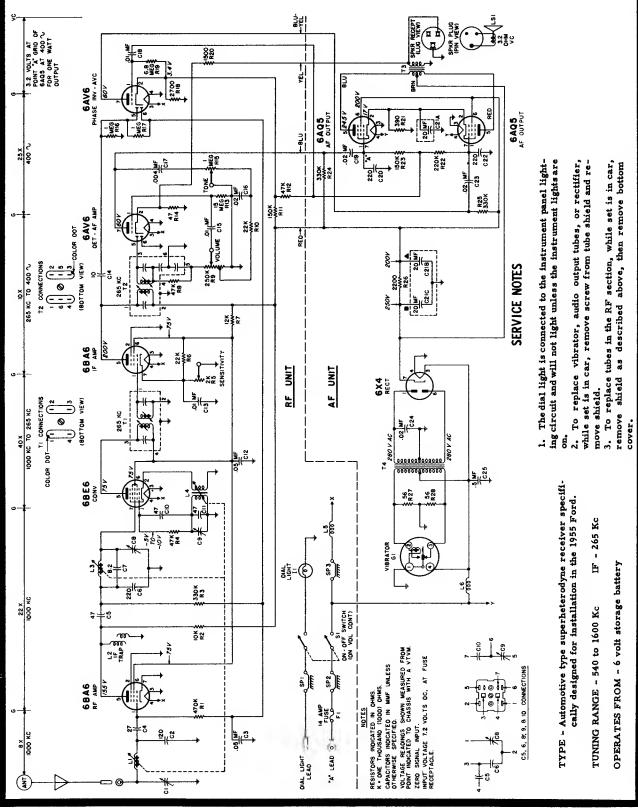
B. To rotate pointer pull pointer off shaft, set to coincide with calibration mark on front housing (see cover photo) and push back onto shaft. CAUTION: Do not twist pointer while on shaft; this may result in a broken pointer or dial cord.

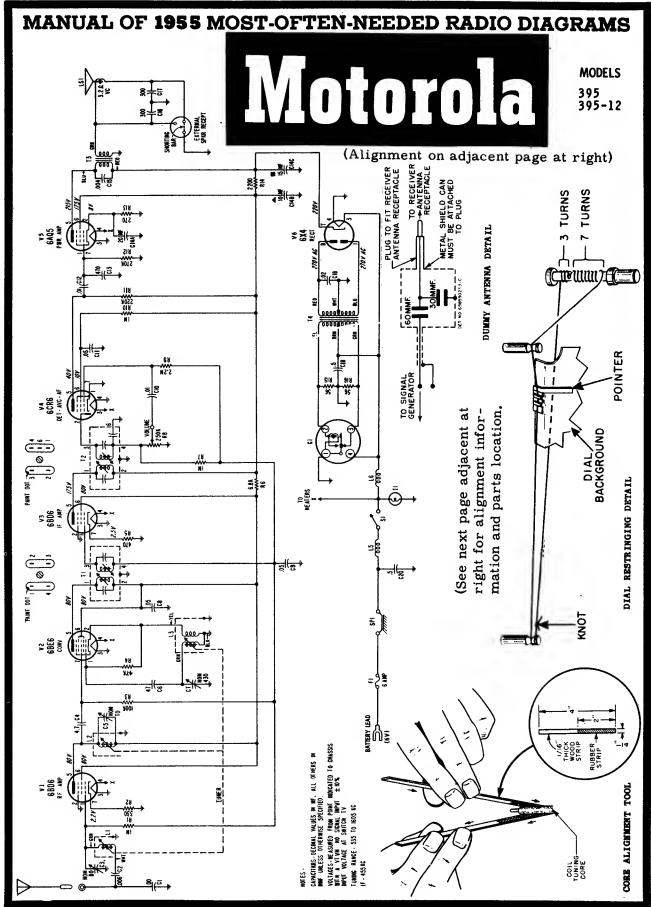


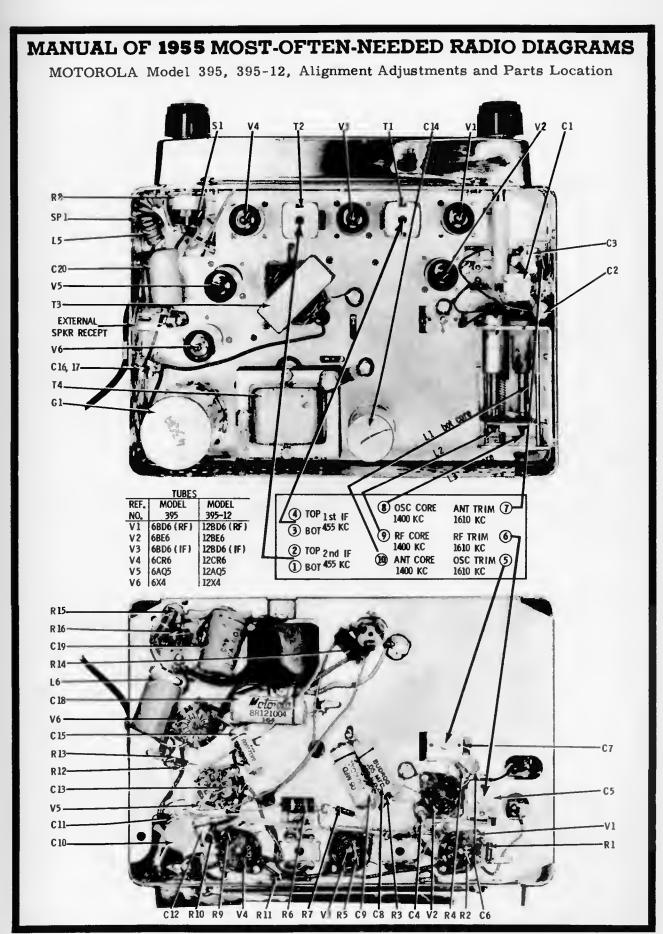




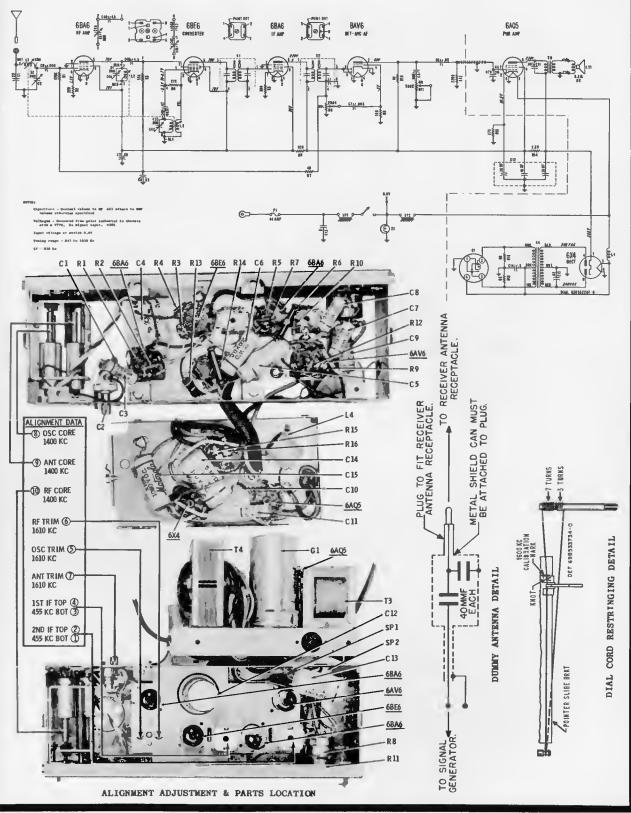
MOTOROLA Auto Radio Model 5MF8, Ford No. FDH-18805-A2 (Alignment information on adjacent page at left)

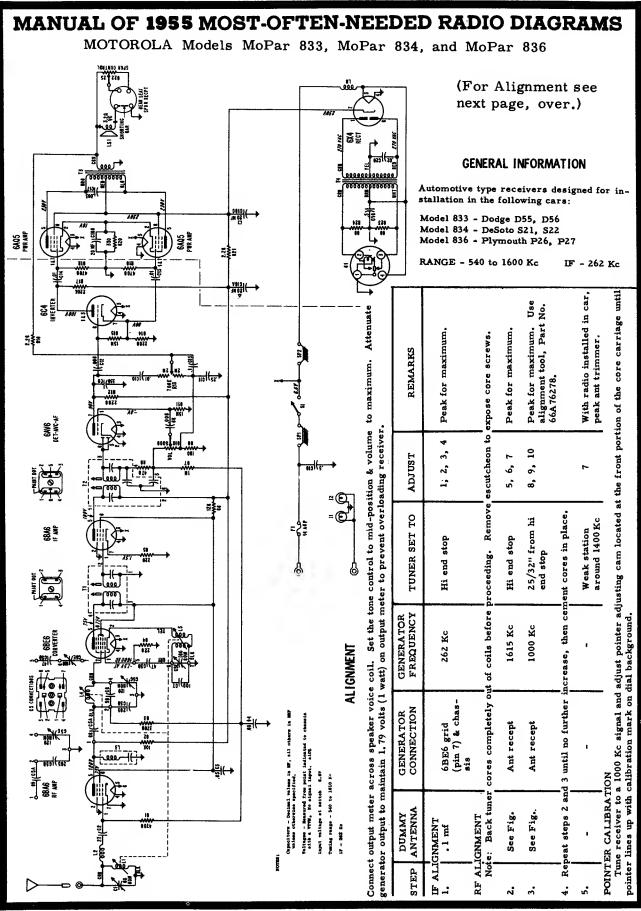


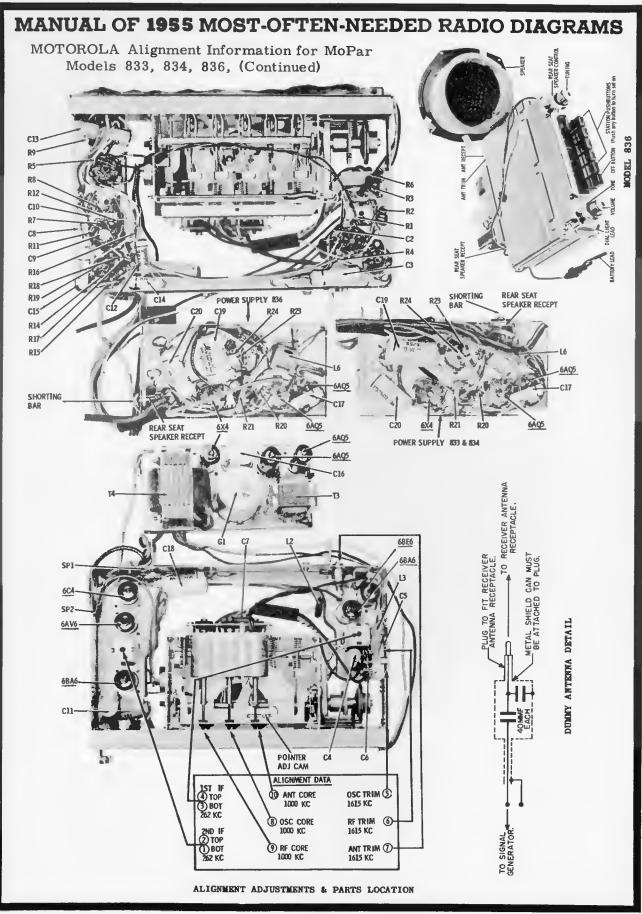




MOTOROLA Models MoPar 613 used in Plymouth P26, P27, and MoPar 614 used in Dodge D55, D56.



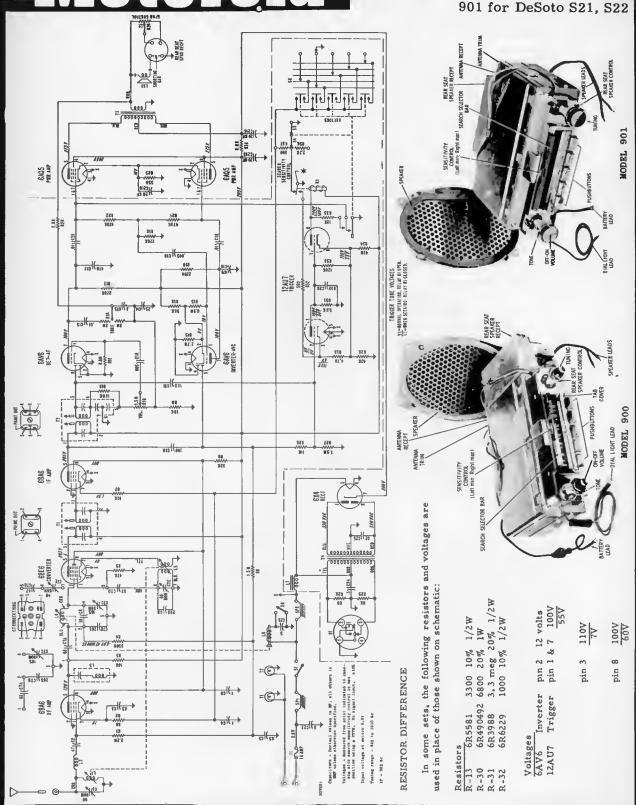


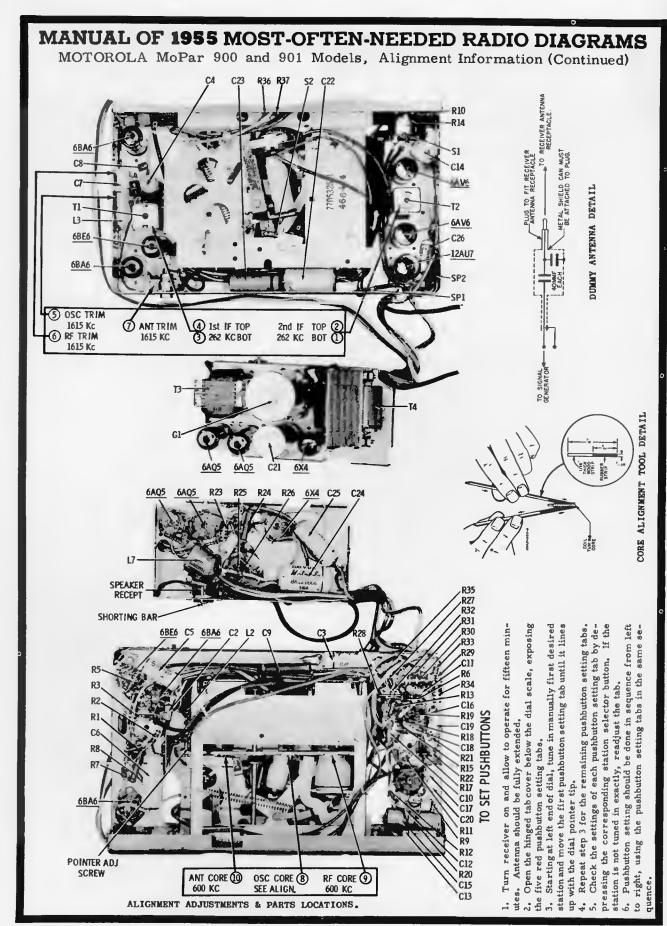


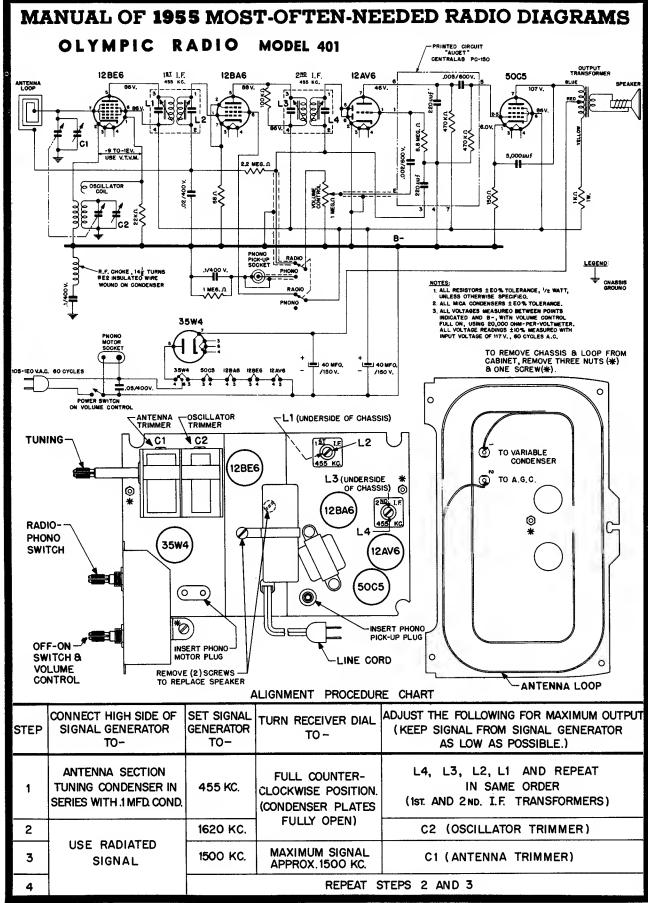
Motorola

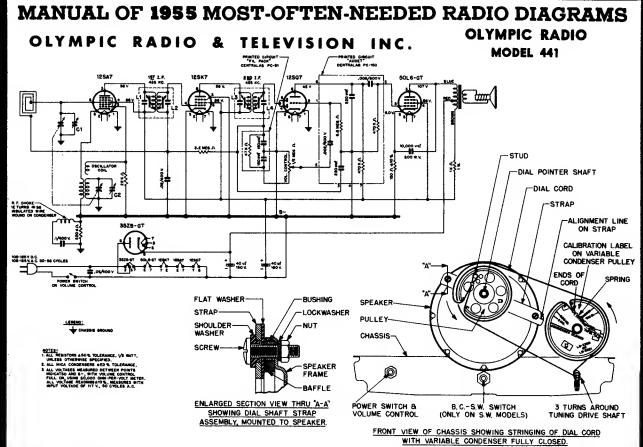
MODELS MoPar 900 MoPar 901 (For Alignment see the next page, over.)

900 for Dodge D55, D56 901 for DeSoto S21, S22









ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS:

The chassis must be removed from the cabinet before alignment can be performed. Before removing chassis pull off dial pointer and the two knobs at the front of the cabinet. At the rear of the cabinet, remove the two screws at the lower right and left hand corners of the chassis apron; these screws are accessible through the notched corners of the antenna loop back. Also remove the screws holding the upper right and left hand corners of the antenna loop back to the cabinet. The chassis can then be easily removed.

Equipment required: Modulated RF signal generator; output meter; insulated screw-driver, two .1 mfd 400 volt

condensers.

To insure proper alignment, a radiated signal will be required during part of the alignment procedure. To radiate a signal, connect a loop of about 6 inches in diameter (one turn of #14 or #12 wire) across the output of the signal generator, and place this loop parallel to the loop of the receiver to be aligned, at a distance of about 10 or 12 inches.

A calibration chart is provided on the variable condenser pulley for convenience in setting the variable condenser to the alignment frequencies. These markings are referenced against the line stamped on the dial pulley mounting strap.

Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

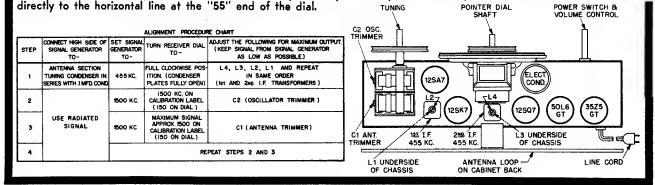
Output meter: Connect across the speaker voice coil and turn the volume control to maximum (extreme clockwise posi-

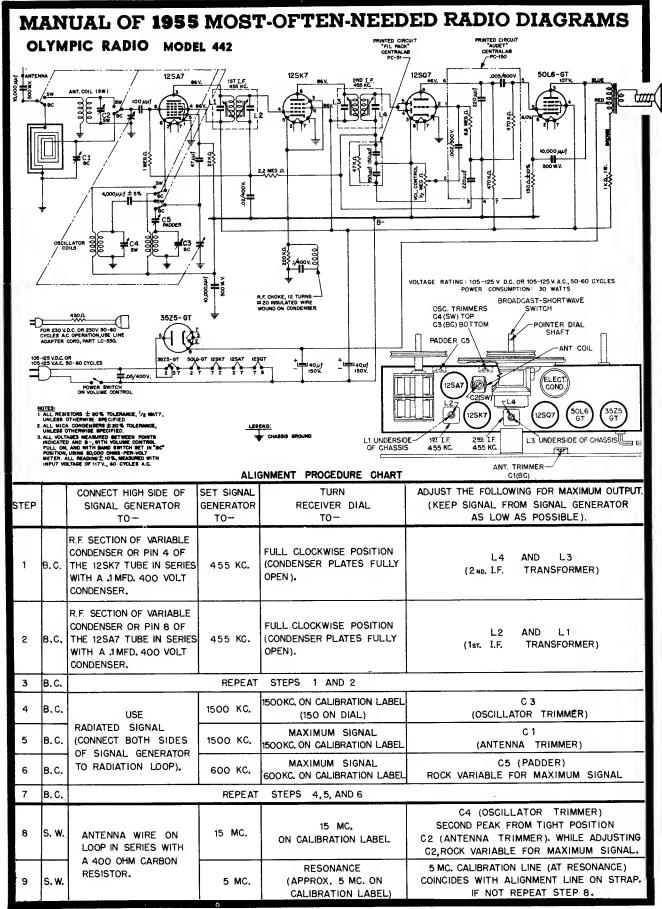
tion).

Signal generator: When the generator is not used to radiate a signal, connect the low side to the receiver chassis through a .I mfd condenser, clip the high side to the point at which signal injection is required, and keep the output as low as possible. Proceed in the sequence shown in the alignment chart.

When the alignment process is completed, turn the tuning knob shaft until the tuning condenser plates are fully meshed. Replace the chassis inside the cabinet, insert and tighten the screws previously removed, and assemble the two knobs on their shafts at the front panel. With the condenser plate fully meshed place the dial pointer on its shaft so that it points directly to the horizontal line at the "55" end of the dial.

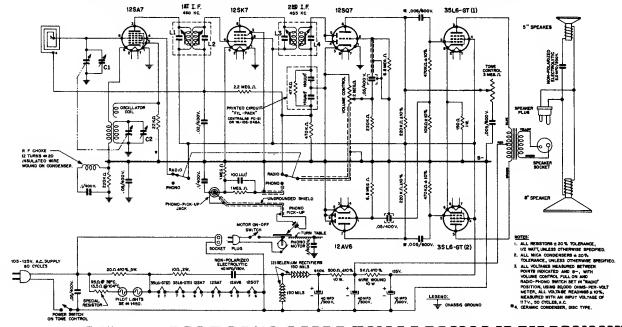
TUNING POINTER DIAL POWER SWITCH A





MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEVISION INC.

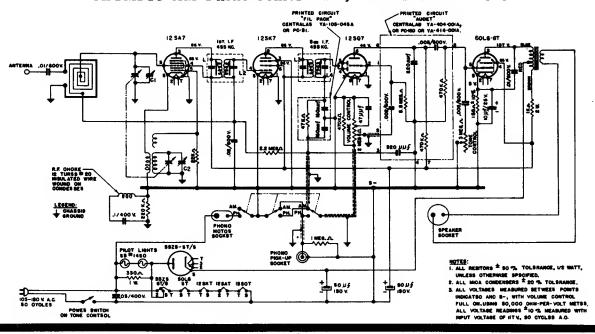
AM-PHONO 3-SPEED CHANGER COMBINATION MODEL HF 500



This alignment procedure chart applies to all models listed on this page.

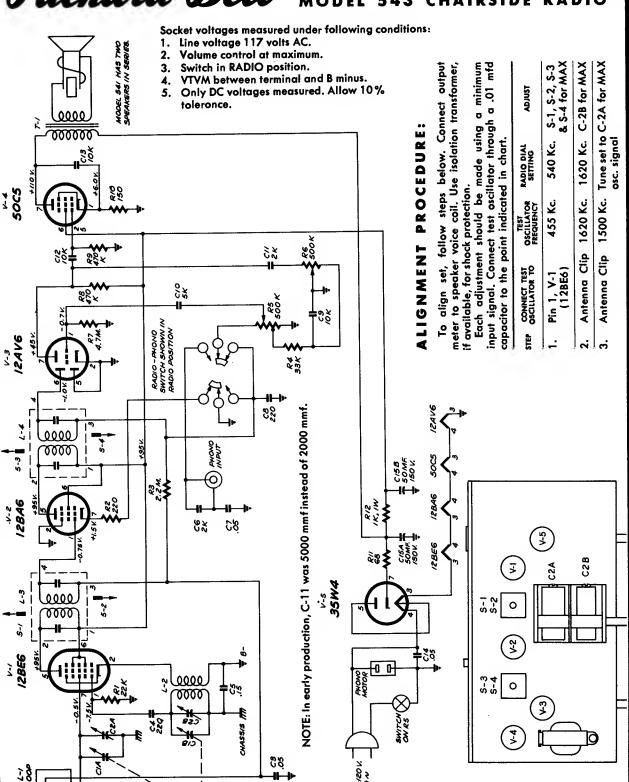
| | | | ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE | CHART | | |
|------|--|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| STEP | CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO - | SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO- | TURN RECEIVER DIAL TO- | ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT. (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE) | | |
| 1 | ANTENNA SECTION TUNING CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH 1 MFD. COND. | 455 KC. | FULL CLOCKWISE POS- ITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN) | L4, L3, L2, L1 AND REPEAT IN SAME ORDER (1st. AND 2mo. LE TRANSFORMERS) | | |
| 2 | | 1500 KC. | 1500 KG. (150 ON DIAL) | C 2 (OSCILLATOR) | | |
| 3 | USE RADIATED SIGNAL | 1500 KC. | MAXIMUM SIGNAL (ANTENNA) | | | |
| 4 | | | RE | PEAT STEPS 2 AND 3 | | |

OLYMPIC AM-Phono Combination, Models 571 and 573

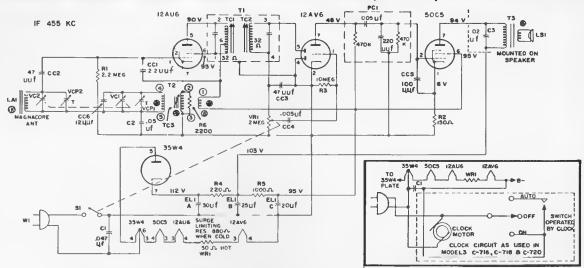


Packard-Bell

MODEL 541 RADIO-PHONO MODEL 543 CHAIRSIDE RADIO



MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO HOME RADIO MODELS C-579, C-580, C-716, C-718 and C-720

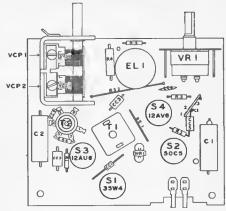


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- GENERAL Allow the set and test equipment to warm up for fifteen minutes before starting alignment procedure.
- TUNING DIAL Before proceeding with the alignment, set the tuning knob indicator so that it is in a horizontal position, just pass the "55" dial mark, when the gang is fully closed.
- OUTPUT INDICATOR Connect the output indicator (a 1000 ohms-pervolt, a-c voltmeter, or an oscilloscope) across the voice-coil terminals.
- SIGNAL GENERATOR Use an AM r-f signal generator. Connect the ground lead to B—, and connect the output lead as indicated in the alignment chart.
- OUTPUT LEVEL Attenuate the signal-generator output throughout the alignment so as to maintain the output level below 0.4 volt.
- RADIO CONTROLS Set the volume control to maximum. Set the tuning control as indicated in the alignment chart.

SPECIFICATIONS

| | Moulded plastic Three tube autodyne (plus rectifier) |
|------------------------|--|
| FREQUENCY RANGE | 540 KC to 1620 KC |
| AUDIO OUTPUT | 1 Watt |
| | C-579 & C-580 105 to 120v., ac or dc |
| Models (| C-716 & C-718 105 to 120v., ac |
| | 30 Watts |
| AERIAL | Self Contained Magnacore |
| INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY | 455KC |
| PHILCO TUBES 12AU | 6 Converter-oscillator, 12AV6 detector |
| 1st | audio, 50C5 output and 35W4 rectifier |



NOTE: In Clock Models, the switch on VRI is removed and a wire is added between wiring panel and clock.



MODEL C-580

| 9 | ۵. | SIGNAL GENER | ATOR | RADIO | | |
|---|------|--|-----------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Slep | Connection to Radio | Dīal Setting | Special Instructions | Dial Setting | Adjust |
| | 1 | Connect signal generator through a .1 mf. condenser to antenna section of luning gang. | | Ädjust for maximum output in order given. | Tuning gang fully opened | TC2 1-F sec. TC1 1-F pri. |
| | 2 | Use radiating loop | 1620 KC | Adjust for maximum output. | Gang fully opened | VCP-2 osc. trim. |
| | 3 | Same as Step 2 | 1400 KC | Ädjust for maximum output. | 1400 KC | VCP-1 ant. trim. |

Repeat Steps 2 and 3 until no further improvement is obtained.

ALIGNMENT CHART

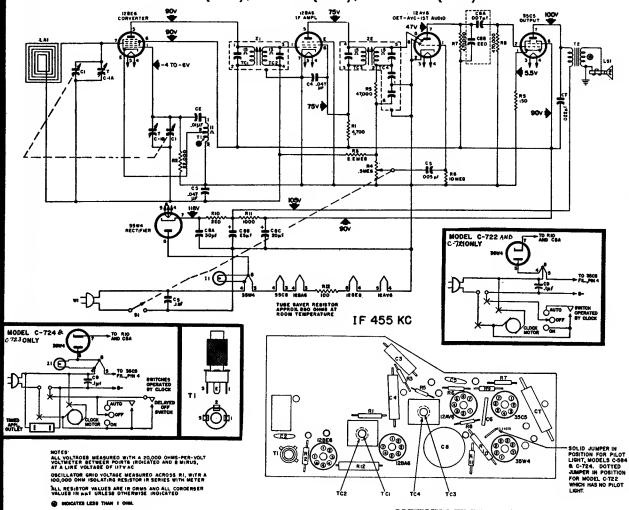


MODEL C-718

NOTE: Use a 6-to-8 turn, 6-inch diameter loop made of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO MODELS C-583, C-721 and C-723 (All Code 124)

C-584 (124), C-722 (124), & C-724 (124)



Y INDICATES CLOCK SOCKET CONNECTIONS

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

RADIO CONTROLS - Set volume control to maximum. Set tuning control as indicated in chart.

OUTPUT METER - Connect across voicecoil terminals.

OUTPUT LEVEL - During alignment, adjust signal-generator output to hold output-meter reading below .5 volts.

ALIGNMENT CHART

| | SIGNAL GENERATOR | | | | |
|------|---|-----------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| STEP | CONNECTION TO RADIO | DIAL SETTING | DIAL SETTING | SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS | ADJUST |
| 1 | Ground lead to B—; output lead through a .1-mf. condenser to grid (pin 7) of 12BE6. | 455 KC | Tuning gang fully open | Adjust tuning cores, in order given, for maximum output. TC1 and TC3 are located at top of transformers. | TC4—2nd i-f sec. TC3—2nd i-f pri. TC2—1st i-f sec. TC1—1st i-f pri. |
| 2 | Radiating loop (See note below). | 1620 KC | 1620 KC* | Adjust trimmer for maximum output. | Cl-B — osc. |
| 3 | Same as step 2. | 1500 KC | 1500 KC | Adjust trimmer for maximum output. | Cl-A — aerial |

NOTE: Make up a 6-8 turn, 6 inch diameter loop from insulated wire, connect to signal-generator leads, and place near radio loop. For proper adjustment of the oscillator trimmer, fully open the tuning gang and insert a .006 inch non-metallic shim between the heel of

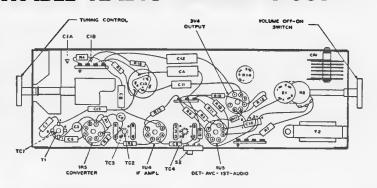
the rotor and the top of the stator plates. Close the tuning gang sufficiently to hold the shim in place, and then remove the shim without disturbing the gang setting.

MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL C-661

MODEL C-662



MODEL C-662

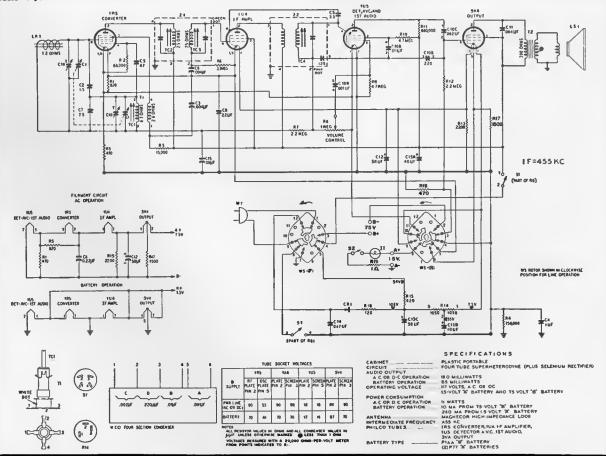


ALIGNMENT CHART

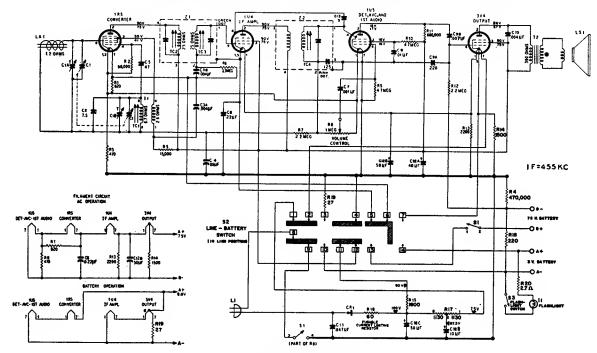
| | SIGNAL GENERATOR | | | | | |
|------|---|-----------------|--|---|--|--|
| STEP | CONNECTION TO RADIO | DIAL SETTING | DIAL SETTING | SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS | ADJUST | |
| 1 | Connect signal generator through a .1-uf. condenser to pin 6 (converter grid) of 1R5. | 455 kc. | Tuning gang fully open. | Adjust for maximum output in order given. | TC4—2nd i-f sec. TC2—1st i-f pri. TC3—1sl i-f sec. | |
| 2 | Use radiating loop. (See NOTE 1 below.) | 1620 kc. | 1620 kc. (mark on extreme right.) | Adjust for maximum output. | ClB—osc. trimmer | |
| 3 | Same as step 2. | 1400 kc. | 1400 kc. (second mark from right.) | Adjust for maximum output. | ClA—antenna trimmer | |
| 4 | Same as step 2. | 600 kc. | 600 kc. (See NOTE 2 below.) | Adjust for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while making this adjustment. | TC1-osc. core | |
| 5 | Repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 until no further improvement is obtained. | | | | | |

NOTE 1. Use a 6-to-8-turn, 6-inch-diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

NOTE 2. The tuning condenser can be set to the proper frequency by turning it until the dical pointer coincides with the respective marks on the dical hackplate.



MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL C-663



ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Dial Indicator — Before alignment, the dial knob should be set as follows: with the condenser gang plates fully meshed, the first knob marking (past the 550 KC point) should be perpendicular to the front of the chassis.

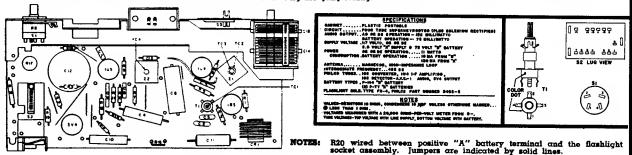
Output Indicator — Connect a 1000-ohms-per-volt a-c voltmeter or an oscilloscope across the voice-coil terminals.

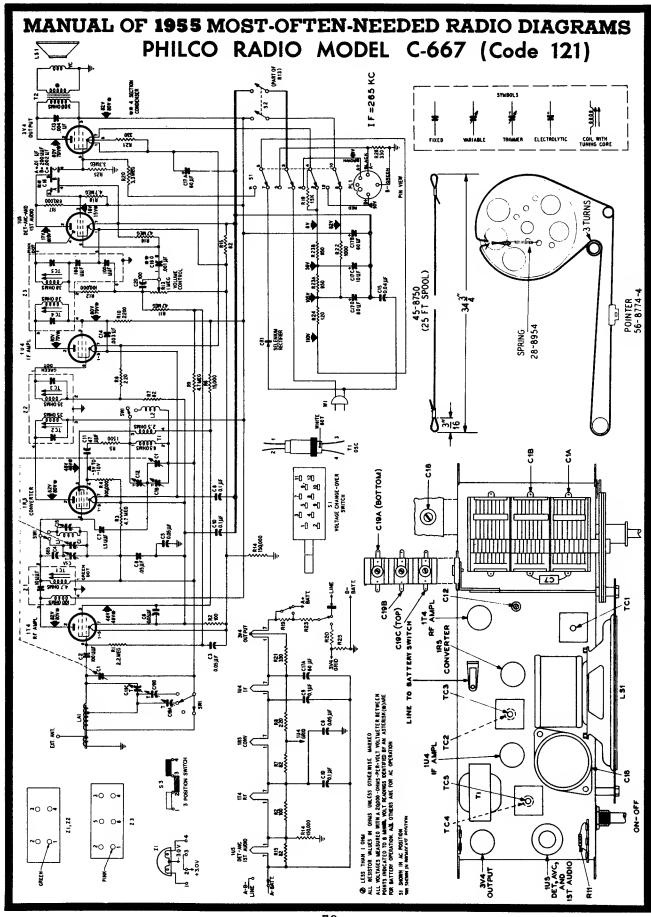
Signal Generator — Use an AM r-f signal generator. Connect the ground lead to B—, and connect the output lead as indicated in the alignment chart.

| | SIGNAL GENERATOR | | | | | |
|------|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| STEP | CONNECTION TO RADIO | DIAL SETTING | DIAL SETTING | SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS | ADJUST | |
| 1 | Connect signal generator through a .1 mfd condenser to pin 6 (converter grid) of 1R5. | 455 kc. | Tuning gang fully open. | Adjust for maximum output in order given. | TC4—2nd I-F sec. TC3—1st I-F sec. TC2—1st I-F pri. | |
| 2 | Use radiating loop (See note one below). | 1620 kc. | 1620 kc. (See note 2 below). | Adjust for maximum. | CIB—osc. trimmer | |
| 3 | Same as step 2. | 1400 kc. | 1400 kc. (Tune for signal.) | Adjust for maximum. | CIA—ant, trimmer | |
| 4 | Same as step 2. | 600 kc. | 600 kc. (Tune for signal.) | Adjust for maximum output, Rock tuning gang while making this adjustment. | TC-1—Osc. core | |
| 5 | Repect steps 2, 3, and 4 until no further improvement is noted. | | | | | |

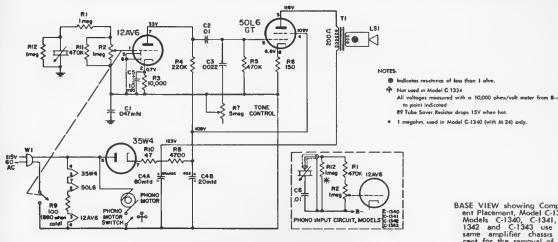
NOTE 1: Use a 6- to -8 turn. 6 inch diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

NOTE 2: The tuning condenser can be set to the proper frequency for the oscillator adjustment as follows: Fully open the tuning gang and insert a .006 non-metallic shim between the heel of the rotor and the top of the stator plates. Close the gang sufficiently to hold the shim in place, and then remove the shim without disturbing the gang setting.





MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO MODELS C-1334, C-1340, C-1341, C-1342, C-1343



Model C-1334 Schematic (for Models C-1340 to C-1343 see inset)

BASE VIEW showing Component Placement, Model C-1340, C-1341, C-1342 and C-1343 use the same amplifier chassis except for the removal of R11 and the addition of C6.

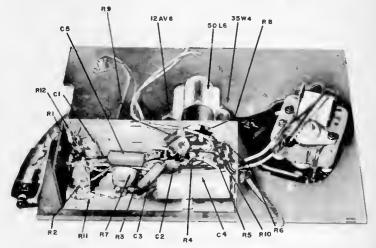
SPECIFICATIONS

Circuit — Two tube amplifier plus rectifier.

Audio Output - 1.0 watt.

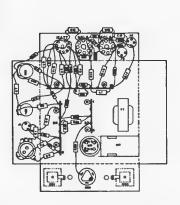
Operating Voltage - 105 to 125 volts, 60 cycles, A.C.

Power Consumption - 55 watts.

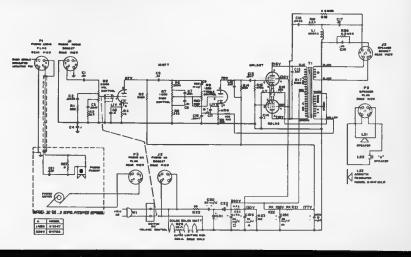


PHILCO HI-FIDELITY PHONOGRAPHS

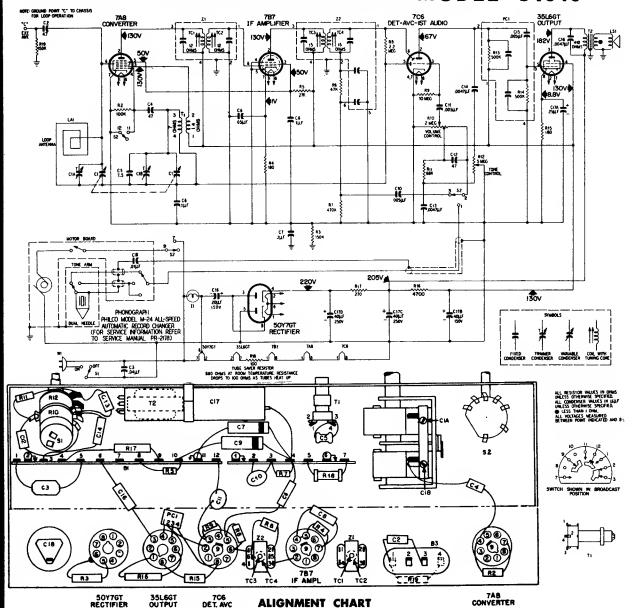
MODELS C-1347 and C-1755



Base View --- Models C-1347 and C-1755



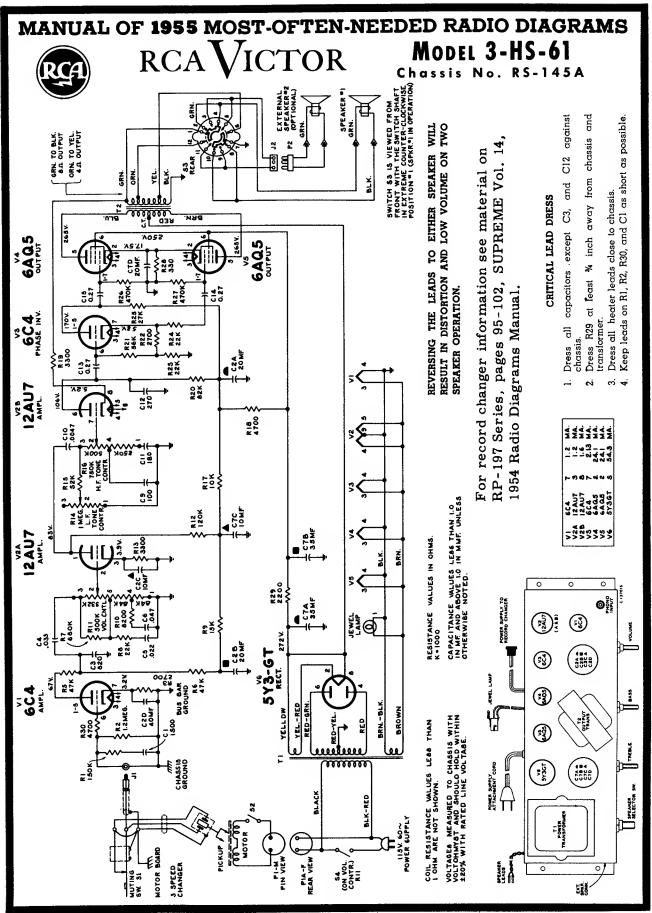
MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO RADIO-PHONOGRAPH MODEL C1348

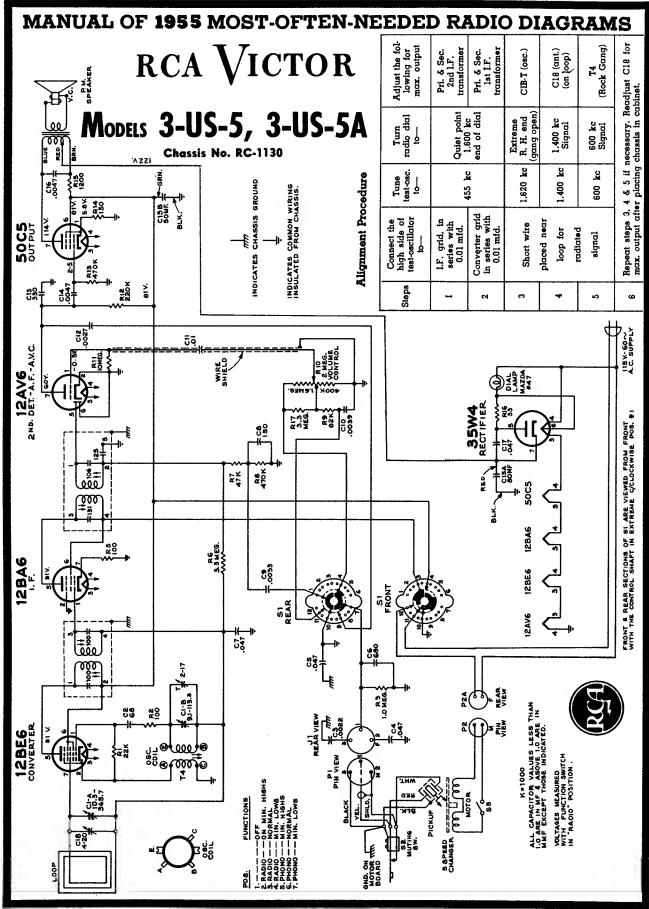


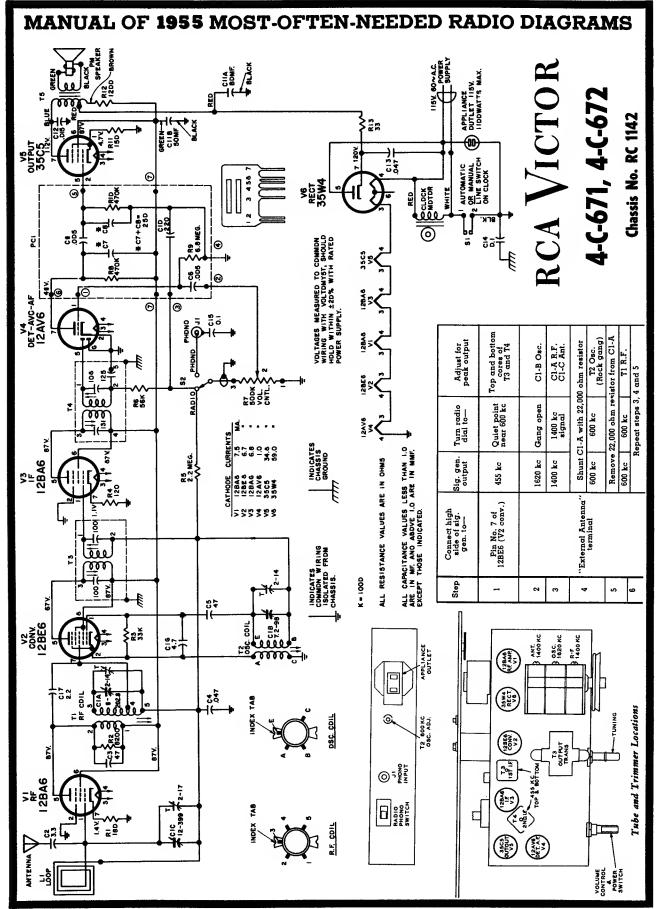
| STEP | SIGNAL GENERATOR | | | | |
|------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | CONNECTION TO RADIO | DIAL SETTING | DIAL SETTING | SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS | ADJUST TRIMMER |
| 1 | Output lead through a .01-\(mu f\). condenser to grid (pin 6) of 7A8 converter tube. | 455 kc. (modulated) | Gang fully open | Adjust, in order given in next column, for maximum output. TC2 and TC4 are located at top of transformers. | TC4—2nd i-f sec. TC3—2nd i-f pri. TC2—1st i-f sec. TC1—1st i-f pri. |
| 2 | Radiating loop. (See NOTE 1 below.). | 1620 kc. | 1620 kc. (See NOTE 2 below.) | Adjust for maximum output. | C1B—oscillator trimmer |
| 3 | Same as step 2. | 1520 kc. | 1520 kc. (See | Adjust for maximum output. | ClA—antenna trimmer |

NOTE 1: Make up a 6—8 turn, 6-inch-diameter loop from insulated wire; connect to signal-generator leads, and place near radio loop. NOTE 2: The tuning gang can be set to 1620 kc. and 1520 kc. by turning the tuning control until the pointer coincides with the respective marks on the dial backplate.

below.)









O

d 0 **0** 0

PHONO INPUT

JACK

4-C-541 SERIES

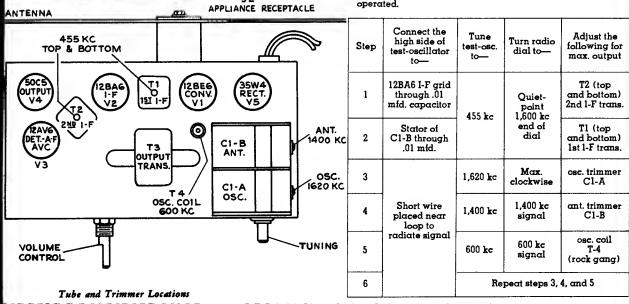
Chassis No. RC-1145

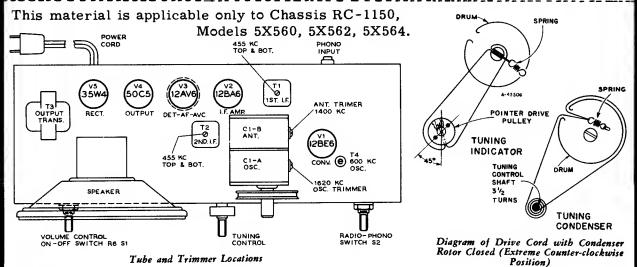
The material on this page and on the page adjacent at right, is exact for Models $\underline{4C541}$, $\underline{4C542}$, $\underline{4C543}$, $\underline{4C544}$, $\underline{4C545}$, $\underline{4C547}$, Chassis $\underline{RC-1145}$. Models $\underline{4C531}$, $\underline{4C532}$, $\underline{4C533}$, $\underline{4C534}$, $\underline{4C535}$, Chassis $\underline{RC-1144}$ are similar electrically to RC-1145, but omit radio-phono switch S2 and outlet J2. Models $\underline{4X551}$, $\underline{4X552}$, $\underline{4X553}$, $\underline{4X554}$, $\underline{4X555}$, Chassis $\underline{RC-1146}$, and Models $\underline{5X560}$, $\underline{5X562}$, $\underline{5X564}$, Chassis $\underline{RC-1150}$, are also similar electrically to Chassis $\underline{RC-1145}$ described on these two pages, but omit clock mechanism.

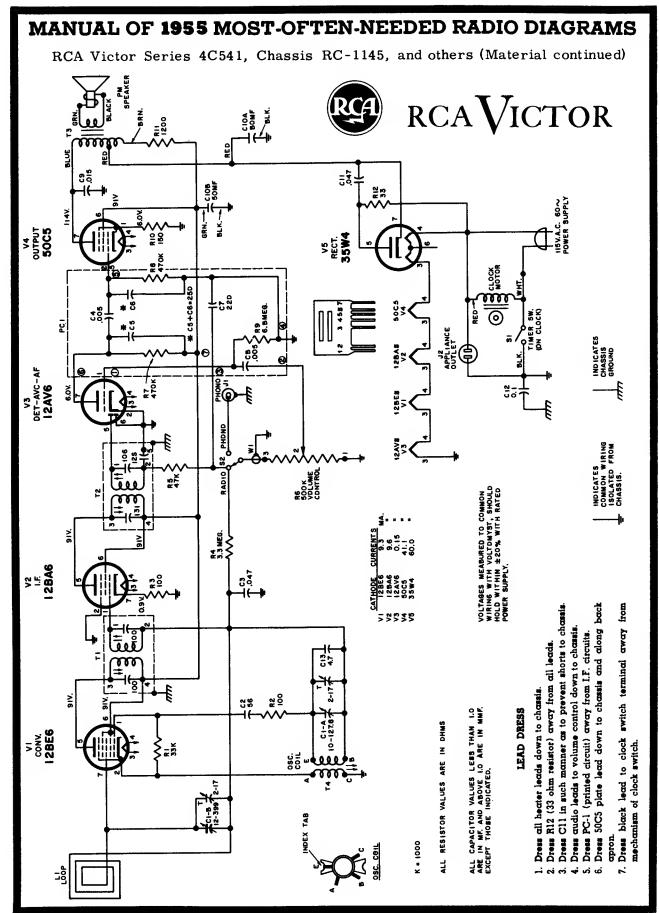
Alignment Procedure

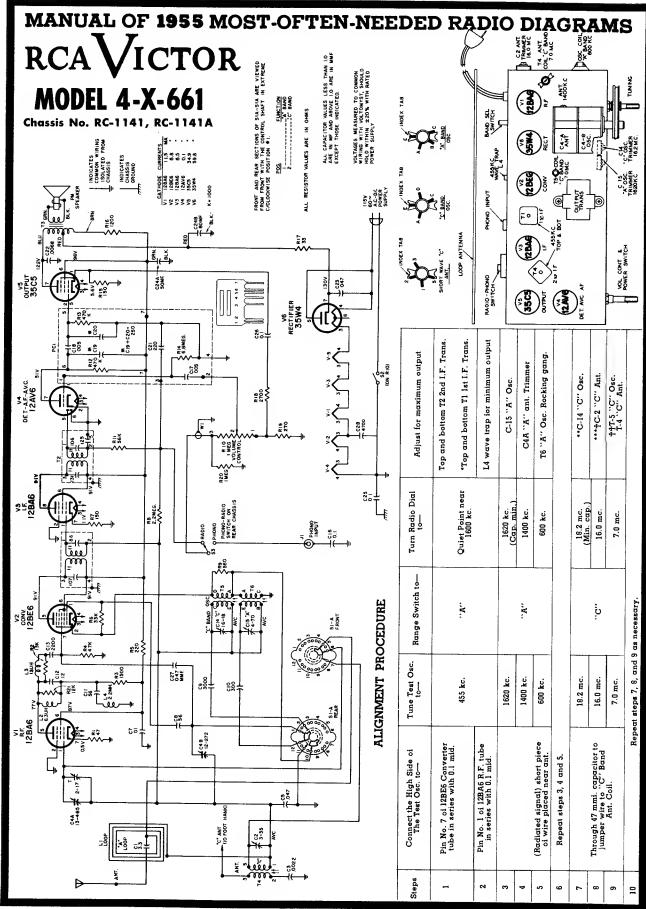
Test-Oscillator—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid a-v-c action.

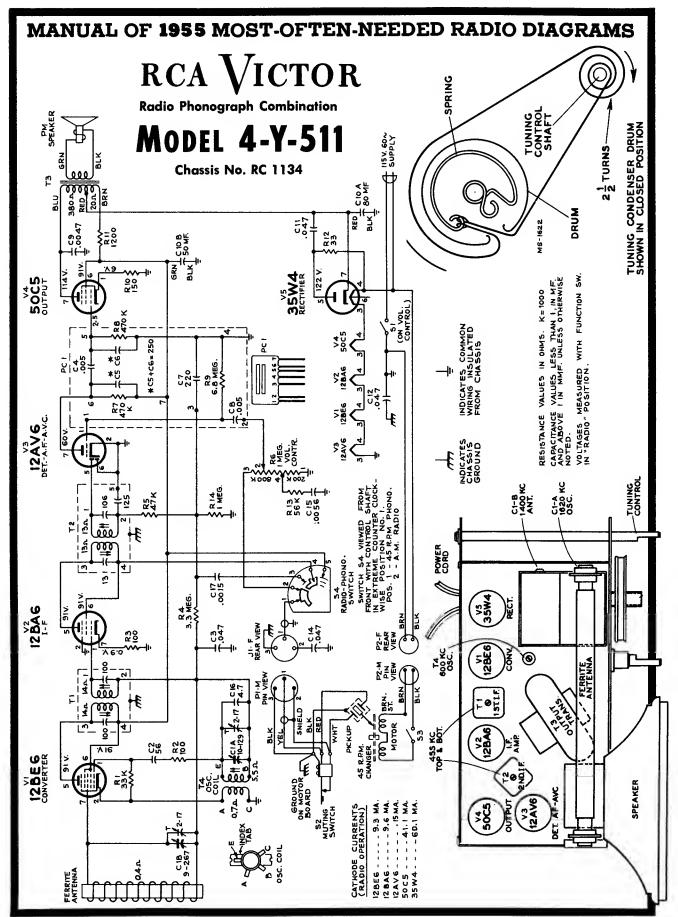
An isolation transformer (115/115 v.) may be necessary for the receiver if the test-oscillator is also a.c. operated.

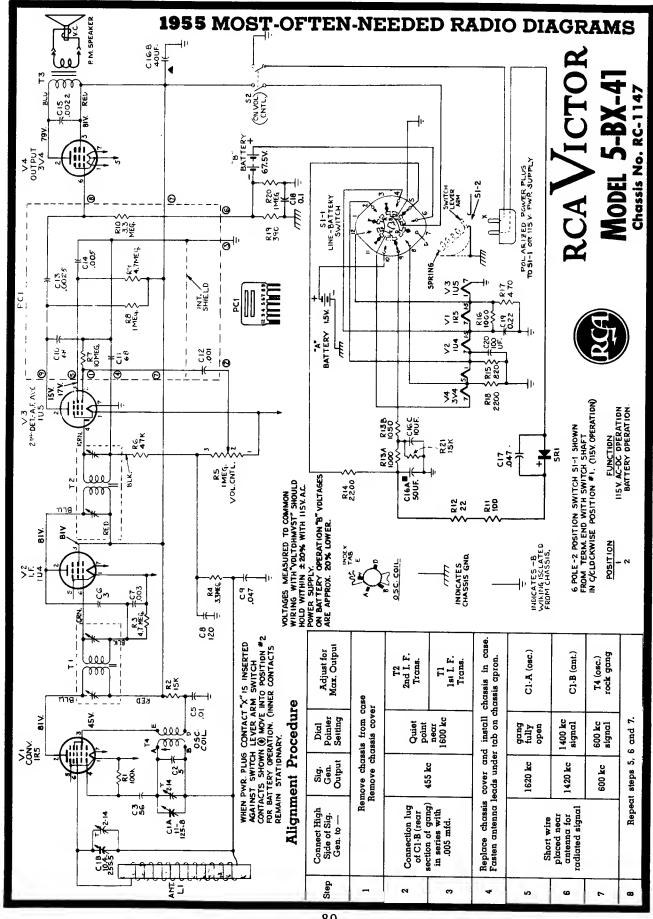


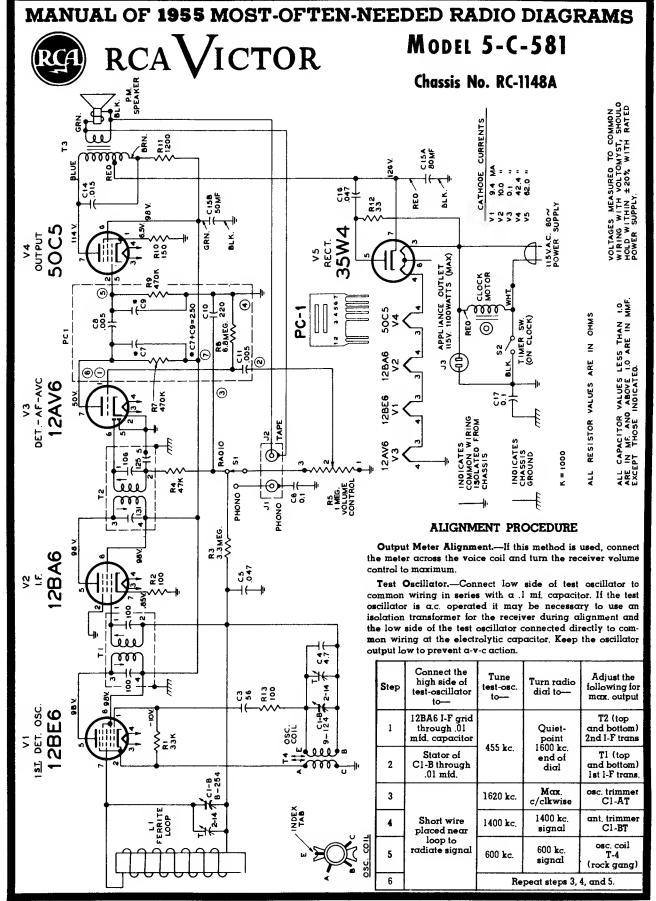


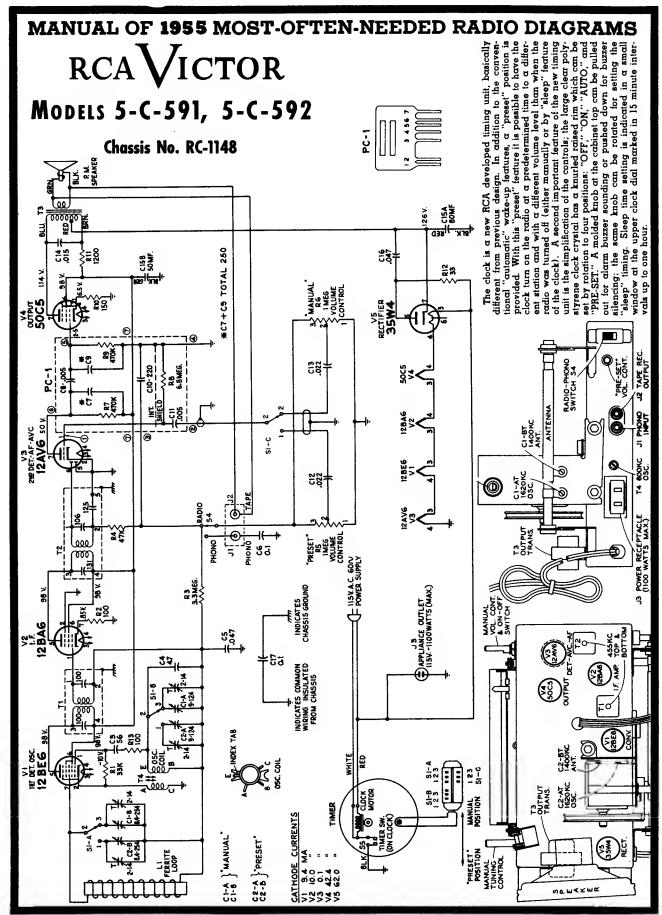


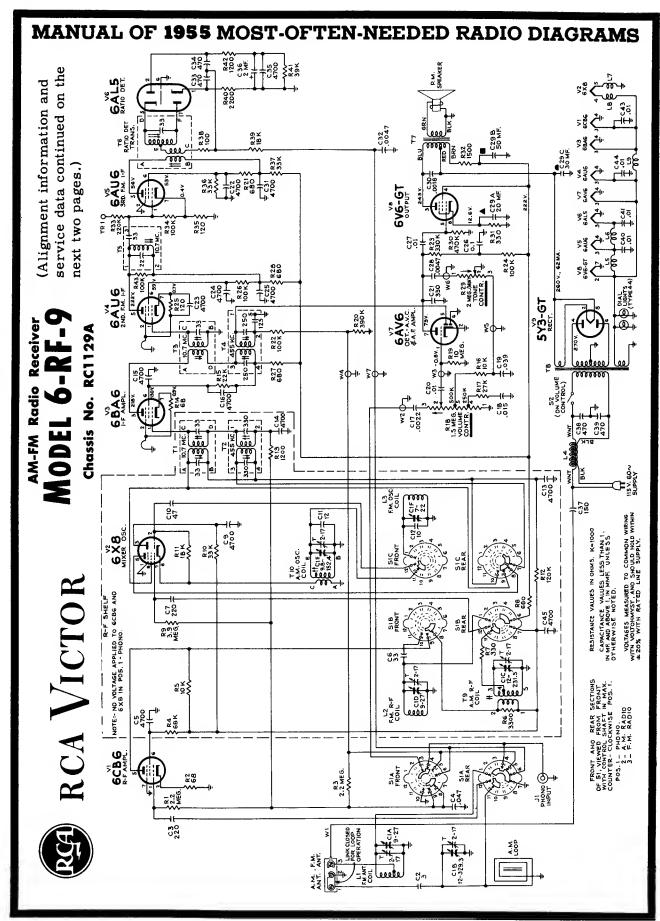












RCA Victor Model 6-RF-9, Chassis RC-1129A (Continued) (See also next page)

CORE PEAKING

Incorrect peaking can seriously affect gain and bandwidth. The correct peak is noted for the various coils and transformers.

- 1. The RF transformer core screw should be adjusted on the peak position furtherest removed from the coil mounting clip. An incorrect peak may sometimes be obtained with the core screw almost all the way into the clip.
- 2. The oscillator coil (AM) should be adjusted on the peak obtained with the core coming out the lug end of the coil. When adjusting from the top of the chassis, this is the peak with the core furtherest into the coil.
- 3. The position of the FM IF transformer screws should be noted after adjustment. These cores should be peaked with the core part way out of the coil toward the adjusting hole. It is possible to run the IF cores all the way through the FM windings and obtain a second peak. This will cause serious overcoupling and should be avoided by using a marked adjusting stick. The correct peak is always the first peak obtained when the core is started in from the "backed all the way out" position.

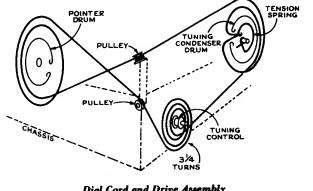
VOLTAGE CHART

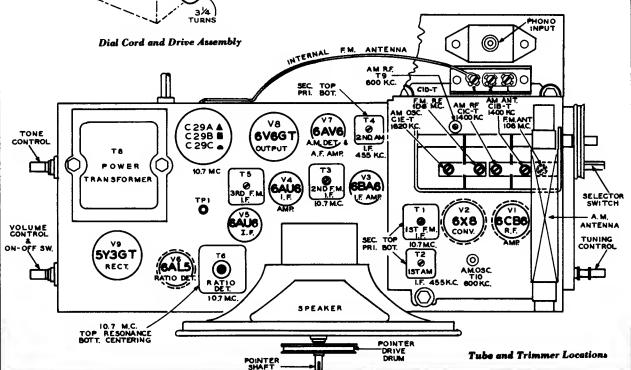
| Tube | Туре | Elements | Pin No. | "AM" | "FM" | Phono. |
|------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| I | RF cmp. 6CB6 | Piate Screen Cathode Grid | 5 6 2 1 | 195 96 0.4 -1.4 | t28 65 0.5 -0.2 | |
| 2 | Mixer 6X8 | Plate Screen Grld | 9 8 7 | 39 39 -2.8 | 38 39 -1.5 | = |
| | Osc. 6X8 | Plate Grid | 3 2 | 79 -6.1 | 66 -2.3 | = |
| 3 | lF cmp. 6BA6 | Plate Screen Cathode Grid | 5 6 7 1 | 195 122 0.8 -1.6 | 187 100 0.9 | 218 130 0.9 -1.2 |
| 4 | IF cmp. 6AU6 | Plate Screen Cathode | 5 6 7 | 200 65 0.55 | 195 62 0.55 | 222 69 0.65 |
| 5 | IF amp. 6AU6 | Piate Screen Cathode Grid | 5 6 7 1 | 52 49 0.36 -0.34 | 50 47 0.35 -0.34 | 56 53 0.4 -0.3 |
| 6 | Ratio Det. 6AL5 | _ | | _ | _ | _ |
| 7 | AF amp. 6AV6 | Plate Grid | 7 | 69 -0.8 | 69 -0.8 | 73 -0.8 |
| 8 | Output 6V6GT | Plate Screen Cathode | 3 4 8 | 242 200 11.1 | 240 195 10.7 | 243 222 12.8 |
| 9 | Rectifier 5Y3GT | Fil. | 8 | 257 | 254 | 260 |

The heater voltage of the mixer/oscillator tube (6X8) is approx. 0.4 volt lower than other tubes in the same circuit. This is due to the filament choke coils L7 and L8.

Voltages and currents measured with tuning condenser closed and no signal input should hold within ±20% with rated line voltage.

RCA VoltOhmyst used for measuring all voltages.





RCA Victor Model 6-RF-9, Chassis RC-1129A (Continued)

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Due to the use of separate I.F. transformers, there is little interaction between the 10.7 mc, and the 455 kc. adjustments.

There is a slight interaction of adjustments on the tuning condenser between AM and FM.

Final adjustment of AM ant. trimmer should be made with chassis and antenna in cabinet.

Alignment Indicators:

For measuring the developed d-c voltage across C36 during FM alignment an RCA VoltOhmyst or an equivalent meter should be used. An output meter connected across the voice coil is also needed to indicate minimum audio output during FM Ratio Detector alignment.

The RCA VoltOhmyst can also be used to indicate audio output voltage across the voice coil or developed voltage on the AVC bus.

Signal Generator:

For alignment operations connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis. The output of the signal generator should always be controlled to prevent over-loading or excessive AVC action.

Oscilloscope Alignment:

It is preferable to use a sweep generator and oscilloscope for aligning I.F. and R.F. circuits to obtain a visual observation of curve shape during alignment.

With FM sweep generator connected between FM ant. (#3) terminal and chassis, and oscilloscope connected between the junction of R39-C32 and chassis, the overall FM linearity may be observed. With 100% FM modulation there should be a peak-to-peak separation of 150 kc. with 50,000 microvolts input before noticeable distortion of the sine wave is present.

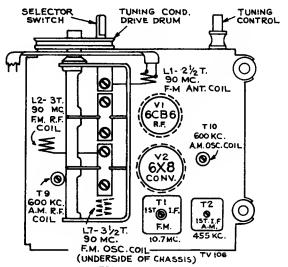
For FM alignment of the ratio detector, connect oscilloscope to junction of 56K resistors as in alignment table, adjusting T6 top and bottom cores for 10.7 mc. crossover and balanced peaks. When aligning other FM tuned circuits, connect oscilloscope to TP1. Follow alignment table sequence, adjusting for maximum gain and symmetry.

AM Alignment

RANGE SWITCH IN AM POSITION

| Steps | Connect high side of sig. gen. to— | Sig. gen. output | Turn radio dial to— | Adjust for peak output | |
|-------|---|--|--|---|--|
| ı | Pin 1 of V3 6BA6 in series with .01 mfd. | 455 kc. | Quiet point | T4 bottom core (pri.) T4 top core (sec.) | |
| 2 | Tap terminal T9 term, 4 in series with .01 mid. | 433 Re. | freq. end | T2 top core (sec.) T2 bottom core (pri.) | |
| 3 | | 1620 kc. | High freq. end of dial (min. cap.) | ClE-T | |
| 4 | No. 1 terminal on | 1400 kc. | 1400 kc. signal | ClB-T ant, ClC-T r.f. | |
| 5 | ant. input strip | Shunt a 10,000 ohm resistor across the r.i. section of the gang. | | | |
| 6 | | 600 kc. | 600 kc. signal | Ti0 osc.* (Rock gang.) | |
| 7 | | Remove the 10,000 ohm resistor and peak T9 r.i.* | | | |
| 8 | Repeat 3, 4, 5, | 6 and 7 | | | |

* The correct adjustment of the Osc. (T10) core is that peak obtained with core furtherest away from the coil mounting clips. R.F. (T9) core should be set to the peak obtained (2 peaks are seldom obtainable) with core closest to the mounting clips.



FM Coil Locations

FM Alignment RANGE SWITCH IN FM POSITION— VOLUME CONTROL MAXIMUM—TONE CONTROL CENTER

| | VOLUME CONTINUE ANALISM CONTINUE CENTER | | | | | |
|-------|---|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Steps | Connect high side of sig. gen. to— | Sig. gen. output | Turn radio dlal to— | Adjust for peak output | | |
| I | Pin 1 of V5 6AU6 in serles with .0I mfd. | 10.7 mc. modulated 30% 400 cycles | Quiet point at low freq. end | | | |
| 2 | Connect Voresistor, Adju | T6 top core for max. d-c voltage across C36 | | | | |
| 3 | Shunt R41 wi connected in a from center j junction | T6 bottom core for 0 volts d-c | | | | |
| 4 | Pin 1 of V3 6BA6 in series with .01 mfd. | 10.7 mc. modujated | Quiet point | VoltOhmyst conn. to TP1. ††T5 top core. T3 top & bottom | | |
| 5 | Stator of C1D in series with .01 mid. | 30% 400 cycles | freq. end | cores. ††Tl top and bottom cores | | |
| 6 | FM Ant. | 90 mc. | 90 mc. | Remove bottom shield. **Osc. coil L3 | | |
| 7 | terminals 270 ohm resistor in series #3 | 106 mc. | 106 mc. signal | Replace bottom shield, ClA-T ant., ClD-T r.f. | | |
| 8 | term. | 90 m.c. | 90 mc. | **Ll ant. L2 r.f. | | |
| 9 | Repeat steps 6, 7, and 8 until further adjustment does not improve calibration. | | | | | |

†† Alternate loading may be necessary to provide accurate observation of peaks.

Alternate loading involves the use of a 680 ohm resistor to load the plate winding while the grid winding of the SAME TRANSFORMER is being peaked. Then the grid winding is loaded with the resistor while the plate winding is peaked. Only one winding is loaded at any one time. Remove the 680 ohm resistor after T3 and T1 have been aligned.

Oscillator frequency is above signal frequency on both AM and FM

Extreme care should be used to avoid running the I.F. cores all the way through the winding and out the other end.

** Note: FM antenna, mixer and oscillator coils are adjustable by increasing or decreasing the spacing between turns. The location of the tap on the antenna coil is % turn to % turn from the ground end.



ALIGNMENT INDICATORS:

An RCA VoltOhmyst or equivalent meter is necessary for measuring developed d-c voltage during FM alignment. Connections are specified in the alignment tabulation. An output meter is also necessary to indicate maximum audio output during AM alignment. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil. The RCA VoltOhmyst can also be used as an AM alignment indicator, either to measure audio output or to measure AVC voltage. When audio output is being measured, the volume control should be turned to maximum. Adjust tone control to mid-position.

SIGNAL GENERATOR:

For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis. If output measurement is used for AM alignment, the output of the signal generator should be kept as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

AM Alignment FUNCTION SWITCH IN AM POSITION

| | FORCITO | II DIVII CII | III AM IOD | |
|-------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Steps | Connect high side of stg. gen. to— | Sig. gen. output | Turn radio dial to— | Adjust for peak output |
| 1 | Ptn No. 1 of V3 in series with .01 mfd | 455 kc. | Quiet point | T4 bottom core (sec.) T4 top core (pri.) |
| 2 | Tap lug 4 on AM RF coil | (mod.) | at high freq. end | T2 bottom core (sec.) T2 top core (pri.) |
| 3 | | 1620 kc. (mod.) | 1620 kc. (gang open) | CfE-T (osc.) |
| 4 | Short wire placed near loop for | f 400 kc. (mod.) | f 400 kc. | C37 (ant.) C1C-T (rf.) |
| 5 | radiated signal | 600 kc. | 600 kc. | L6 (osc.) with (rocking gang) |
| 6 | 1 | (mod.) | | L4 (RF) |
| 7 | Repeat steps 4, 5 and 6 until Maximum gain is obtained | | | |

FM Alignment FUNCTION SWITCH IN FM POSITION—VOLUME CONTROL MINIMUM—TONE CONTROL CENTER

| Steps | Connect high side of sig. gen. to— | Sig. gen. output | Turn radio dial to— | Adjust for max, output |
|-------|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| f | Pin No. 1 of V5-12AU6 | | Quiet | T6 top core for zero d.c. (across C26) T6 bottom core for maximum d.c (junction of R24 and R25) |
| 2 | Pin No. f of V4-12AU6 | f0.7 mc | point at low frequency end | †T5 top core |
| 3 | Pin No. f of V3-12BA6 | | | T3 top core †*T3 bottom core |
| 4 | C1-B Stator | | | Ti top core †*Ti bottom core |
| 5 | | 87 mc. | 87 mc. (gang closed) | †FM osc. L8 |
| 6 | FM Ant, termingis thru 270 ohm resistor | f06 mc. | f06 mc. | †FM R.F CfB- T |
| 7 | | 90 mc. | 90 mc. | †FM R.F. L2 |
| 8 | | Repeat | steps 6 and 7 ur gain is obtain | |
| 9 | | f00 mc. | f00 mc. | †FM Ant. coil L5 |

*If necessary for accurate peaking, the winding in the same transformer not being peaked should be fooded with a 680 ohm resistor. *Connect VoltOhmyst to pin f of V5 through a 220K isolating resistor with ¼ inch maximum exposed lead at grid terminal end. Output adjusted for 1 volt d.c. Dress VoltOhmyst lead away from input circuits.

input circuits.
Oscillator frequency is above signal frequency on both AM and FM

AM-FM Radio Receiver MODEL 6-XF-9

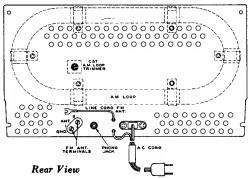
Chassis No. RC-1121B

(See next page at right for circuit diagram and additional material.)

If an FM sweep generator is used for FM alignment, adjust for 10.7 mc, 0.4 mc sweep. Connect oscilloscope across C26, adjusting discriminator T6 top core for 10.7 mc crossover, and T6 bottom core for balanced peaks. Peak separation should be approximately 330 kc. When aligning the other FM tuned circuits, connect oscilloscope lead through a 220K resistor to pin 1 of V5. Follow alignment table sequence, adjusting for maximum gain and symmetrical curves.

TUNING RANGE

| # | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Standard Broadcast (AM) | 540-1600 kc |
| Frequency Modulation (FM) | |
| Intermediate Frequency (AM) | 455 kc |
| Intermediate Frequency (FM) | 10.7 mc |



CRITICAL LEAD DRESS

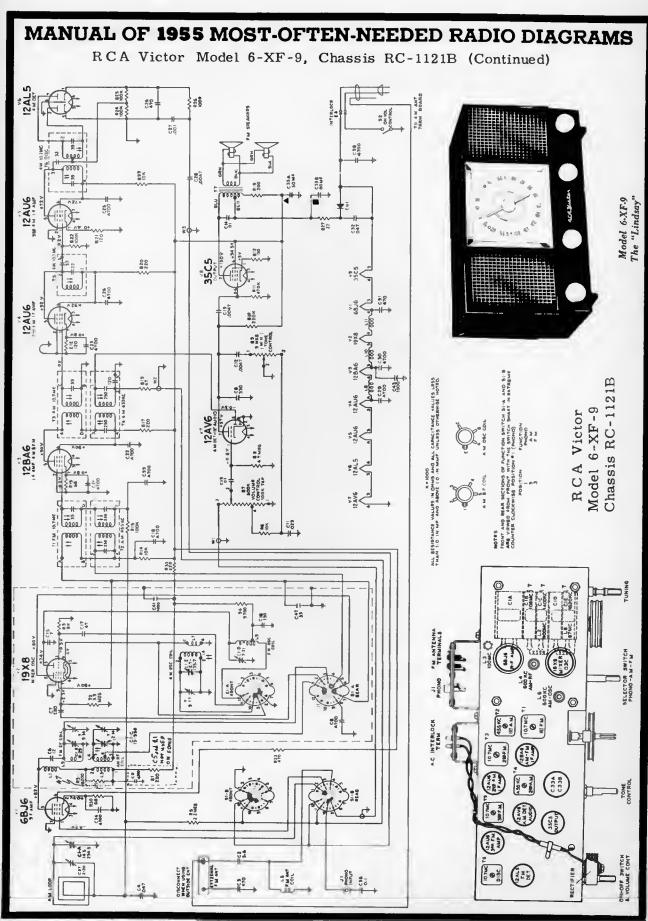
- All FM IF Transformer grid and plate leads should be short and direct as possible and kept low, near chassis.
- C26 leads should be kept as short as possible
 C32 leads should be kept as short as possible
- C32 leads should be kept as short as possible.
 R24 and R25 leads should be kept as short as possible on T6 terminal 6 side.
- C27 should ground in hole near terminal 5 of V6 with short leads.
- 6. AM oscillator coil should not be tilted over toward function switch when wrapping short bus leads to switch.
- 7. Keep leads V5 pin 5, to T6 term 1, as short as possible and low near chassis.
- 8. Dress C28 down on chassis and against terminal board. Run filament lead between V5 and V6 on side of V6 socket
- opposite C28.

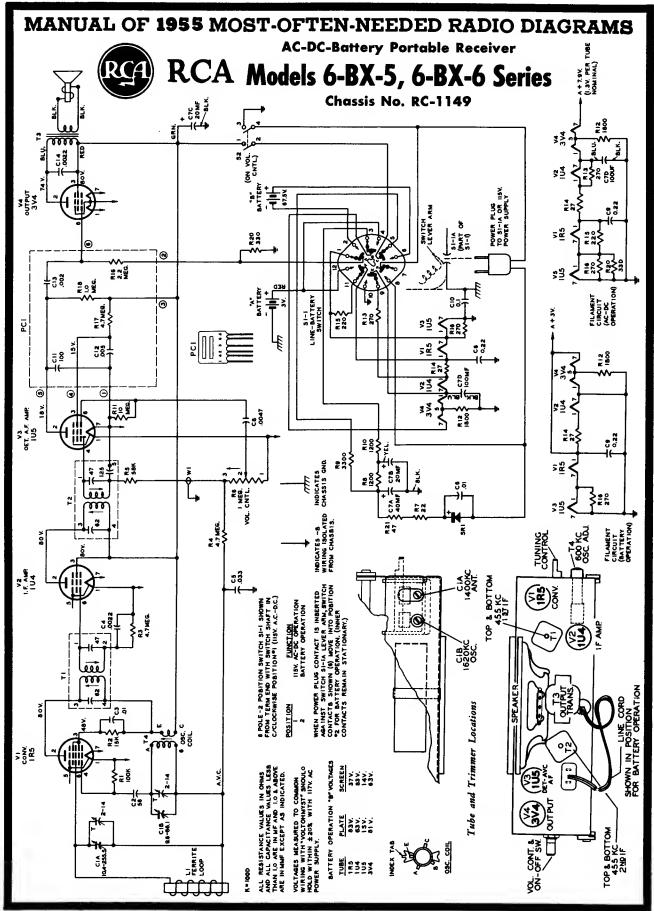
 9. All ceramic button 4700 uuf condensers should have leads
- as short as possible.

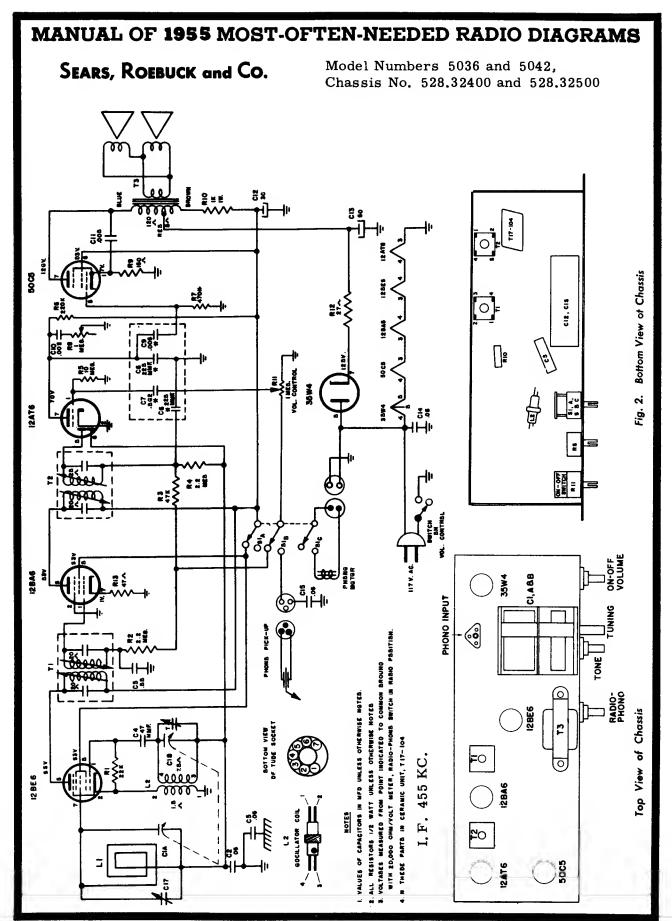
 10. Green lead from AM oscillator stator gang terminal to AM
- oscillator coil should be dressed against front of shield box and up above filament choke.
- 11. RF plate choke L1, should be dressed at least 1/8" away from AM R.F. coil L4 and at least 1/8" from shield.
 12. Mixer grid condenser C7 should be dressed away from
- FM oscillator gang stator terminal and away from leads connecting to terminals 8 and 9 of V2 socket.
- Filament chokes L10 and L11 should be raised a minimum of 1/16" above chassis.
- 14. Use varnished tubing only on choke and coupling condleads coming through shield partition slot.
- 15. Condenser C2 should have lead on antenna terminal end not more than 3/16" long to prevent possible contact of lead or body to "Hot" chassis.

 16. Condensers C3 and C35 should use varnished tubing, not
- vinyl, to prevent breakthrough crossing chassis edge.

 17. Oscillator grid condenser C17 should have short leads and
- be dressed away from filament choke L10. 18. Leads from loop terminal to chassis terminal board should

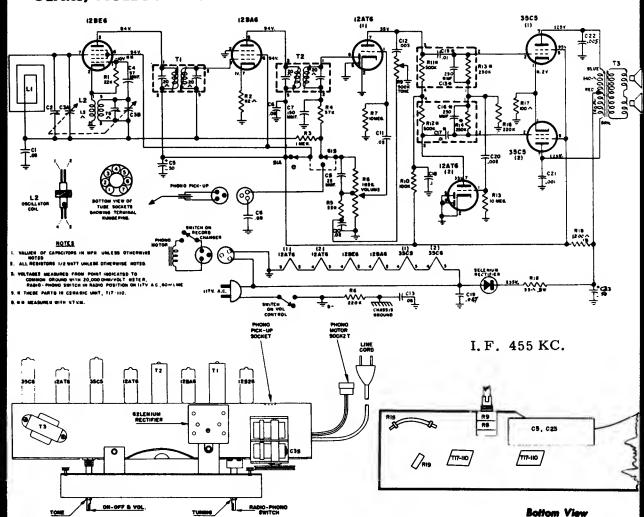






SEARS, ROEBUCK and Co.

Models 5045, 5046, Chassis No. 528.34900

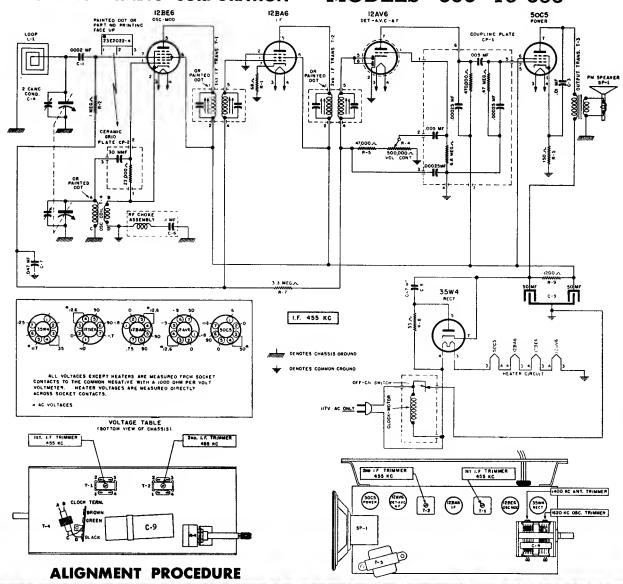


Top View of Chassis

CHASSIS PARTS LIST

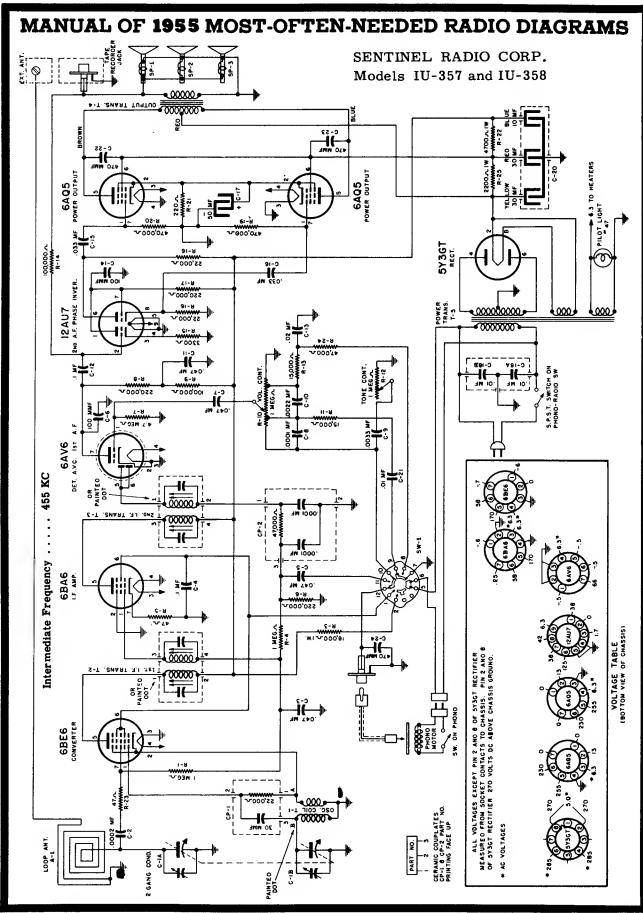
| SCHEMATIC LOCATION | PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | SCHEMATIC LOCATION | PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| C1, C6 | T16-197 | Capasitor, tubular; .05 mfd., 200 v. | R10 | 5601040M | Resister, 100K abm, ½ w. |
| C2 C3, A & B | T20-143 T19-231 | Capacitor, antonna trimmor Capacitor, variable; with drum | R11, R12, R13, (| R14 | Parts of soramic coupling units (T17-110) |
| C4 | T15-229 | Capasitor, seramis; 47 mmfd. | R17 | \$601010K | Resistor, 100 ohm, 12 w., 10% |
| C5, C23 | T18-304 | Capaciter, eles., 30-50 mfd., 150 v. | RTS | T61-10 | Resister, 33 ohm, 3 w., 10% |
| C7 | T15-251 | Capacitor, seramic; 150 mmfd. | R19 | \$601221K | Resistor, 1200 ohm, 1 w., 18% |
| C8, C13 | T16-189 | Capacitor, tubular; .05 mfd., 400 v. | L1 | T\$2-72 | Antonna |
| C9 | T15-256 | Capacitor, mico; 25 mmfd. | L2 | T10-445 | Coil, escillator |
| C10 | T16-150 | Capacitor, tubular; .02 mfd., 400 v. | TI | ¥10-500 | Transformer, 1st I.F. |
| C11 | T15-240 | Capacitor, ceramic; .02 mfd., 400 v. | T2 | T10-479 | Transformer, 2nd I.F. |
| C12 | T16-200 | Copasitor, tubular; .003 mfd., 600 v. | T3 | T80-295 | Transformer, Output |
| C14, C15, C16, | C17 | Parts of coramic coupling units (T17-110) | 51, A & B | T69-203 T72-89 | Switch, RADIO-PHONO Bushing, dial card |
| C18 | T14-203 | Copacitor, tubular; .1 mfd., 200 v. | | T17-110 | Caramic coupling unit (2) |
| C19 | T16-447 | Capacitor, tubular; .047 mfd., 400 v. | | T21-203 | Cover, Selenium Rectifier |
| C20 | T16-177 | Capacitor, coramic; .005 mfd. | | T23-151 | Cord, Power Line, 6 Ft. |
| C21, C22 | T16-254 | Capacitor, tubular; .001 mfd., 600 v. | | T37-163 | Insulator, Salenium Rectifier |
| R1, RS | | Resistor, 22K ohm, 12 w. | | T58-111 | Pointer |
| R2 | | Resistor, 82 ehm, 1 ₂ w., 10% | | T83-780 | Selenium rectifier (100 MA) |
| R3 | | Resister, 1 megehm, 12 w. | | T68-43 | Secket, 7 pin miniature |
| R4 | 360473UM | Resistor, 47K ehm, 12 w. | | T48-41 | Socket, Phene pick up |
| 86. 816 | \$601060M | Resistor, 220K ohm, 's w. | | T22-142 | Socket, Phone meter |
| R7, R15 | T24-224 | Resistor, 10 mogehm, 12 w. | | T70-135 | Spring, dial cord tension |
| R8, R9 | 147-224 | Resistor, verieble, dual; ON-OFF VOLUME (1 megabm) TONE (500K ehm) | | TS1-109 | String, pointer drive |

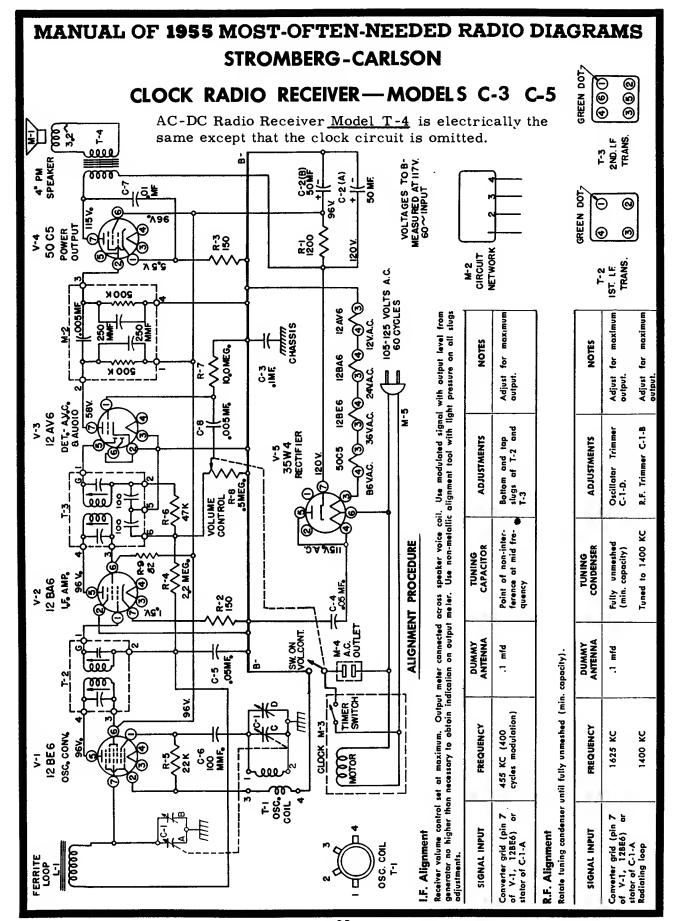
MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS SENTINEL RADIO CORPORATION MODELS 353—1U-353



When aligning the 1620 KC OSCILLATOR TRIMMER or the 1400 KC ANTENNA TRIMMER, couple test oscillator to receiver loop by: (1) make loop consisting of five to ten turns of NO. 20 to NO. 30 size wire, wound on a 2" to 3" form; (2) connect this loop across output of test oscillator; (3) place test oscillator loop near radio loop.

| 7 | | | TEST OSCII | | | |
|-------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Steps | Set receiver dial to: | Adjust test oscillator frequency to: | Use dummy antenna in series with outpnt of test oscillator consisting of: | Attach output of test oscillator to: | Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below: | |
| 1 | Any point where no interfering signal is re- ceived. | 455 K.C. | .02 MFD. condenser | High side to antenna stator plates of tuning condenser. Low side to common negative. | Adjust each of the second I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output—then adjust each of the first I.F. trimmers for maximum output. | |
| 2 | Exactly 1620 K.C. | Exactly 1620 K.C. | See paragraph above. | See paragraph above. | Adjust 1620 K.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output. | |
| 3 | Approx. 1400 K.C. | Approx. 1400 K.C. | See paragraph above. | See paragraph above. | Adjust 1400 K.C. antenna trimmer for maximum output. | |





MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Stromberg-Carlson

ACIDC Battery Operated Portable Radio Receiver-Model EP-2

VOLTAGE CHART

Voltage measurements made at 117 volt 60 cycle line using vacuum tube voltmeter. Except where otherwise noted, all voltages are positive with respect to B—.

| TUBE | FUNCTION | PIN NUMBER | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------|------------|----|----|------------|------|-----|------|
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| V-1 | IR5 Converter | 1.37 | 72 | 42 | -5.0 | 1.37 | 1 | 2.75 |
| V-2 | IU4 I.F. Amp. | 2.75 | 72 | 72 | NC | 2.75 | 1.5 | 4.3 |
| V-3 | 1U5 Det. Ist audio | 0 | 25 | 18 | —.2 | NC | 05 | 1.37 |
| V-4 | 3V5 Audio output | 4.3 | 70 | 72 | NC | 5.8 | 0 | 7.2 |

ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

I.F. Alignment

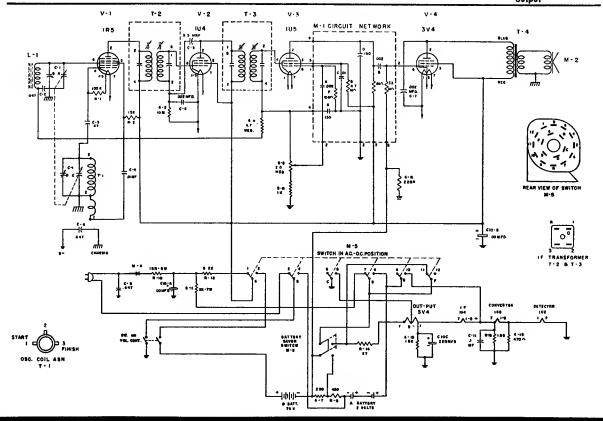
Receiver operation at 117 volt 60 cycle AC with volume control set at maximum. Output meter across speaker voice coil. Use modulated signal with output level from generator no higher than necessary to obtain indication on output meter. Return low side of signal generator to B—. Use non-metallic alignment tool with light pressure on all slug adjustments.

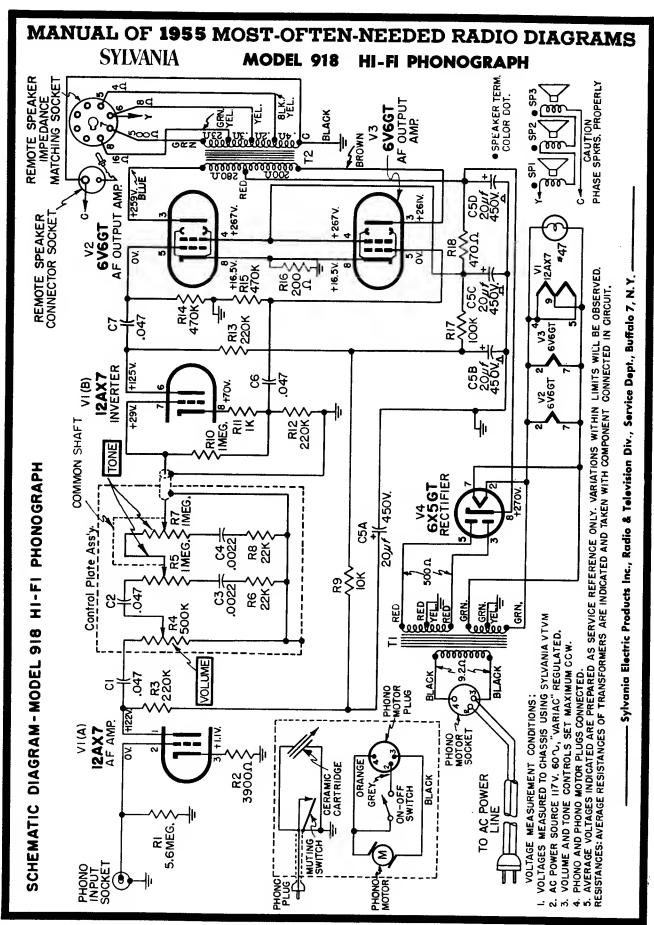
| SIGNAL INPUT | FREQUENCY | DUMMY ANTENNA | TUNING CAPACITOR | ADJUSTMENTS | NOTES |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| Converter grid (pin #6 at 1R5) or stator of C-1A | 455 KC (400 cycles modulation) | O.1 mfd | Point of non-Inter- ference at mid- frequency | Bottom and top slugs of T-3 and T-2 | Adjust for maximum output |

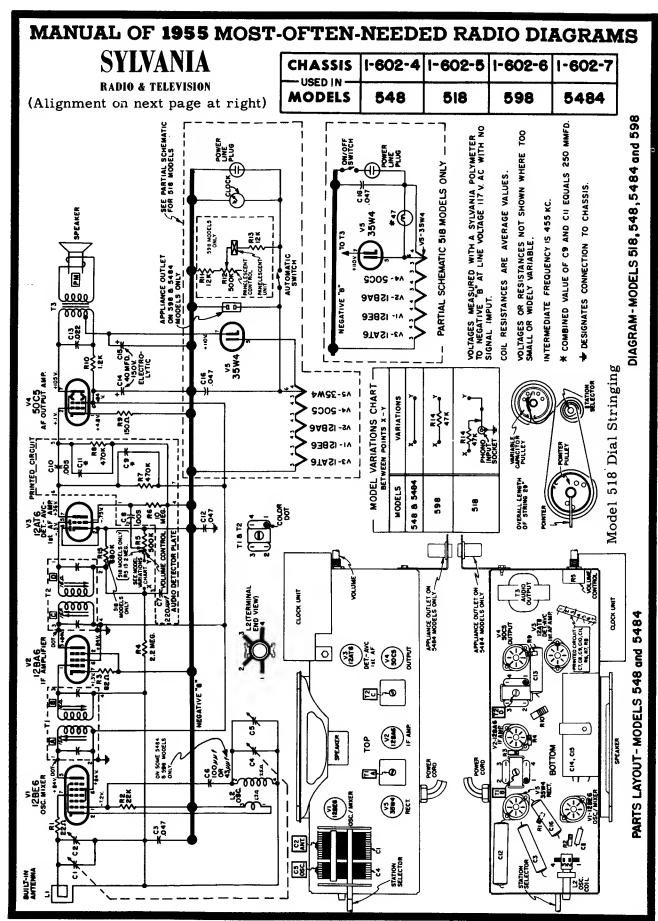
R.F. Alignment

Rotate tuning condenser until fully unmeshed (min. capacity).

| SIGNAL INPUT | FREQUENCY | DUMMY ANTENNA | TUNING CAPACITOR | ADJUSTMENTS | NOTES |
|--|-----------|------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Converter grid (pin #6 at 1R5) or stator of C-1A | 1625 KC | 0.1 mfd | Fully unmeshed (min. capacity) | Oscillator trimmer C-1D | Adjust for maximum output |
| Radiating loop | 1400 KC | | | R.F. Trimmer C-1B | Adjust for maximum |







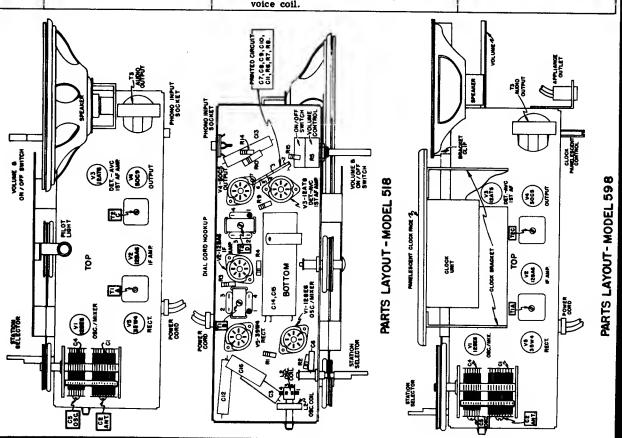
SYLVANIA Chassis 1-602-4, 1-602-5, 1-602-6, 1-602-7, used in Models 548, 518, 598, 5484 (Continued from previous page.)

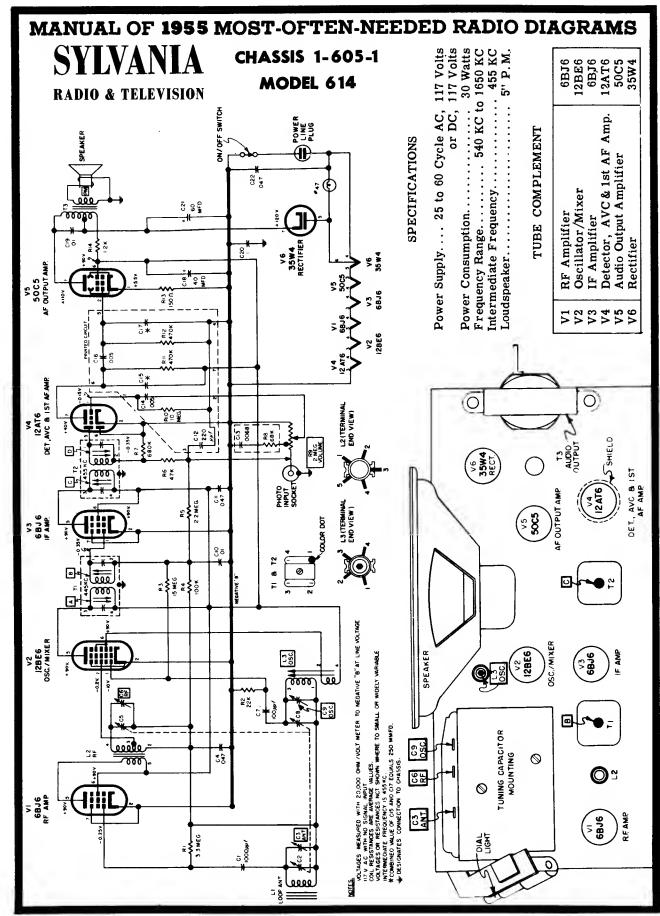
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Set generator for an RF output signal amplitude modulated (AM) with 400 cycles.

Use either an audible check or connect an AC voltmeter across speaker voice coil to indicate volume.

| STEP | ALIGNMENT SETUP NOTES | LIGNMENT SETUP NOTES TEST EQUIPMENT HOOKUP | |
|------|---|---|---|
| 1. | Set radio variable tuning cap- acitor to minimum capacity (tuning capacitor plates fully open). | SIGNAL GENERATOR-"hot" lead through .01 mfd. capacitor to pin 7 of V1, 12BE6; ground lead to negative "B" in receiver. Set generator to 455 KC. | T2-D for MAXIMUM output T2-C for MAXIMUM output T1-B for MAXIMUM output T1-A for MAXIMUM output |
| | 1 | AC VOLTMETER - across radio speaker voice coil. | Repeat for optimum per- formance. |
| 2. | Set radio variable tuning cap- acitor to minimum capacity (tuning capacitor plates fully open). | SIGNAL GENERATOR - radiate signal to receiver through a loop of several turns of wire. Set generator to 1650 KC. AC VOLTMETER - across radio speaker voice coil. | C5 trimmer for MAXIMUM output. |
| 3. | Set radio variable tuning cap- acitor so plates are meshed approximately 3/16 inch. Ad- just this setting slightly to eliminate any interfering sig- nals. | SIGNAL GENERATOR - radiate signal to re- ceiver through a loop of several turns of wire. Set generator to a frequency cor- responding to receiver tuning capacitor setting or until signal is heard through radio speaker. | C2 trimmer for MAXIMUM output. |
| | | AC VOLTMETER - across radio speaker voice coil. | |

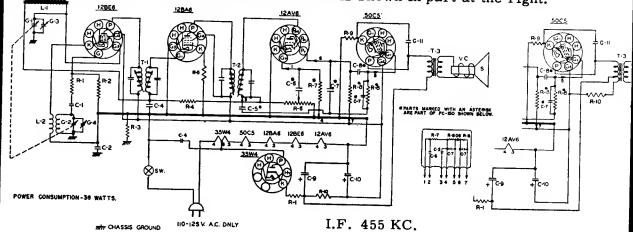




TRAVLER

Models 55-37,55-38,55-39.

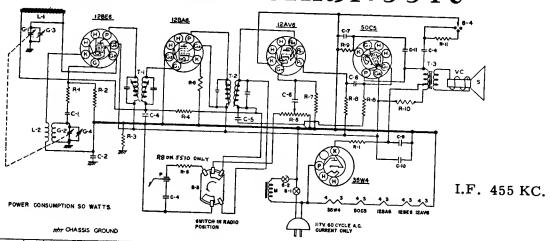
Schematic diagram below is exact for Model 55-37. Filter circuit with tapped output transformer used in Models 55-38 and 55-39 is shown in part at the right.



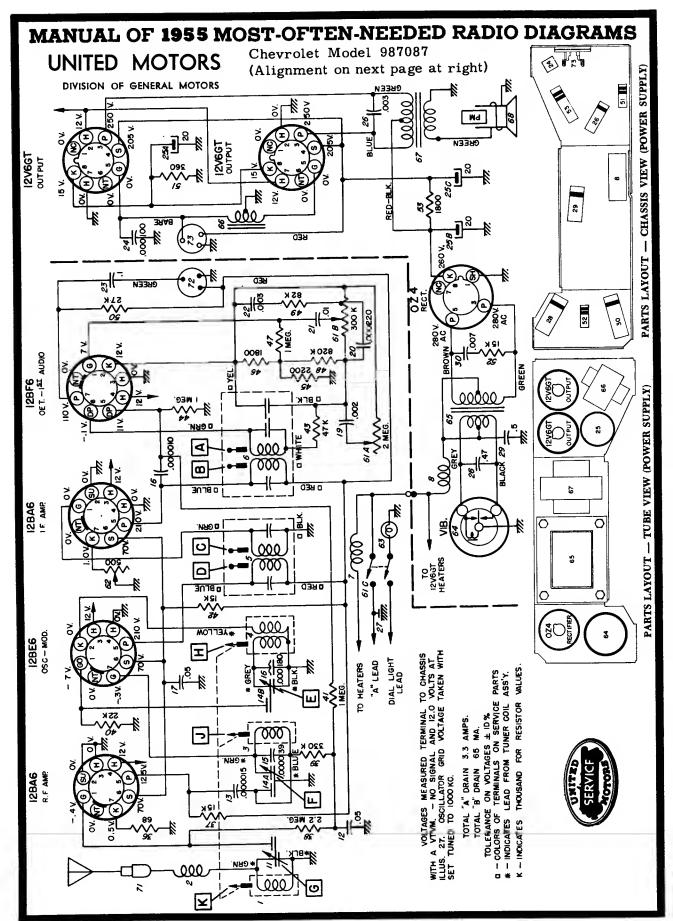
I.F. 455 KC. 110-125 V. A.C. DNLY

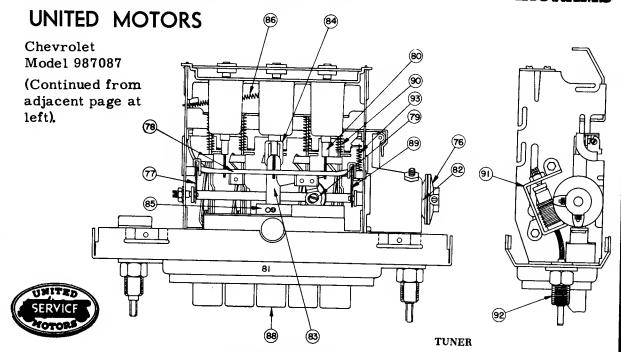
| PART NO. | L. | DESCRIPTION | PART NO. | | DESCRIPTON | PART NO | | DESCRIPTION |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| IR-17 IR-9 IR-20 IR-23 IR-97 MC-IS -[IR-114 IR-25 | R-4 R-5 R-6 R-70 R-80 R-9 | 33 ~ RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 22M ~ RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 220M ~ RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 220M ~ RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 33MEGRESTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 47 n RESISTOR 1/2 W. 10 % 1 MEC. VOLUME CONTROL 56 MEC. 220 a RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 220 a RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % 2200 a RESISTOR 1/2 W. 20 % | CC-12 PC-8 PC-8 MC-19 | C-1 C-2 C-4 C-5* C-6* C-7* C-6* C-9 | 47 MMED CERAMIC CONDENSER IMPD CONDENSER 400 V. OSMFD.CONDENSER 400 V. 220 MMED. OOMED. SO MED. SO MED. SO WED. SO WED. OOSMPD. OOSMPD | SPK-37 — LL-S8 LO-21 | \$ V.C. T-3 L-1 L-2 | APM SPEAKER VOICE COIL OUTPUT TRANSFORMER FERRAMIG ROD ANTENNA OSC. COIL |
| LI-13 -[| | INPUT IF TRANSFORMER OUTPUT IF TRANSFORMER | GC-18 —{ | G-1 G-2 | TUNING CONDENSER | | | |

Models 521R90 - 521R91 - 5510



| PART NO. | CESCRIPTION | PART NO. | | DESCRIPTON | PART NO | r—- | 1 |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|
| IR-17 IR-19 IR-23 IR-23 IR-23 IR-18 IR-11 IR-11 IR-11 IR-11 IR-11 IR-12 IR-12 IR-12 IR-15 IR-15 IR-16 IR-16 IR-17 IR-18 IR-18 IR-18 IR-18 IR-18 IR-18 IR-18 | 33 - RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 22M - RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 220M - RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 3.3MEG RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 3.3MEG RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 1 MEG VOLUME CONTROL 2.MEC. RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 470M - RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 470M - RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 1000.0 RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% 1000.0 RESISTOR 1/2W. 20% INPUT ILE TRANSFORMER OUTPUT ILE TRANSFORMER | CC-12 PC-6 PC-5 CC-5 PC-7 EC-54 EC-53— CC-6 CC-16 CC-16 | C-4 C-5 C-6 C-7 C-9 | 47 MMFD CERAMIC CONDENSER JMFD. CONDENSER 400 V. 05MFD. CONDENSER 400 V. 100 MMFD CERAMIC CONDENSER 01 MFD CONDENSER 400 V. 9 MFD. 25 W.Y. D.G. ELECTROLYTIC 90 MFD. 150 W.Y.D.G. ELECTROLYTIC 50 MFD. 005MFD. CONDENSER TUNING CONDENSER | 8PK-38[AT-14 LL-39 LO-21 | S VC T-3 L-1 L-2 S-1 S-2 P M S-3 S-4 | DESCRIPTION 4*PM SPEAKEY VOICE COIL OUTPUT TRANSFORMER FERRAMIC ROD ANTENNA OSC. COIL SWITCH ON VOLUME CONTROL SWITCH ON RECORD CHANGER PICKUP CASTRIDGE CHANGER MOTOR RADIO-PHONO SWITCH TONE CONTROL SWITCH TONE CONTROL SWITCH |



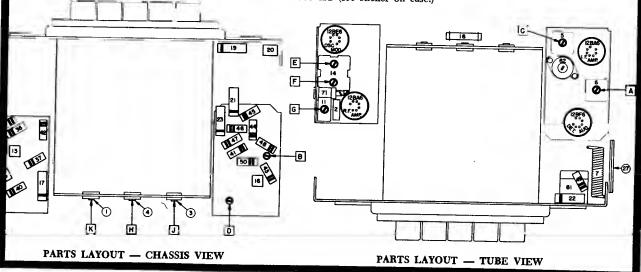


ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

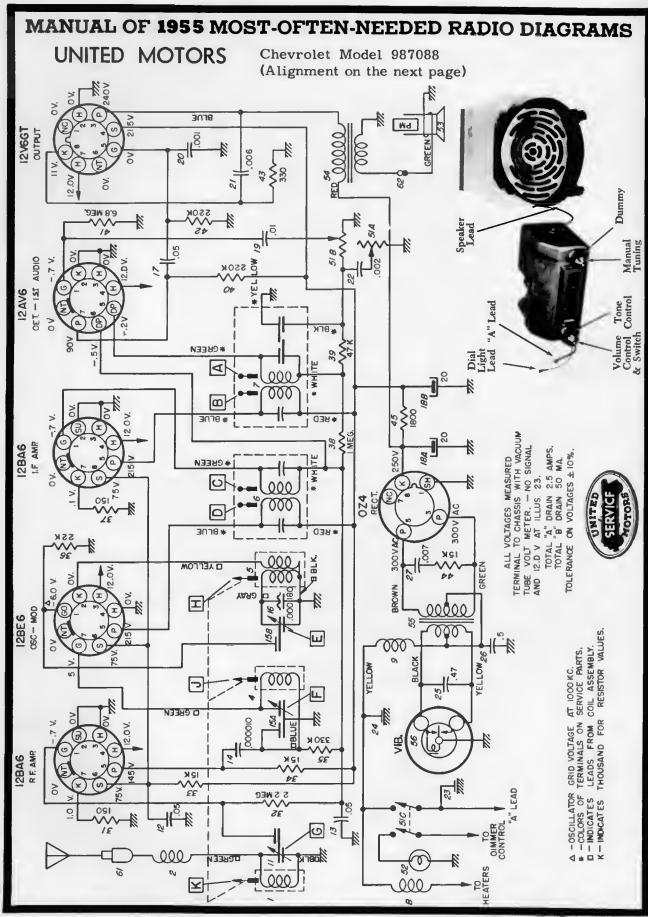
| Steps | Series Capacitor or Dummy Antenna | Connect Signal Generator to | Signal Generator Frequency | Tune Receiver to | Adjust in Sequence For Max. Output | |
|-------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | 0.1 Mfd. | 12BE6 Grid (Pin #7) | 262 KC | High Frequency Stop | A, B, C, D | |
| 2 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 1615 KC | High Frequency Stop | *E, F, G | |
| 3 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 1000 KC | Signal Generator Signal | _, г, с J, К | |
| 4 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 1615 KC | High Frequency Stop | F, G | |
| 5 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 900 KC | Signal Generator Signal | L** | |

^{*}Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 122 from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with an insulated screw driver.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)

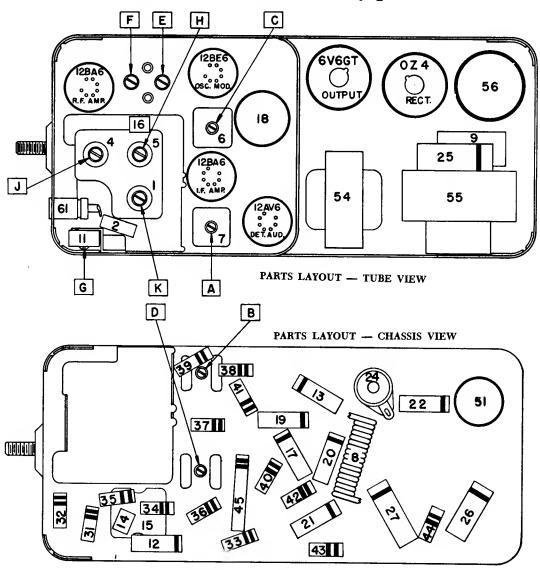


^{**}L is the pointer adjustment screw which is on the connecting link, between the pointer assembly and core guide bar (See tuner Dwg.). It should be adjusted so that when looking directly at the dial the pointer is on the 900 KC mark. This setting is to give the correct relationship between the pointer and the dial when the radio is installed in a car.



UNITED MOTORS

Chevrolet Model 987088 (Continued from page at left)



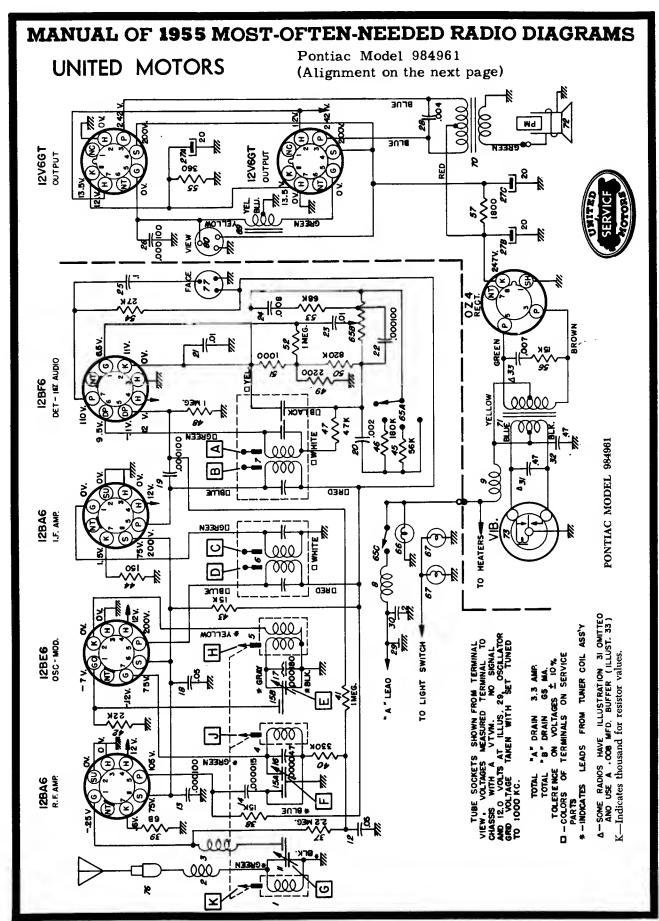
ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

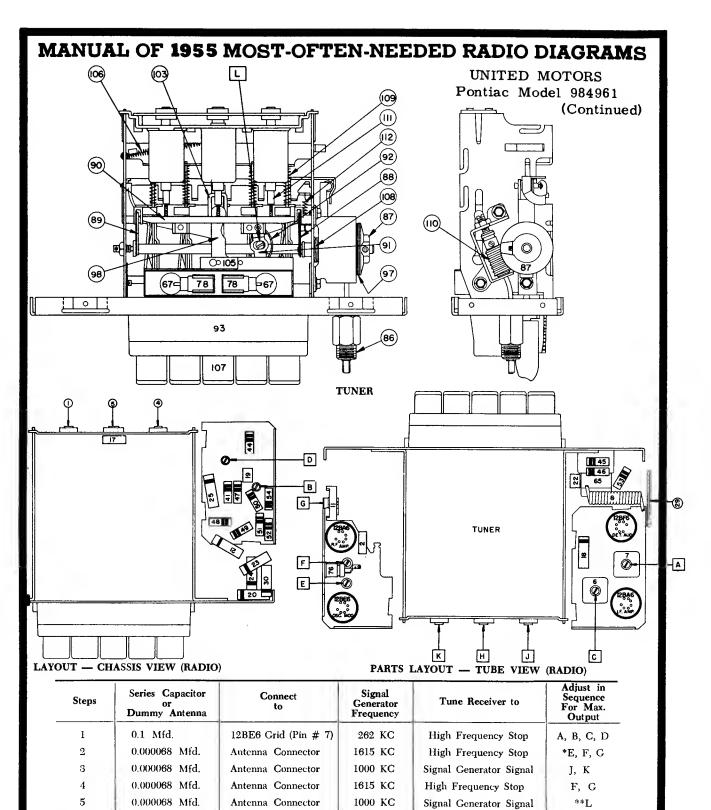
| Steps | Series Capacitor Connect or Signal Generato Dummy Antenna to | | Signal Generator Frequency | Tune Receiver to | Adjust in Sequence For Max. Output | |
|-------|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 1 | 0.1 Mfd. | 12BE6 Grid (Pin #7) | 262 KC | High Frequency Stop | A, B, C, D | |
| 2 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 1615 KC | High Frequency Stop | *E, F, G | |
| 3 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 1000 KC | Signal Generator Signal | J, K | |
| 4 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 1615 KC | High Frequency Stop | F, G | |
| 5 | 0.000082 Mfd. | Antenna Connector | 900 KC | Signal Generator Signal | ** | |

^{*}Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 13½" from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with an insulated screw driver.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)

^{**}Tune in 900 KC signal and adjust pointer on the dial cord so that the pointer is on the 900 KC mark of the dial. This setting is to give the correct relationship between the pointer and dial when the radio is installed in a car.

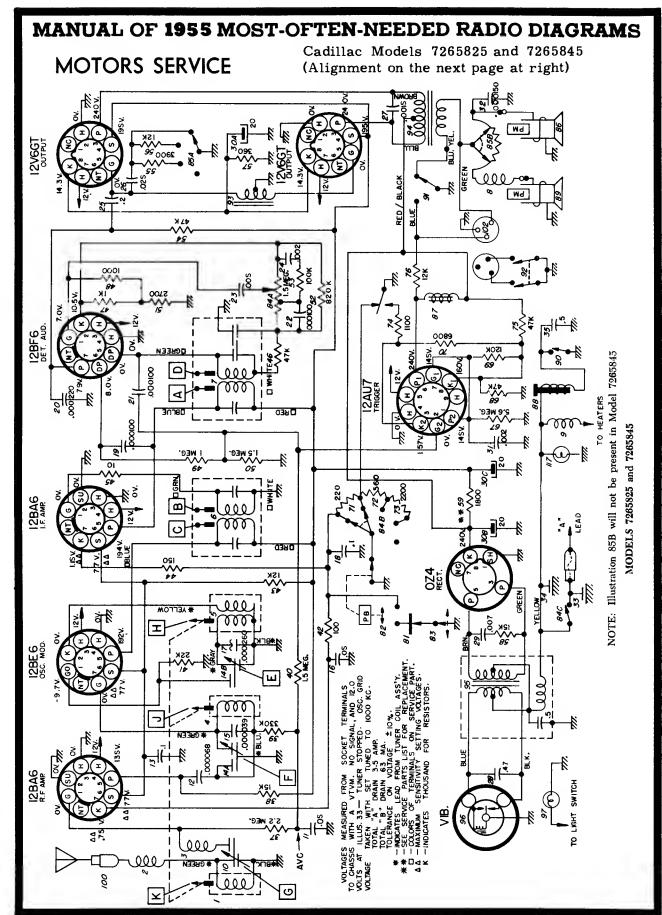




^{*}Before making this adjustment check the mechanical setting of the oscillator core "H." The slotted end of core should be 133" from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) If adjustment is necessary, first dissolve the glyptal seal on the studs. Core adjustment should be made with an insulated screwdriver and core studs should be re-sealed in place with glyptal or household cement after alignment.

^{**&}quot;L" is the pointer adjustment screw which is on the pointer connecting link (see tuner drawing) and should be adjusted so the pointer reads 1000 KC. (Dot between 9 and 11.)

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC. (See sticker on case.)



UNITED MOTORS

Cadillac Models 7265825 and 7265845 (Continued from adjacent page at left).

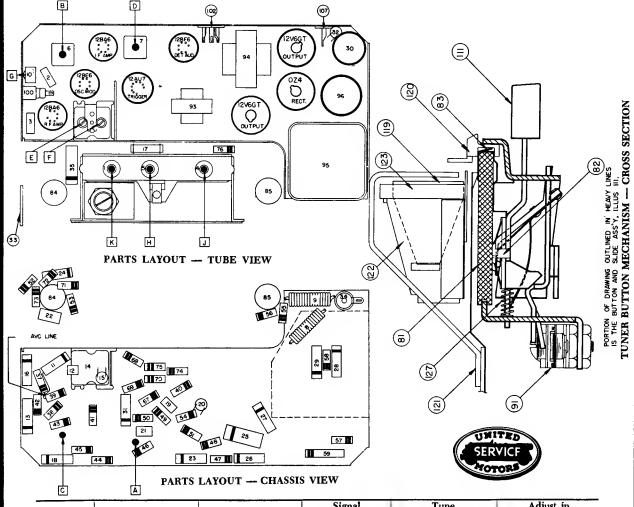
DIVISION OF GENERAL MOTORS

SIGNAL SEEKING TUNER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE:

Output Meter ConnectionVTVM From AVC Line To Chassis (see parts layout)

Generator Return Receiver Chassis
Dummy Antenna In Series With Generator
Volume Control Maximum Volume

Volume Control Maximum Volume
Sensitivity Control Maximum Sensitivity



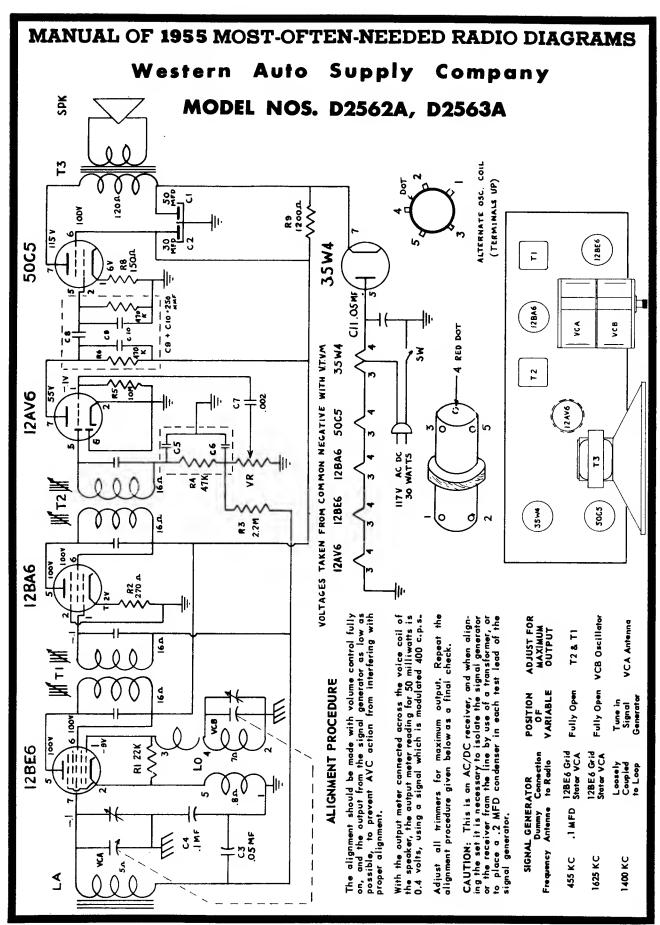
| Step | Dummy Antenna | Connect To | Signal Generator Frequency | Tune Receiver To | Adjust in Sequence for Output Indicated |
|------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 1 | 0.1 mfd | 12BE6 Grid (Pin 7) | 262 KC | *High Frequency Stop | A, B, C (Max.) |
| 2 | 0.1 mfd | 12BE6 Grid (Pin 7) | 262 KC | High Frequency Stop | D (Min.) |
| 3 | 0.000068 mfd | Antenna Connector | 1615 KC | High Frequency Stop | **E, F, G (Max.) |
| 4 | 0.000068 mfd | Antenna Connector | 600 KC | Signal Gen. Signal | J, K (Max.) |
| 5 | 0.000068 mfd | Antenna Connector | 1615 KC | Signal Gen. Signal | F, G (Max.) |
| 6 | 0.000068 mfd | Antenna Connector | 1000 KC | Signal Gen. Signal | ***L |

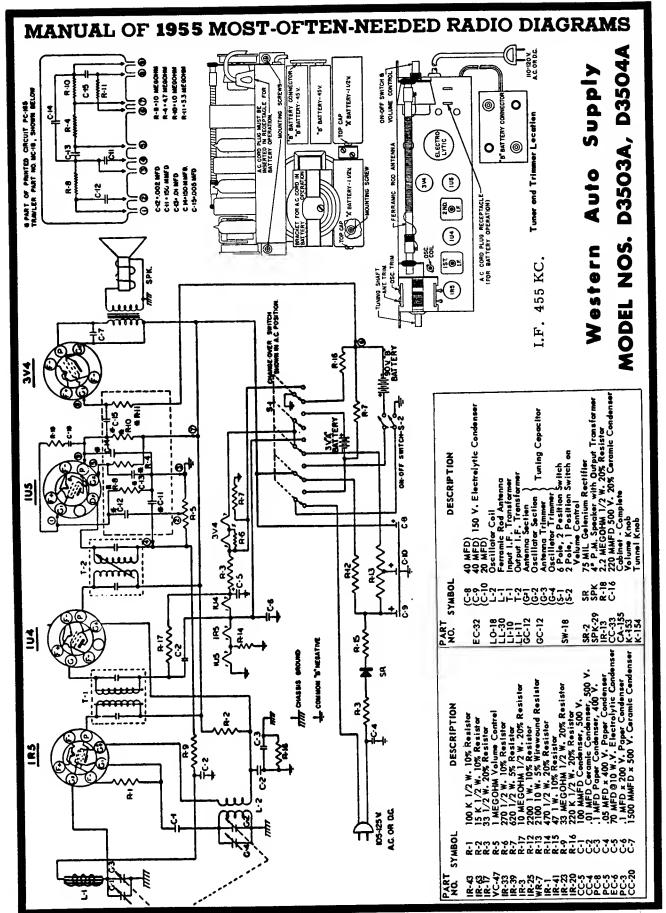
^{*}To tune to high frequency, put a 0.070" feeler gauge (or bare # 13 wire) in slot against the high frequency stop. Depress station selector bar and allow the planetary arm to run against the feeler gauge. Turn the radio off and then on,

With the radio installed and the antenna plugged in, adjust antenna trimmer "G" (See sticker on case) for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC.

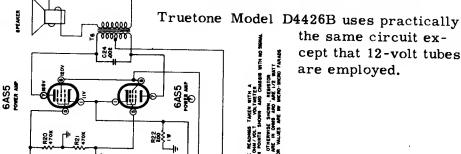
^{**}Before making this adjustment, check the setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 132 from the mounting end of the coil form. This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form. The core adjustment is made from the mounting end of the coil form with an insulated screw-driver. (It will be necessary to steady the core guide bar by applying a downward pressure at the antenna core end of the bar while making these adjustments.) If this adjustment is necessary, first dissolve the glyptal seal on the core stud and be sure to re-scal after making the adjustment.

^{****&}quot;L" is the pointer adjustment screw on the end of the core guide bar—adjust so pointer reads 1000 KC.





MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED Western Auto Supply Company MODEL NO. D4425B



8 × 8

40000

72

28

85

6C4

9089

6BE6

68D6

CONVERTE

ΩS

generator to 1400 KC and tune in the receiver for maximum reading on output meter. Keep signal generator level low. Set the signal the receiver

'n

Adjust antenna and R.F. trimmers C3 for maximum reading. જં

 \Im

factory, therefore core adjustments are not necessary. The entire tuning assembly is a complete unit. The tuner cores are adjusted and sealed at the I not be available as the entire assembly should be replaced as a unit, if replacement is necessary. Individual Disconnect the hot signal generator lead and .10 mfd. capacitor and reconnect to the antenna

IF ALIGNAENT

- ta Pin 7 of the Apply a 400 cycle, 30% generator at about 150 mi-Cannect the hot lead of the signal 10 mfd, capacitor modulated carrier of 455 KC through a . I converter cravalts. <u>.</u>
- the top and bottom cares of the first and secand IF transformers (T4 and T5) for maximum out-put, as indicated on the output meter. Keep Set the valume control at maximum and adjust signal generatar level તં

RF ALIGNMENT

- to t Set the signal generator to 1620KC and tuning cantral fully counter-clockwise. <u>.</u>:
 - ė Adjust oscillatar trimmer C8 for maximum flection. તં ကံ
- Turn volume contral counter-clockwise ta reduce noise indicated on output meter to a level of ack through a 50 mmf capacitor. approximately 50 milliwatts. 4

250 A

8

E82

6X4 RECTIFIER

85 11—41

T44 PLOT LIGHT

28

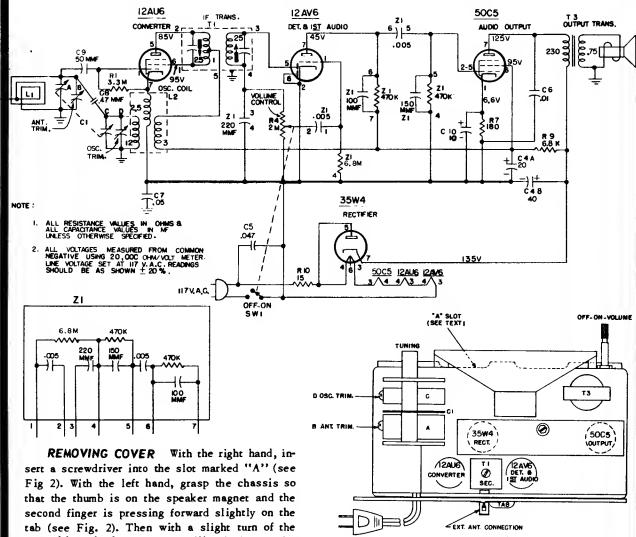
2000 7

28. 28. 28.

Westinghouse

CHASSIS V-2184-4

MODELS H-447T4, H-448T4 AND H-449T4



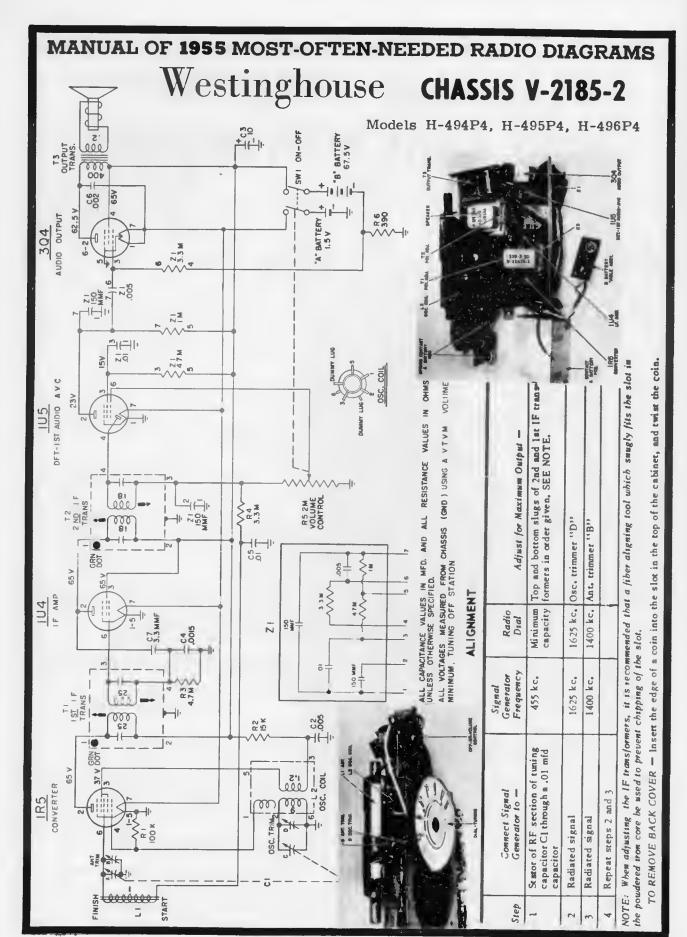
screwdriver the bottom cover will unlock from the chassis. **ALIGNMENT**

FIG 2 Chassis Layout

While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action.

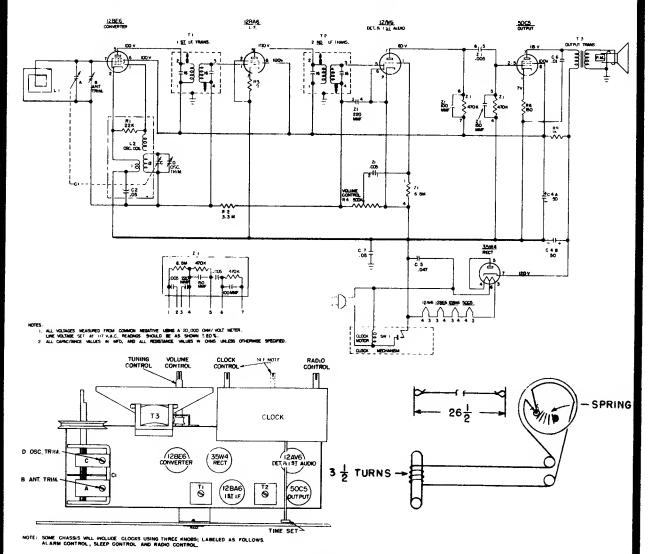
| Step | Connect Signal Generator to – | Signal Generator Frequency | Radio Dial | Adjust for Maximum Output – | | |
|------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Stator of ant. tuning capacitor (A) through a 200 mmf capacitor | 455 kc. | Minimum capacity | Bottom and top slugs of T1 * | | |
| 2 | Same as step 1 | 1625 kc. | Minimum capacity | Oscillator trimmer (D) | | |
| 3 | Radiated signal | 1400 kc. | 1400 kc. | Antenna trimmer (B) | | |

the is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly fits the slot in the powdered iron core be used to prevent chipping of the slot.



Westinghouse CHASSIS V-2189-4

Models H-443T5, H-444T5, -A, H-445T5, -A, H-446T5, -A



ALIGNMENT

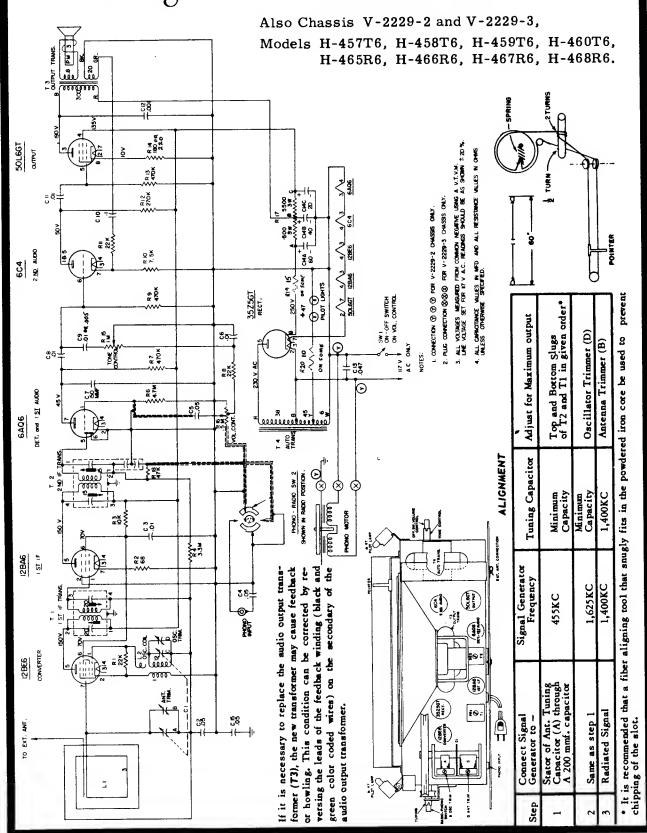
It is recommended that the chassis be isolated from the power line by means of an isolation transformer.

While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action.

| Step | Connect Signal Generator to | Signal Generator Frequency | Radio Dial | Adjust for Maximum Output — |
|------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1. | Stator of ant. tuning capacitor (A) through a 200 mmf capacitor | 455 kc. | Minimum capacity | Top and bottom slugs of T2 and T1 in order given * |
| 2. | Same as step 1 | 1625 kc. | Minimum capacity | Oscillator trimmer (D) |
| 3. | Radisted signal | 1400 kc. | 1400 kc. | Antenna trimmer (B) |

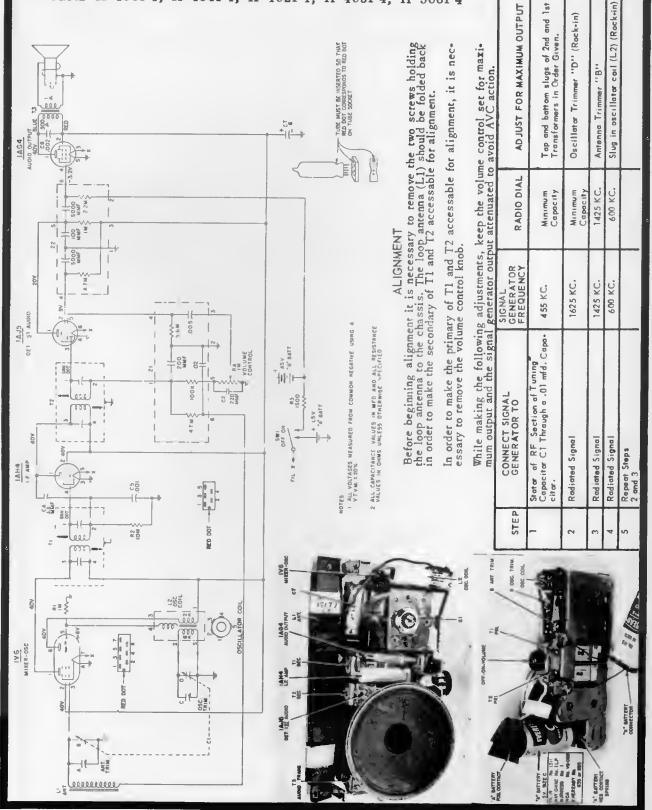
^{*} It is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly fits the slot in the powered iron core be used to prevent chipping of the slot.

MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Westinghouse CHASSIS ASSEMBLY V-2229-1



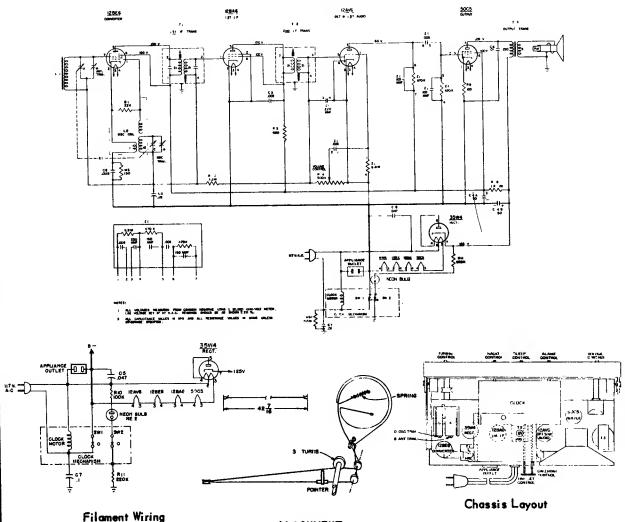
Westinghouse CHASSIS ASSEMBLY V-2234-1

Models H-490P4, H-491P4, H-492P4, H-493P4, H-508P4



Westinghouse

Chassis V-2236-2, Models H-486T5, H-487T5, H-488T5, and H-489T5. Chassis V-2236-1, Models H-475T5, H-476T5, H-477T5, and H-478T5 are practically identical electrically to Chassis V-2236-2.

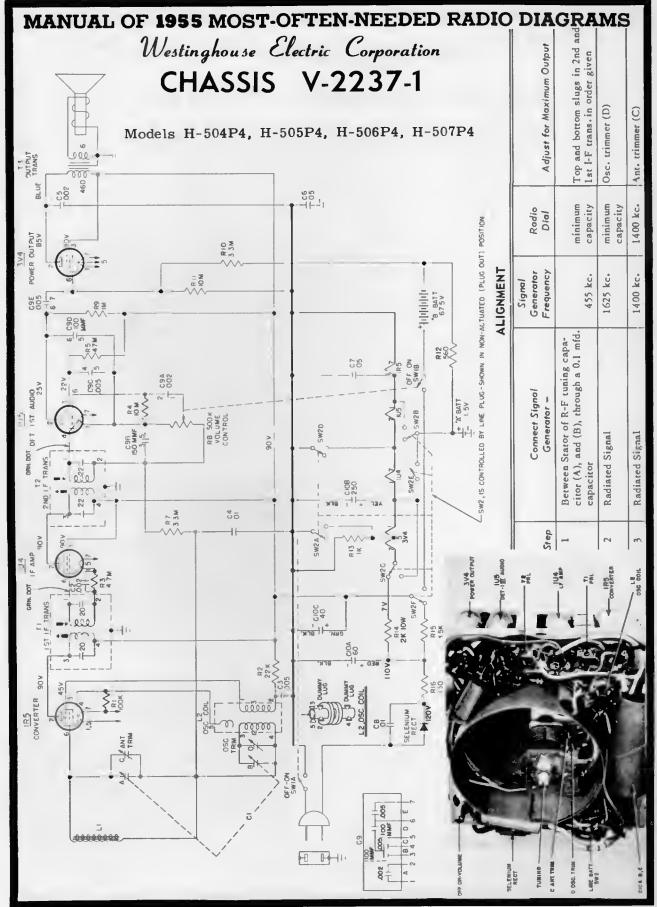


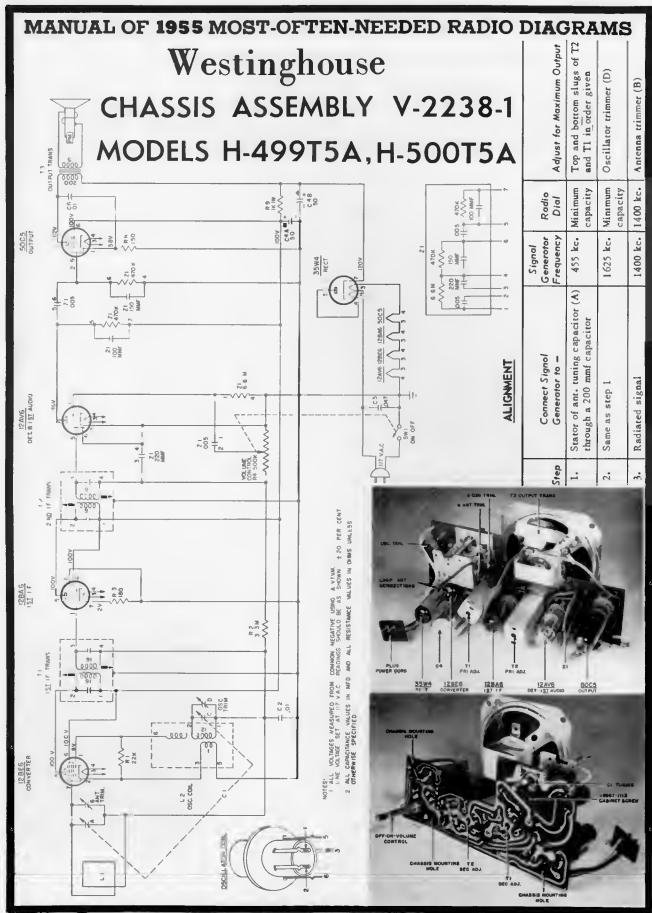
ALIGNMENT It is recommended that the chassis be isolated from the power line by means of an isolation transformer.

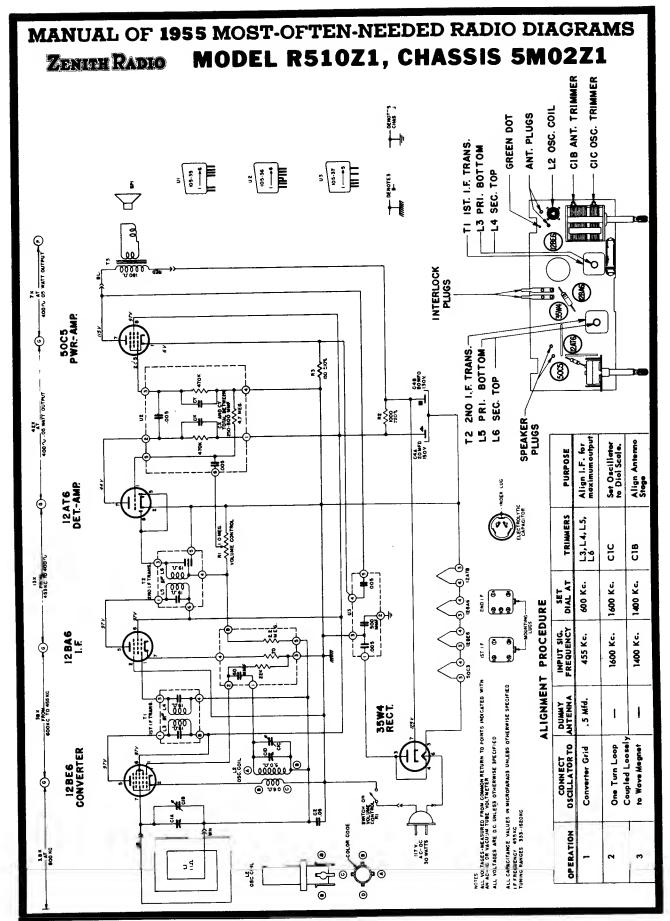
While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action.

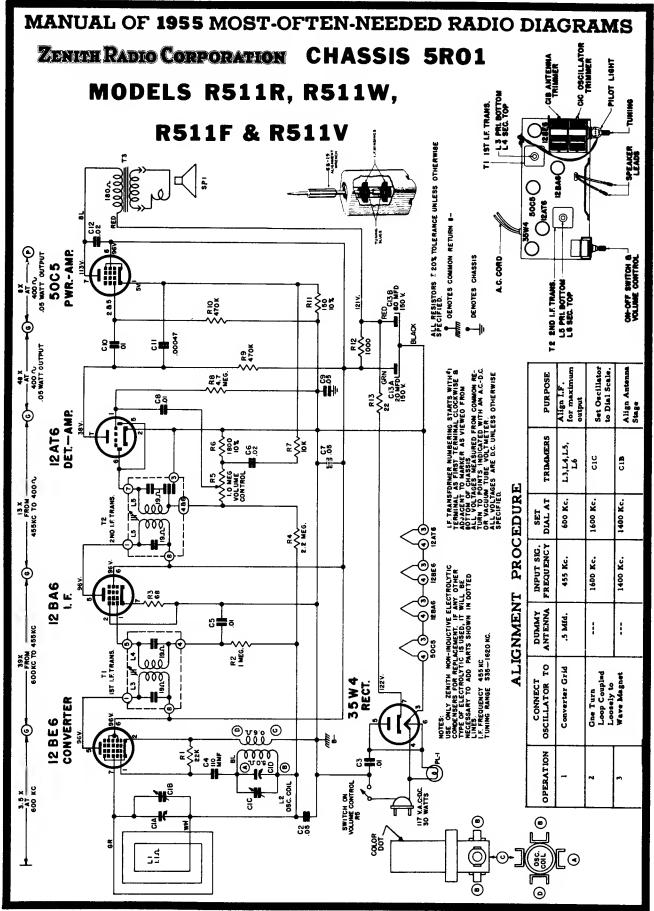
| Step | Connect Signal Generator to - | Signal Generator Prequency | Tuning Capacitor | Adjust for Maximum Output |
|------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | Stator of ant, tuning capacitor (A) through a 200 mmf capacitor | 455 kc. | Minimum capacity | Bottom and top slugs of T2 and T1 in order given* |
| 2 | Same as step 1 | 1625 kc. | Minimum capacity | Oscillator trimmer (D) |
| 3 | Radiated signal | 1400 kc. | 1400 kc. | Antenna trimmer (B) |

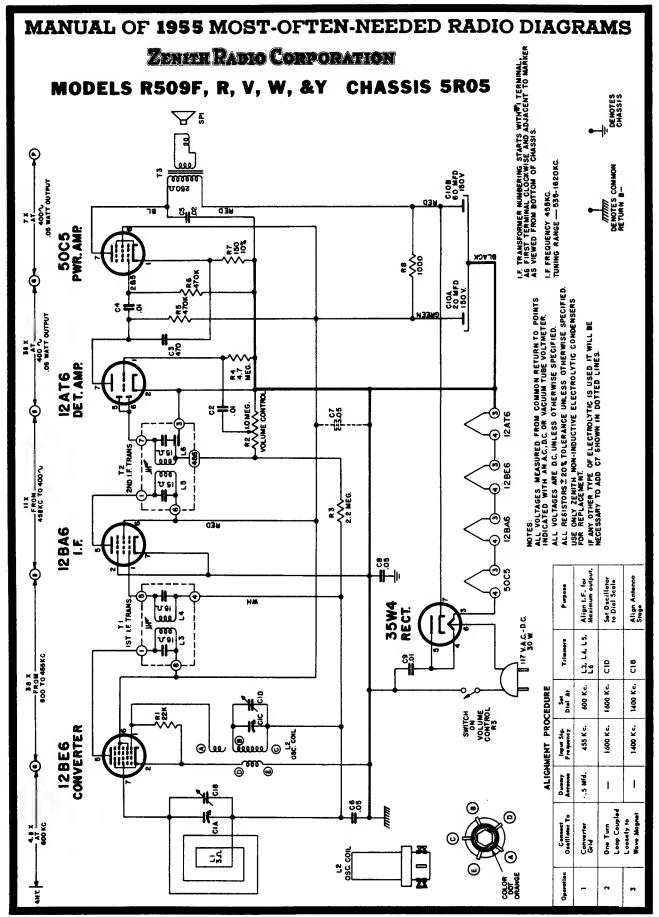
^{*}It is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly fits the slot in the powdered iron core be used to prevent chipping of the slot.



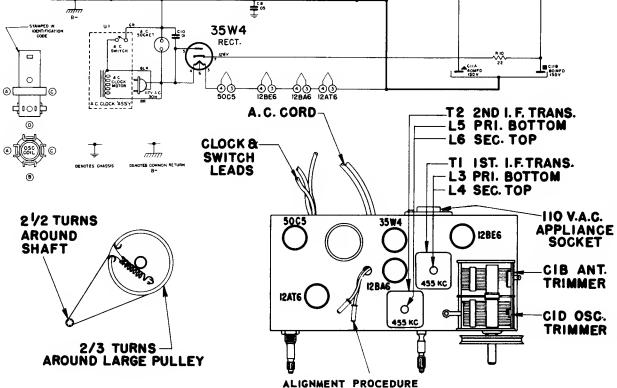




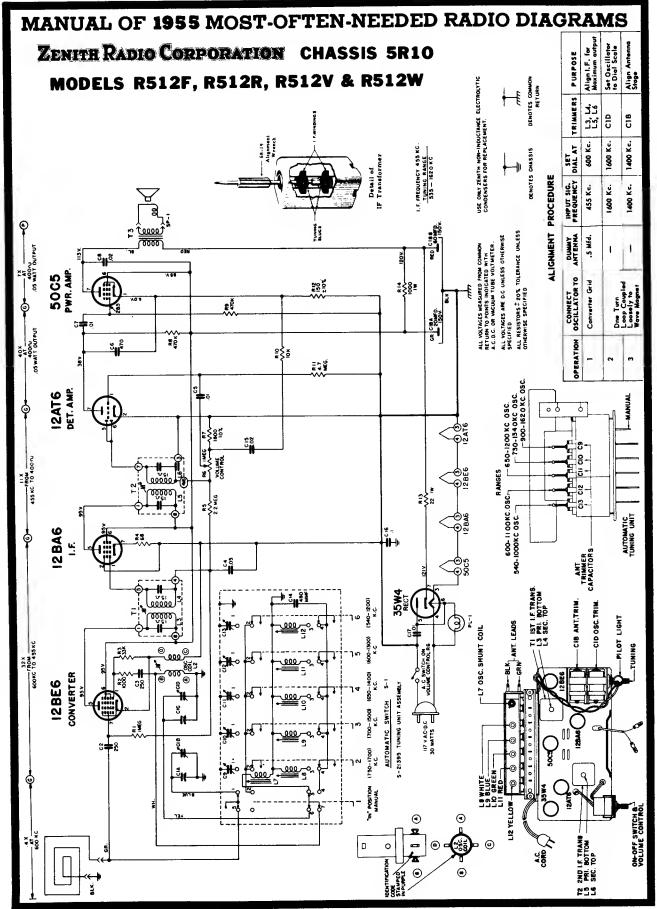


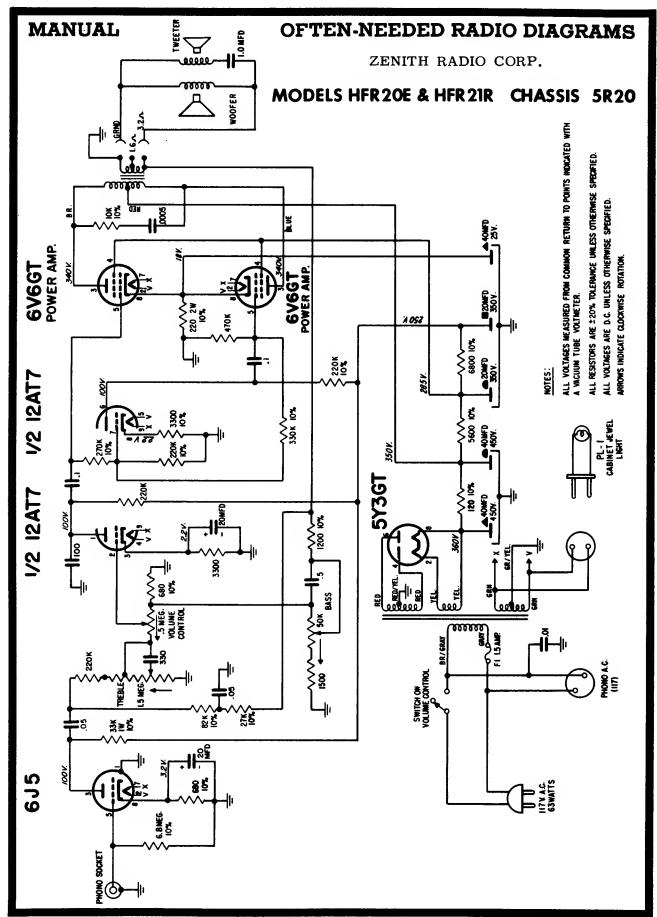


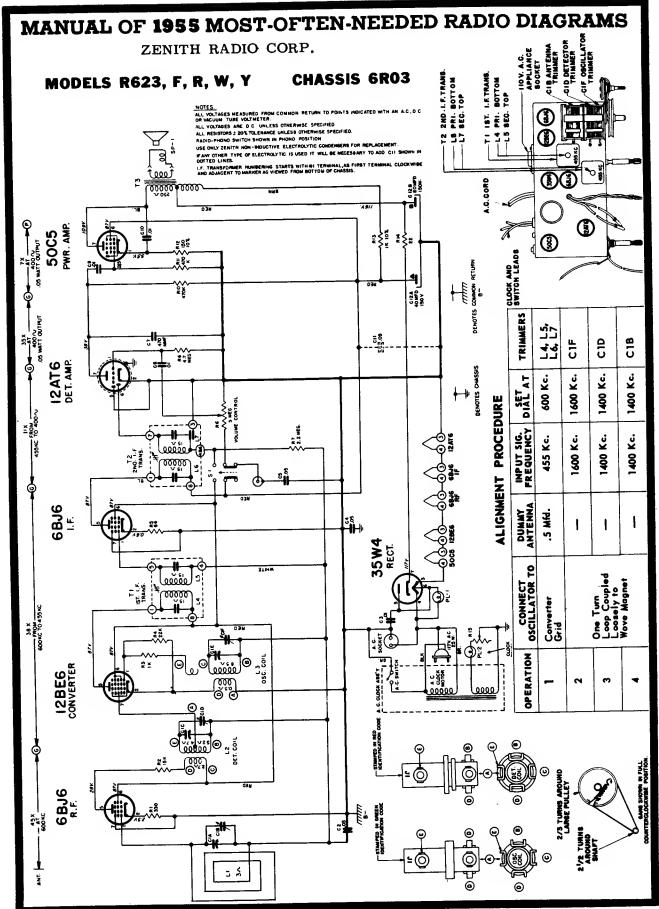
MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS ZENITH RADIO Chassis 5R07, Models R519R, W, and T522F, G, R, V, W. Chassis 5R03, Models R521F, G, R, W, Y, are electrically similar to 5R07, but have clock panel dimmer controls. 38 X FROM 600 KG TO 455 KG 455KC 70 400 N 12BE6 12BA6 **12AT6** 50C5 CONVERTER DET. AMP. PWR.AMP. OSC COIL E 65 ~~~ 35W4 RECT. 40MF0 41017 T2 2ND I.F. TRANS. L5 PRI. BOTTOM A.C. CORD L6 SEC. TOP CLOCK & SWITCH

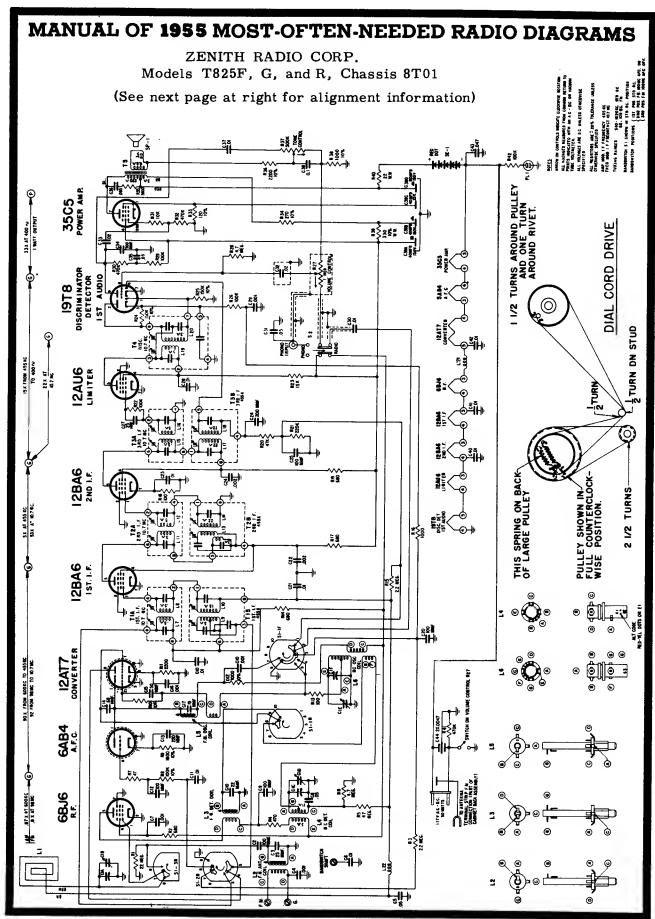


| OPERATION | CONNECT OSCILLATOR TO | DUMMY ANTENNA | INPUT SIG. FREQUENCY | SET DIAL AT | TRIMMERS | PURPOSE |
|-----------|---|------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Converter Grid | .5 Mfd. | 455 Kc. | 600 Kc. | L3, 4, 5, | For I.F. Alignment |
| 2 | One Turn Loop Coupled Loosely to Wove Magnet | - | 1600 Kc. | 1600 Kc. | CID | Set Oscillator to Dial Scale |
| 3 | | _ | 1400 Kc. | 1400 Kc. | С1В | Align Antenna Stage |









ZENITH RADIO Models T825F, G, and R, Chassis 8T01,

The signal generator output should be kept just high enough to get an indication on the meter.

- (a) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter Lug 7 on discriminator transformer to chassis (half discriminator load).
- (b) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter Lug 5 on discriminator transformer to chassis (full discriminator load).
- (c) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter from Limiter Grid to Chassis.

Alignment Information (Continued)

